The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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FRIEND OF JEWS DIES

Baron de Hirsch, Multi-Millionaire, Expires.

LED POOR FROM MISERY.

Is Mourned by His People the World Over.

GAVE MILLIONS TO CHARITY.

Winnings on Race Courses Devoted to Hospitals.

LIFE EFFORT TO FREE HIS RACE.

[SPECIAL CABLE BY JULIAN RALPH.]

London, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by the New York Journal.]—Maurice Baron de Hirsch, universally known as the "Millionaire Moses," died of apoplexy in Austria today.

He was 63 years of age, having been born in Munich in 1833, the inheritor of a fortune. He went to Brussels while yet a boy, and in his early manhood began to display a marvelous shrewdness. Everything he touched he turned to gold. His first grand chance came after the failure of Dumonceau, the Belgian banker. Hirsch bought up the bank, with all its depreciated assets, including a Turkish railway, and at once became one of the first financiers of Europe.

Baron Hirsch.

His wealth, which is estimated at more than 250,000,000 francs [$50,000,000], came to him mostly from Oriental railways. At first from the line from Constantinople to Adrianople and the branch to Dedagatch and afterward from the extension toward Bulgaria.

Cool judgment, mastery in details, and a strict attention to economy were the ruling traits of Baron de Hirsch from the outset of his career.

He married a wealthy Miss Bischoffsheim, the daughter of a Belgian merchant Senator, who brought a great fortune with her. She presented Hirsch with two children—a daughter, who died very young of consumption, and Lucieu, in whom Hirsch centered most of his hope and pride.

Lucien developed extraordinary talents. He showed great interest in science and art and also in the fate of his co-religionists.

His Fortune $250,000,000.

Baron Maurice began to put by money for his son. From the moment of his birth he paid over to the boy's account a great part of his profits in speculations and industrial undertakings, and when the young Baron died in 1888, at the age of 20, he had in his father's books a fortune exceeding $20,000,000.

This sum the bereaved Baron resolved to devote to charities in the name of his dead son. On the advice of prominent Jews of all countries the amount was ultimately divided into four portions. Five million dollars being given to the Jews of Hungary, Russia, Galicia, and Roumania, the countries in which the "chosen people" are most backward.

It was thought that by educating the Jews to be artists, agriculturists, and so on, the social status could be raised and prejudice against them combated.

In Hungary and Galicia the experiment proved a success, but in the other countries it proved impracticable. Yet so faithfully did Hirsch consider himself a mere executor of his son's supposed will that the accruing interest of the unemployed capital is regularly distributed for charitable purposes by committees, which to this day receive in Vienna and at Buda Pesth 1,000 florins monthly, at Cracow 5,000 florins, at Lemberg 7,000, and so on.

Are Used for Charity.

These sums are devoted to the relief of the needy, but principally to start industrious Jews in business, or to prevent ruin, if undeservedly brought about. This charity has been carried on simultaneously with the distribution of large sums in cases of sudden distaster. For instance, 40,000 florins were contributed by it for distribution in Tokay. The schools of Hungary and Galicia were established, and negotiations were made with Russia and Roumania, where similar foundations were in progress, when the cruel Russian decrees for the expulsion of Jews, and the heartless manner in which it was carried out, so impressed Baron de Hirsch that he conceived the plan of expatriating the victims.

From that time it was no longer a question of Lucieu's original 50,000,000. The whole fortune of the banker was devoted to a colossal plan.

The Baron made the deliverance from serfdom the object of his life, and though mistakes were made in the outset of his scheme it promised success.

The Russian Government in 1892 agreed to the scheme of emigration of the Jews to the Argentine and Canada and other countries, the Baron guaranteeing to expend $10,000,000 on the work. The colonies established in the Argentine were recently reported to be in a flourishing condition.

Enormous Sums for Poor.

Baron de Hirsch spent in charity more than the income of some of the smaller countries of Europe.

In 1891 alone he gave away $15,000,000. He gave the London hospitals all the profits he had made on the turf. He was ardently devoted to sport, and at one time kept up a large racing stud in England. The best horse he owned was La Fleche, by St. Simon, out of Quiver, which he bought at Hampton Court at her Majesty's yearling sale of 1892. La Fleche won the One Thousand Guineas, the Oaks, and the St. Leger, and finished second to Sir Hugo in the Derby. It also won the Ascot gold cup of 1894.

Baron de Hirsch had several horses training this season, but none of any great promise. His winnings on the turf in 1892 were princely. In 1893 he won $210,000, out of which the London hospitals received $75,000.

Gambled Because Lucien Did.

Baron de Hirsch went into the racing because Lucieu had done so.

Besides La Fleche, for which he paid $30,-

(Continued on second page.)

MAYOR PROVES PURGING OF PAY-ROLLS.

Shows an Expert Report from the Public Works Department Exhibiting a Saving of $675,379.

Both as regards stuffed pay-rolls and an economical administration of municipal affairs generally, Mayor Swift says he will show he has kept every pledge made by him to the public. One of his promises was he would purge the pay-rolls. This he is ready, with facts and figures, to prove has been done.

A statement prepared by Alexander Harper, expert accountant, and L. E. Gosselin, chief bookkeeper in the Department of Public Works, was submitted to his Honor yesterday, and it shows that during the first year of his term there was a decrease in the amount paid out in salaries over the year previous of $678,379 in that department alone. Similar reports for other branches of the government are in course of preparation and Chief of Police Badenoch said last evening their had been a saving of nearly $300,000 in his department.

Mr. Gosselin, as a Democrat, held the position he now fills under the previous administration and Mr. Harper is also a holdover; therefore they are well acquainted with the lavish manner in which money was expended formerly.

With reference to the publishing of the pay-rolls Mayor Swift had this to say:

"We printed them twice last summer as a supplement to the Council proceedings. Aside from the sixty-eight Aldermen and a few persons to whom copies were sent nobody ever saw them. I thought this a wicked waste of the people's money, therefore stopped it. Furthermore the Council made no appropriation for that purpose and we had no funds to continue printing the rolls. If the Council will make an appropriation to pay for publishing the lists in some reputable newspaper, I will have the rolls published.

"I want to say also that out of more than 6,000 employés, the Civic Federation found only eight men against whom charges are brought that they draw pay from the city for loafing. It would be something remarkable if among so many employés there were not more than eight trying to shirk their work."

The statement from the Public Works Department follows:

"W. D. Kent, Commissioner of Public Works: The following is a comparative statement by months of the pay-rolls of the Department of Public Works from April 1, 1895, to April 1, 1896, with the previous year, April 1, 1894, to April 1, 1895:

	1894.	1895.
April	$ 204,415	$ 189,381
Investigated		43,454
May	224,227	158,221
June	251,692	189,153
July	215,679	249,340
August	222,750	223,605
September	248,214	205,483
October	356,660	271,756
November	240,146	204,005
December	252,013	193,074
	1895.	1896.
January	237,707	183,503
February	205,446	188,182
March	174,450	153,057
Total for 12 months	$3,178,436	$2,500,057
Decrease		$ 678,379

"Of this amount $18,486 is under investigation. Of the above pay-rolls for 1894 $51,000 is for contract work. The same work in 1895 was done by the Department of Public Works and carried on the pay-rolls. Respectfully,

"L. E. GOSSELIN, Bkpr. D. P. Wks.
"ALEX. HARPER, Expert Acct."

"It is the Council's business, of course," said W. T. Baker, President of the Civic Federation, "whether it investigates the charges of frauds in the pay-rolls or not. It seems to me, though, now that the matter has been made public, that is the proper course to pursue. There is certainly no foundation for Mayor Swift's idea that the Civic Federation is trying to run the city. We have simply pointed out abuses."

"Will the Civic Federation offer any assistance to the Council Committee of Police in the investigation of gambling?"

"That is likely to be a vigorous investigation," said Mr. Baker, with a smile. "We will wait and see whether the committee wants any information before volunteering any."

Sidney C. Eastman said of the action of the Council and the speech of the Mayor: "That was an unfortunate speech, it seems to me. The Civic Federation has never tried to run the city, but has done a great deal of good work in pointing out to those intrusted with the running of the city mistakes and abuses which ought to be corrected."

"I should be glad to believe with Mayor Swift that the charges of pay-roll stuffing referred to him by the federation were not true," said M. J. Carroll, "but I am of the opinion that there is a good deal of truth in them."

Commissioner Kent had this to say regarding the investigation he is making:

"I am still calling men in who are expected to know something of the charges if they are true. I had a number of men in yesterday, and do not find that the charges made will hold."

CHAOS REIGNS IN BANKRUPT BELGRADE

Cabinet Awaits Opportune Moment for Resigning—Alexander's Honeymoon to Be During His Exile.

[SPECIAL CABLE BY HENRY W. FISCHER.]

Berlin, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by the New York Journal.]—Dispatches from Belgrade pronounce the situation there chaotic.

The Cabinet is on the point of resigning.

Nobody has a cent.

The Radical papers suggest that King Alexander may be forced to spend the honeymoon with his American bride in exile.

Advices from Vienna indicate that the renewal of amicable intercourse with Belgrade is imminent, King Alexander having recalled his promise to attend the millennium exhibition and forbidden his Ministers to visit the Budapest festivities.

The reason he has given is the Empress Elizabeth's refusal to receive him at Corfu.

The trouble between the Berlin piano manufacturers and their workmen has reached an acute stage.

The main demand of the men, who have hitherto had to work eleven hours a day, was for an eight-hour day.

The manufacturers, determined not to yield, have locked out their men until they agree to cease the eight-hour agitation.

Count Schoenborn, Chancellor von Hohenlohe's Adjutant, received me tonight and said the Chancellor is much better. The distinguished invalid is said to be no longer in danger.

Prof. Fankel, the celebrated laryngologist who has been attending the Princess, arrived today.

POLICE ARREST FIVE "SCORCHERS."

Crusade Against Fast Bicycle Riding on the South Side.

South Park policemen began a crusade yesterday against fast bicycle riding on the boulevards. Five "scorchers" were arrested at evening and locked up at the Stanton Avenue Police Station in default of bail. They were Hugh W. Buckett, No. 3553 Indiana avenue; B. A. Stoffer, No. 3520 Rhodes avenue; T. F. Elliott, No. 3767 Ellis avenue; George Recker, No. 5127 Halsted street; and George A. Quick, Twenty-fourth street and Michigan avenue.

CANADIAN MINISTRY WILL RESIGN.

Sir Charles Tupper Likely to Be the New Premier.

Ottawa, Ont., April 21.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell, the Premier, has announced that the resignations of the Ministers will be handed in in a few days. It is expected that Sir Charles Tupper will be the new Premier.

LEAVES PART OF IT HERE.

PADEREWSKI GIVES AMERICAN COMPOSERS $10,000 IN PRIZES.

Before Sailing for Europe He Sends This Amount to William Steinway as Trustee of the Fund, Accompanied by a Letter in Which He Acknowledges the Generous Support Given Him in This Country—Other News from the Atlantic Metropolis.

New York, April 21.—[Special.]—Jean Ignace Paderewski, the famous pianist, sails for Europe on the Teutonic tomorrow, having completed his engagement in this country. His friends have long known that he has had a great fondness for America, but the real depth of that feeling was never made known until this evening, when William Steinway received this letter:

"My Dear Mr. Steinway: The generous support I found in this country enables me to accomplish one of my most ardent wishes.

"I do not intend to thank the American people for all they have done for me because my gratitude to your noble Nation is and will be beyond expression. But I desire to extend a friendly hand towards my American brother-musicians; towards those who, less fortunate than myself, are struggling for recognition or encouragment.

Custodians of the Fund.

"To this purpose I send you herewith $10,000, asking you to accept, together with Col. H. L. Higginson of Boston and Dr. William Mason of New York, the trusteeship of this sum.

"Knowing the interest you take in public affairs, and your readiness to do good wherever you find an opportunity, I hope you will not refuse me this great favor, and will, after deliberation with the abovenamed gentlemen, invest this money, in order to establish the following triennial prizes for the composers of American birth, without any distinction as to age or religion:

"1. Five hundred dollars for the best orchestral work in symphonic form.

"2. Three hundred dollars for the best composition for solo instrument with orchestra.

"3. Two hundred dollars for the best chamber-music work.

"The balance to be used for the expenses connected with the competition for these prizes.

"Further details, as well as the list of the judges, among whom I should like to see your acknowledged musical authorities, I hope to send you at a near date.

"I take no pride in making this endowment. The amount is a modest one and my personality, in spite of all the success, is of little importance.

"I only hope that it will prove to be useful and that your younger composers will not consider it as a gift, but as a debt and little encouragement coming from one who found in their land all the happiness to which an artist can aspire.

"Thanking you and your co-trustees in advance for your kindness, I beg you to believe me, your sincerely devoted.

"I. J. PADEREWSKI.

"New York, April 21, 1896."

This letter was handed to Mr. Steinway at 7 p. m., too late for him to make any direct acknowledgment to the pianist. The letter was written wholly in English and in Paderewski's handwriting.

ORGANIZED THIEVERY AT VASSAR.

Excitement Among Students Caused by Constant Losses.

New York, April 21.—It has just come out that the authorities of Vassar College at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., have for a long time past been keeping from the public the fact that there has been a system of organized thievery in the institution. One student would lose a garment and another a piece of jewelry, but strenuous efforts prevented any notice of the facts from reaching the public attention.

The utmost care has been taken to detect the thieves, but in vain. At first suspicion was directed to the servants and chambermaids. One after another they were put under surveillance, but still the thefts continued, and the perpetrators escaped detection.

The very nature of the robberies made it apparent that they must have been committed by some one inside the institution familiar with the ways of the students. There having been a failure to catch the thief among the servants, it has come to be suspected that the guilty ones are among the students themselves.

This suspicion, in fact, has taken such public form that it has served to increase the prevailing excitement among the young women who are attending the college.

Mrs. J.P. Kendrick, principal of the college, in an interview today frankly admitted that robberies had been committed very recently under the roof of Vassar.

"At first thought," she said, "I believe this is the work of a kleptomaniac. Many of the articles stolen are so marked that it would be impossible for them to be used about the college without detection."

Then she made the remarkable statement that although she did not suspect the servants or maids she did not for an instant think any of the students were connected with the affair. She expressed great sorrow that any suspicion of the latter should have gone abroad.

PARTING WORDS OF MISS WILLARD.

Before Sailing for Europe She Makes an Appeal for Armenia.

New York, April 21. — [Special.]—Miss Frances E. Willard's last act before sailing for Europe on the Paris today was to issue "an appeal to my countrywomen."

In this appeal Miss Willard again draws attention to the Armenian horrors and urges renewed activity in the collection of funds to support Miss Clara Barton's work of relief.

"Of the $500,000 needed," says Miss Willard, "only one-fifth has yet been given."

POOR PUSSY NOT IN QUEST OF MILK.

Burglary of a Wabash Avenue Store Nipped in the Bud by the Elevator Boy's Discovery.

"O! What is that?"

"It is the cat!" sang the elevator boy in the basement of Roper & Baxter's store in Wabash avenue yesterday, as he picked up a stick and threw it at a pair of eyes gleaming in the darkness.

"Kitty! Kitty!"

"Meow! meow!" said the cat, as it spit spitefully at the boy.

"Kitty," said the boy, "come here kitty."

But kitty wouldn't come and indulged in some feline yowls that scared the boy until he almost forgot how to run the elevator.

He called for the foreman, Mike Mlott, and pointed out the cat, which he was positive was as big as a Jersey calf, and had eyes like the headlight on a locomotive.

"It wants some milk," said the elevator boy.

"All right," said the foreman, "I'll get it some milk," and he picked up a large oak club, with a spike driven in the end, and said softly:

"Kitty, kitty, come and get your milk."

"I don't want no milk," said the cat.

"Now, do you know that's just what I thought," murmured the foreman. "Come out here, kitty, where I can look at you."

The cat came out and stood by the elevator.

"How old are you, pussy?" asked the foreman.

"I ain't 20," growled the cat.

"I Ain't Twenty."

"Well now, pussy, what's your name?"

"Jimmie Goodrich."

"Jimmie Goodrich," said the foreman. "What a nice name for a cat."

"I hain't no cat," said Jimmie, "I'm a man."

"Good gracious!" responded the foreman. "Who would have thought it!"

"I'm a helevator hinspector fer the 'Owe company," growled the supposed cat or alleged man.

"Then we'll send right over to the Howe company," said the foreman, "and tell them to bring over some milk, or some machine oil, or somethin' or other of that kind."

Feeding the Kitty.

While the foreman with his club remained in the basement with Jimmy, the elevator boy went after a representative of the Howe company, who declared he didn't know Jimmy from the wildcat up in Lincoln Park.

About this time a workman up on the top floor discovered the place had been ransacked during the night and everybody went up to investigate, leaving the foreman and his prisoner alone in the basement.

Then Jimmy produced a revolver and pointed it at the foreman.

"Scat, you brute," howled the foreman, and he gave Jimmy a rap across the knuckles and made him drop the revolver. At the same time he tucked Jimmie's head under his arm and again applied the club.

Three policemen were called in and led Jimmie down to the Armory Station, where he was locked up.

The police believe that the prisoner did the ransacking the night before and intended to hide in the building all day and last night to admit others and burglarize the store. Some goods were taken, but their value is small.

Jimmie says he is a cousin of Bath-House John Coughlin.

WATERLOO OF NEW ORLEANS BOODLERS

Great Victory for the Citizens' Ticket Over the Candidates of the Ring.

New Orleans, La., April 21.—New Orleans has wiped the boodlers off the face of the earth, and despite one of the strongest ring organizations in the country the Citizens' League has won the fight by a majority of from 10,000 to 15,000. The ring is delaying the count, but the league has armed volunteers guarding the polls and boxes and no tricks will avail.

There never was such excitement in the city on election day and thousands are on the streets tonight ready to answer any call. The remarkable part of today's election was the loyalty of the negro to the cause of reform, despite the efforts of old-time Republican leaders to throw the vote to the ring. The negroes were proof against bribery and threats and gave the league a heavy vote.

Gov. Foster's failure to interfere for an honest election in the city until the last moment hurt his vote in the city and the majorities in the country have been reduced, but Foster probably will carry the State by 10,000 to 15,000.

The Governor's home parish gave Pharr, the combine candidate, 2,500 majority, owing to the sugar planters, who have joined the Republican ranks.

Tangipahoa, La., April 21.—A. P. Goss, the Populist-Republican candidate for Coroner of this parish, was shot and instantly killed, and S. C. Hyde, a Democrat, was mortally wounded. The trouble between the men grew out of politics.

CLINGS TO CICERO FUNDS.

COLLECTOR FRANKLAND HAS $40,000 AND A DISPUTED CLAIM.

Town Finance Committee Wrestles So Far Vainly with the Problem of a Satisfactory Settlement—Contention Arises Over $3,900 for Alleged Excessive Services—President Peirce Against the Allowance—Possible Deficiency to Be Made Up.

The Town of Cicero is having all kinds of trouble with its Collector, George R. Frankland, with whom it is unable to effect a settlement. A matter of nearly $4,000 is in dispute, and until a claim covering almost this amount is satisfactorily passed upon by the Town Board and allowed Collector Frankland retains $40,000 of town funds, which, according to law, it is said, he should have turned into the town treasury on March 10.

For over three hours on Monday evening the Cicero Finance committee wrestled with this question of the Frankland claim and the condition of the town funds, but was unable to reach any satisfactory solution of the problem. The meeting was strictly secret. It was held in an upper room of the Town Hall, and at its conclusion the members of the committee quietly left the building and faded into the surrounding night.

The meeting was attended by H. D. Peirce, President of the Town of Cicero and ex-officio member of the Finance committee, and by Maj. J. J. Cheney, William P. Gunthorp, and E. D. Atridge. C. E. Piper, who with Melville E. Stone and Victor F. Lawson is on Mr. Frankland's bond to the extent of $50,000, was also present, jointly in the interest of the three sureties and the Collector.

Claim Is for $3,900.

The exact sum for which a heroic effort is being made to "hold up" the Town of Cicero is $3,900. Mr. Frankland claims this money, in excess of the 2 per cent allowed by law on collections, as compensation for his services in preparing the annual list of delinquent taxpayers, a service for which his predecessor, Mr. Walker, was glad to accept $1,800.

It is said Mr. Frankland has the $40,000, which should have been turned over to Treasurer Swincoe, ready to turn over when his claim is allowed.

During the committee meeting Mr. Peirce and Mr. Piper did a good deal of the talking. Mr. Piper held out strongly for the payment of the claim of $3,900, assuring the committee the deferred payment of $40,000 to the Town Treasurer, less the bill, would immediately follow. Mr. Frankland, it was explained, was out of the city, but immediately preceding his departure for the Wisconsin duck marshes had requested Mr. Piper to represent him.

From the position taken by Mr. Piper, rather than from any direct admissions made, the members of the committee drew the inference that Mr. Frankland had already anticipated the payment of this bill.

Pies and Rejoinder.

Mr. Piper dwelt at some length on the fact Mr. Frankland had divided his commission with some of the heaviest taxpayers of the district as an inducement for them to pay the money into his (Frankland's) hands instead of to the County Treasurer, and had thus reduced the revenues of his office to a point where he was entitled to special consideration.

But President Peirce did not see it in this light, and vigorously controverted the assumption any voluntary act on the part of the Collector should revert to the financial detriment of the town. As a citizen he might be disposed to put his hand in his pocket and help Mr. Frankland out of the difficulty in which he found himself, but as President of the Town of Cicero he would certainly protect the interests of the taxpayer. The fact Mr. Frankland had voluntarily surrendered some $900 of his fees was a matter with which the board had nothing to do, and it could not reimburse him for a reduction in office expenses brought about by such means.

But the committee reached no conclusion, and will take up the matter again some evening this week. A proposition to settle the Frankland claim on a basis of $1,000 was passed as being not large enough in view of the sums paid for similar service in former years. The allowance finally granted will, it is said, be either $1,250 or $1,500.

If, as is intimated, Mr. Frankland has anticipated the $3,900 and the board settles his claim on the basis indicated, the deficiency to be made up will amount to $2,400.

During his term of office Mr. Frankland collected in round figures $200,000, which gave him a legal revenue of $4,000. His books were transferred March 10, but the financial settlement has since hung fire.

The meeting of the Finance committee was the direct result of a peremptory and imperative demand on Mr. Frankland for a settlement made by the President of the board.

ANXIOUS FOR REDIESKE TO SETTLE.

Controller Wetherell Threatens to Resort to Legal Measures.

The city officials are wondering why North Town Collector Paul Redieske does not settle his account with the city. He still holds about $40,000 of the city's money collected by him this year.

The time for closing the books of the Town Collectors is April 1, and other Town Collectors have settled their accounts. Controller Wetherell has asked Redieske several times for an accounting with the city, and each time has received a promise of settlement.

The Controller says that unless payment is made shortly he will attempt to bring some sort of legal proceedings to compel it.

Two Women Attempt Suicide.

After reporting the attempted suicide of Rosa Emerson, a companion, Tina Ferguson stepped outside the Desplaines Street Police Station last night and took poison. Both will recover.

SECRET CONFERENCE OF BIMETALLISTS

Prominent Men from Many Countries Discussing Monetary Affairs at Brussels in Private Session.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

Brussels, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by the New York Journal.]—It is extremely difficult to obtain information respecting the bimetallist conference, which opened here yesterday, since it is not an ordinary monetary conference, but merely a private congress. The sole details which I have been able to ascertain are the following:

In consequence of the failures in similar conferences in 1878, 1881, and 1892, it has been decided to establish a permanent congress, filling the rôle of an official committee, having its seat at Brussels, and composed of the principal bimetallists of the United States, Germany, Great Britain, Austria-Hungary, Denmark, France, the Netherlands, Roumania, Russia, and Belgium.

This congress of conciliation and pacification has for its object the search for means to be laid before the respective governments for arriving at a solution of the monetary questions which has been vainly sought for twenty years. It will above all endeavor to bring about international pourparlers preliminary to any official reassembling of a new conference.

The names of the principal representatives of the various nations are as follows:

Herren von Mirback, de Wapnits, and Arenot for Germany; Sir William Houldworth and Messrs. Grenfell and Schacksommer for Great Britain, M. Raffalowich for Russia, M. Rochussen for the Netherlands, Counts Alexander Karolyi and Kolowrat for Hungary and Austria respectively, M. Bonesco for Roumania, and M. Raeder for Denmark.

Today the second session opened under the Presidency of M. Beernaert, Belgian Minister of State. The congress began its labors with a speech by M. Allard, a Belgian bimetallist, and one of the directors of the National Bank, who explained at length the object of the congress—namely, to place the question of bimetallism on a practical basis, removed from any question of any school. It was a question of knowing if there existed any possibility of reëstablishing bimetallism, he declared, according to the academic method, which holds that a whole ingot of gold or silver, carried by any person whatever, in any quantity whatever, with respect to the money of any country forming part of the bimetallic union, ought to be converted into legal tender.

Herr Arenot, member of the Reichstag, supported the speech of M. Allard, and the session was concluded by a speech by the French delegate, Fougerolle.

The sessions are secret, and the members of the congress decided not to tell anything to the press.

CRITICAL SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Decisive Conflict Is Looked For Daily Between the Matabele and White Residents of Rhodesia.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

Cape Town, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by New York Journal.]—Business in Rhodesia is at a standstill. Fortified camps are being maintained in large numbers.

Three whites were killed by natives on Sunday. A decisive conflict is expected daily.

The Cape press strongly condemns President Kruger's action in refusing to go to England to discuss the grievances of Europeans at Johannesburg. Kruger wishes to delay as long as possible the new state of things which Chamberlain has hinted his refusal would create. Meanwhile, the feeling between the British and the Boers is becoming acute. The Transvaal is largely prepared to fight.

Rumors prevailed yesterday that John Hays Hammond, the American, intended to forfeit his bail at the coming trial of the Reform committee at Pretoria and leave for America. The Transvaal authorities wired him to know if there was any truth in them. Hammond replied that the rumors were incorrect, but said his physicians have told him that his condition was bad.

MILLIONS FOR CANADIAN DEFENSE.

Dominion Government Asks Parliament for Big Appropriation.

Ottawa, Ont., April 21.—[Special.]—Finance Minister Foster tonight moved the House of Commons into committee on a resolution to authorize the Governor-in-Council to raise by way of loan the sum of $3,000,000 for the purposes of the defense of the Dominion. He explained that a contract had been already entered into with the Imperial War Office for arms, ammunition, Maxim guns, and four batteries of six twelve-pounder guns each. The Liberals are fighting the appropriation, and the debate will probably last all night.

BULLETIN OF

The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1896

Weather for Chicago today:

Fair, with brisk winds.

Sun rises at 4:59; sets at 6:40.
Moon 9 days old; sets at 2:18 a. m.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK	Westernland	
NEW YORK		Havel
NEW YORK		Tauric
SOUTHAMPTON	Lahn	
LIVERPOOL	Celestia	
GLASGOW	Furnessia	
GLASGOW	Norwegian	
ROTTERDAM		Edam
NAPLES		Alsatia
BALTIMORE	Rhoetia	

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9 Plan to Hasten Chicago River Work
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HIS PLEA FOR UNITY.

Cleveland Writes a Letter to Consul Parker.

IS READ AT A BANQUET.

Refers to Ties Between English-Speaking People.

SIGNIFICANCE OF HIS WORDS

May Show a Purpose to Close the Venezuelan Incident.

BAYARD MAKES ANOTHER SPEECH.

[SPECIAL CABLE BY JULIAN RALPH.]

London, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by the New York Journal.]—Mr. Bayard had a good time today, as he usually does when on a tour. This year his special plash has been made in the midlands at the Shakspeare birthday celebrations, though why nobody well knows. However, the American Ambassador may be fairly called the lion of the festivities, which were held in the staid Town of Birmingham.

He has plunged into gayety and gush, but what he has done so far will be nothing to what he is going to do at Stratford-on-Avon.

It occurred to the Birmingham Dramatic and Literary club to invite Mr. Bayard to their thirty-second annual commemoration banquet in honor of the "Deare William," and at the same time to extract one of the Ambassador's polished speeches when he would be quite sure not to touch on dangerous topics, as he had in his Boston-Edinburgh addresses.

Bayard the Chief Guest.

So Mr. Bayard was invited to the feast and he went down accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Bayard from London today in a short two-and-a-half hours' railway run to the famous midland town.

At the Birmingham station the indefatigable American Consul, George T. Parker, was radiantly awaiting the arrival of his guests, for during their stay in the district they will stop at his house.

Naturally his Excellency was the chief guest at the banquet, which was held in the Grosvenor Hall of the Grand Hotel.

In the evening the leading men of the city flocked up in scores, it being one of the few events on which citizens of Birmingham, sadly torn by political strife, can meet in peace and harmony.

Mr. Parker, who is one of the leading lights of the club, of which he is the President, took the chair.

Mr. Cleveland's Letter.

Previous to the speechmaking he read the following letter from President Cleveland:

"I have received your letter informing me that the Birmingham Dramatic and Literary club intends to celebrate the birthday of Shakspeare on the 21st of April and extending to me, on behalf of the club, an invitation to be present upon that occasion.

"Everything that tends to keep alive the memory of Shakspeare and preserve a proper appreciation of his work challenges my earnest interest and approval, and though I cannot be with you on the occasion you contemplate, I am glad to know that our American people are prominently represented at the celebration.

"There is much said and written in these days concerning the relations which should exist, bound close by the strongest ties, between the English speaking people and concerning the high destiny which awaits them in concerted effort. I hope we may never know the time when these ennobling sentiments will be less often expressed or will in the least lose their potency and influence. Surely if the English speech supplies a token for united effort for the good of mankind and the impulse of exalted intermission we do well to honor fittingly the name and memory of William Shakspeare,

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

Excites Enormous Enthusiasm.

Mr. Cleveland's letter excited enormous enthusiasm, as the British are undoubtedly now on pacific thoughts intent and the jingo fever is expiring, if it has not already expired.

Mrs. De Navarro (Mary Anderson) also sent a letter, in which she stated that all Americans "hold hallowed the name of Shakspeare in grateful reverence."

Mr. Bayard's name was associated with literature by J. Thackeray Bunce, who is editor of the Birmingham Post. Mr. Bunce, I may add, is a persona grata to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain, for it is he to whom the Secretary of State for the Colonies greatly owes his position in the Midlands.

For years Mr. Bunce has written some of the finest and most effective political leaders ever penned in Great Britain, and though he is now an old man, he is still an extremely able speaker and writer, therefore his words carried great weight with the audience when he referred to the guest of the evening as "a man of cultivated and well stored mind; as a speaker courageous and eloquent, an eminent lawyer, an honest politician, and a patriotic, high-souled statesman."

Mr. Bayard described literature as the buttress of the people's liberty. Indeed, justly considered in all its potentiality, it was one of the chief buttresses of civilization itself.

The Daily News will say tomorrow that it sees in Mr. Cleveland's letter to Consul Parker a deliberate intention to facilitate the closing of an unpleasant episode in the relations between Great Britain and the United States, and adds that it reciprocates the intention. It further expresses the wish that President Cleveland would indorse his sentiments in the shape of a draft of a treaty for a permanent arbitration tribunal.

Still in a Dangerous State.

London, April 22.—A dispatch from Washington to the Times says that the Venezuela dispute is still in a dangerous state, and that no agreement as to principles has been reached.

"Negotiations between England and the United States," says the Times' correspondent, "are at a standstill, and nobody knows when or how the deadlock will be removed. England rejected the plan I explained in February (for the submission of the dispute to a joint commission of representatives of Great Britain and the United States. It is understood that Lord Salisbury could not overcome his repugnance to the possible reference of the dispute to arbitration. Instead of continuing the negotiations, Lord Salisbury submitted an unacceptable draft of a general arbitration treaty from which it is understood the Venezuela dispute is ex-

RUSSELL IS THEIR IDOL.

NEW ENGLAND DEMOCRATS INDORSE THE EX-GOVERNOR.

Conventions in Massachusetts and Rhode Island Name Delegates Favorable to His Candidacy—Platforms Declare for Sound Money and Against Free Silver—Alabama Democrats Also in Session—Other News in the Field of Politics.

Boston, Mass., April 21.—With enthusiasm which almost surpassed that at the recent State convention of the Republicans of Massachusetts when Thomas B. Reed was indorsed as a Presidential candidate, the Democrats of this State today set their approval upon Grover Cleveland as President and named ex-Gov. W. E. Russell as their choice for the nomination to be President Cleveland's successor.

John E. Thayer of Worcester was chosen permanent Chairman.. Mr. Thayer in his address took ground against free silver.

"Of what avail," he said, "is it to pass resolutions for the single gold standard if, as now appears quite probable, Mr. McKinley is to receive the nomination for President? The people well know that Mr. McKinley is upon record as a white metal advocate; that he has a long, consistent, and uninterrupted record while in Congress favorable to silver. We do not forget that as Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions of the Republican National convention in 1888 he submitted a platform which condemned the policy of the 'Democratic administration in its efforts to demonetize silver.' We see him as one of the great leaders of his party in his commanding position as Chairman of the Ways and Means committee urgently supporting the silver purchase bill, which increased the amount of silver the government was forced to purchase even under the Bland-Allison law. Nor is this all."

George Fred Coming to Chicago.

The election of four delegates-at-large was then moved, and the names of John E. Russell of Leicester, George Fred Williams of Dedham, John W. Corcoran of Clinton, and James W. Donovan of Boston were presented by Congressman Fitzgerald. J. T. O'Sullivan of Lowell condemned the ticket as machine-made, but upon the vote Mr. O'Sullivan was the only dissenter.

In opening, the platform declares that "never in any epoch in our country's history has the executive chair been filled by a broader-minded statesman than the President chosen by our party, Grover Cleveland."

Declare for Sound Money.

Upon the subject of national finance the platform says: "Believing that the true interests of the people require that the earnings of trade and the wages of labor be paid in money that is intrinsically worth, in all the markets of the world, what it purports to be worth, we demand the maintenance of the existing gold standard of value, and that the government shall keep all its obligations at all times redeemable and payable in gold; and we oppose the free coinage of silver and any further purchase of silver bullion or the coinage thereof on government account.

"We affirm the demands of our recent State platform that the government shall take this initial steps for the withdrawal from circulation of the legal tender notes issued in time of war under the pledge of prompt retirement. We denounce the action of the Republican majority in the present House of Representatives in attempting to reaffirm the law of 1878, requiring the perpetual reissue of these notes, and their failure to deal properly and honestly with this problem; we declare our belief that this inaction has added to the impairment of our credit caused by the silver legislation enacted during two Republican administrations.

"We demand that the necessity for an adequate medium of exchange in all sections of our country shall be met by provision for an elastic banking currency, subject to such government control as shall insure uniformity and redemption of the standard of coin on demand."

The admission of raw material free of duty is recommended. The suppression of trusts and the regulation of monopolies is demanded.

It is demanded that the legislative cooperate with the executive department in efforts for the further reform of the civil service. Sympathy with the Cuban insurgents is expressed.

The platform concludes as follows: "Following long established Democratic custom, the Democrats of Massachusetts in convention assembled will not in any way instruct or pledge their delegates, but they do declare that it is the wish of the Democratic party of the State to present, and they earnestly recommend to the consideration of the national convention to be held in Chicago, as their candidate for the office of President of the United States the name of their victorious, courageous, high-principled ex-Governor, William Eustis Russell."

Cheers for Russell.

At mention of the name of Mr. Russell as the choice of the Massachusetts Democracy for the nomination of President a mighty cheer went up from the delegates, which was repeated time and time again, and the Chairman had to stand several minutes before he could be heard.

The election of alternates resulted as follows: E. M. Esquel of Springfield, W. P. Butler of Holyoke, Henry V. Cunningham of Boston, Fisher Pearson of Lowell.

Rhode Island Democrats.

Providence, R. I., April 21.—The Democratic convention to choose eight delegates for the national convention at Chicago July 7 reassembled in Music Hall today. There was but little enthusiasm manifested, and when the roll was called there were more than 100 delegates absent and many towns were unrepresented.

Mr. Comstock, in his opening remarks, paid a high compliment to William E. Russell, alluding at length to his ability as an executive. His references to Mr. Russell were received with great applause, especially when he asserted Russell would, as Presidential candidate, again lead his party to victory.

The platform says: "The Democratic party of Rhode Island cordially approves and indorses the able and efficient administration of Grover Cleveland. We especially commend the administration for its firmness and ability in maintaining, unaided by the Congress of the United States, the credit of the Nation. It is vital to the interests of our people that there should be no departure from the gold standard, to which all money, whether gold, silver, or paper, should conform, and we are opposed to the free coinage of silver until at least four of the great powers of the eastern world shall come to an international agreement establishing the ratio at which gold and silver shall be admitted to mintage.

Russell Indorsed.

"We commend to the delegates and the Chicago convention one who will make an ideal President, William E. Russell of Massachusetts."

The mention of ex-Gov. Russell's name called forth the demonstration of the day. The indorsement of his candidacy was most hearty.

The convention then proceeded to elect delegates to the Chicago convention. The choice was as follows: Richard E. Comstock, Providence; George W. Green, Woonsocket; Miles A. McNamee and Jesse H. Metcalfe, Providence; James J. Van Alen, Newport; John H. Tucker, Warwick; David S. Baker, North Kingston; and John E. Conley of Warren. The delegates will choose their own alternates.

Sound Money Democrats in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., April 21.—Five hundred representative gold standard men from almost every county in Texas met here today in convention and by a vote of 10 to 1 resolved to reorganize the Democratic party in Texas and make the fight in the State and in every Congressional district and county in the State. Delegates will be elected to a State convention to meet at Austin on June 23, and if they are not seated by the free silver, or Dudley wing, a contesting delegation will be sent to the national convention at Chicago.

Resolutions were adopted denouncing the Free Silver committee for usurpation and trickery in trying to carry Texas into the ranks of the Tillmans and Altgelds and by arbitrary methods to prevent fair expression of the will of the people in the primaries.

Alabama Democrats for Silver.

Montgomery, Ala., April 21.—The Democratic State convention met today. Congressman Bankhead, the permanent Chairman, delivered the address of the occasion, advising Democrats that they must stand together and that their only chance to win was under the 16 to 1 banner.

All resolutions were referred by resolution to the Committee on Platform and Resolutions. The convention then adjourned until tomorrow. The free silver men control the situation.

REED STRONGER NOW IN MARYLAND.

McKinley's Chances Not Considered as Bright as They Were.

Baltimore, Md., April 21.—[Special.]—There will be no serious contest in the Republican State convention tomorrow. Senator-elect Wellington, James A. Gary, William T. Malster, and Robert P. Graham will be elected delegates-at-large, uninstructed, and on a gold platform.

Wellington said today that he did not think McKinley's chances were as bright now as they were a week ago. This statement indicates the growth of the Reed boom in Maryland.

Three Republican district conventions were held here today. All went smoothly excepting in the Fourth District convention, in which the colored factions caused some trouble over the selection of their delegate. These nominations were made:

Second District—Delegates to St. Louis, W. J. Smith of Cecil County and C. Ross Mace of Baltimore County.

Third District—Delegates, William F. Airey and Frank T. Tyler. For Congress, Dr. William S. Roose, who was also the Republican candidate in the last Congressional election.

Fourth District—Delegates, Gen. Felix Agnus and William E. Tilghman. For Congress, William W. McIntyre. Tilghman will be the only colored man in the Maryland delegation to St. Louis, and his selection was only brought about after a long fight.

The resolutions adopted at all three conventions eulogized Senator-elect Wellington as the party leader, indorsed Gov. Lowndes' administration, and declared for protection and sound money.

The delegates are uninstructed. Two of the six selected are supposed to be for Reed and the others favor McKinley.

DELEGATES ELECTED TO ST. LOUIS.

Republicans Choose Representatives to the National Convention.

Nashville, Tenn., April 21.—At Summertown the Republican convention of the Seventh Congressional District was held today. R. A. Haggard and H. F. Farris were selected delegates to St. Louis and instructed for McKinley.

Thirty-fifth Senatorial.

Monmouth, Ill., April 21.—[Special.]—The Republican Senatorial convention for the Thirty-fifth District met here today. Frank Murdock of Knox County was renominated for the Legislature and J. O. Anderson of Henderson County named as the successor of Guthrie of Mercer. Only one ballot was taken. The convention indorsed McKinley for President and the Representatives in the Legislature were instructed to support Clark E. Carr of Galesburg for United States Senator.

Eighth Missouri.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 21.—The Republican convention of the Eighth Congressional District today renominated Congressman Joel D. Hubbard by acclamation. F. B. Lander of Moniteau County and A. R. Jackson of Camden County were elected delegates to the national convention.

The delegates were instructed for McKinley.

Contesting Delegations from Virginia

Manassas, Va., April 21.—Eighth District Republicans will have two sets of uninstructed delegates to St. Louis.

There is a split in the Second District. One set of delegates are instructed for McKinley. The others are supposed to be for Reed.

CULLOM AND HOPKINS TO BE THERE

They Decide to Attend the Illinois State Convention.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—In response to a number of telegrams from all parts of Illinois Senator Cullom has determined to attend the State convention at Springfield and will leave Washington on Saturday. Arrangements have been perfected by which the appropriation bills in which he is particularly interested will be disposed of before that time, and it is the desire of the senior Senator from Illinois to be on the ground to look after his interests personally. Congressman Cooke, with whom Senator Cullom conferred on this subject, expressed the opinion that it would be the wisest course, and it would act as a stimulus for the delegates to the State convention to rally to his support much more enthusiastically and earnestly than if he remained at Washington.

"I shall start for Springfield the latter part of this week," said Representative Hopkins, "and my headquarters will be established there in due form on Monday morning. While I am not certain as to the outcome of the convention in regard to my candidacy for the Gubernatorial nomination, I propose to stick to the fight to the last with a view to convincing 740 delegates that I am entitled to this honor. Assurances have been given me by my friends that they will guard my interests in the Congressional district which I represent, and even if I should not receive the nomination for Governor they will attend to my return to Congress. This makes it plain sailing for me at Springfield, for there does not appear to be the slightest opposition to me in my Congressional district, and I can give my time and attention exclusively to the State convention."

CONNECTICUT REPUBLICANS GATHER.

Declaration in Favor of Protection and Sound Money.

New Haven, Conn., April 21.—The first gun of the Connecticut campaign was fired tonight when the Republicans of the State assembled for the opening of the Republican State convention, called for the purpose of nominating delegates to the St. Louis convention.

Herbert E. Benton, Chairman of the Republican State Central committee, in calling the convention to order said the Republicans of Connecticut are in favor of protection and honest money. Edgar M. Warner of Putnam, the Temporary Chairman, delivered an address along similar lines.

After committees on credentials, on permanent organization, and on the platform were chosen the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

REPORT IN FAVOR OF GEN. RINAKER

Representative Cooke Submits the Case to the House.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—Representative Cooke today submitted to the House his report from the Elections committee recommending the seating of Gen. Rinaker from the Sixteenth Illinois District in place of Finis E. Downing, the Democratic sitting member. The substance of Mr. Cooke's report was given several days ago in THE TRIBUNE. It gives a detailed history of this intricate case, and members of the Elections committee and others say it is one of the most important legal documents bearing on election cases which has yet been submitted to the House of Representatives and that it will be in large measure made the basis of similar reports on such cases.

Pennsylvania Republicans.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 21.—The Executive committee of the State Republican committee held a secret session this afternoon to arrange the details for Thursday's State convention. Lieut.-Gov. Lyon has withdrawn as a candidate-at-large in the interest of Francis J. Torrence of Allegheny. It is generally conceded that Galusha A. Grow of Susquehanna and James S. Beacon of Greensburg will be nominated for Congressmen-at-Large.

HOT WEATHER AND RAINS HELP CROPS

Season Is Two Weeks Ahead in Illinois —Winter Wheat Well Advanced— Big Fruit Crop Anticipated.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—The weekly bulletin of crop conditions issued by the Weather Bureau today says:

The unusually warm weather throughout the central, eastern, and southern portions of the country has rapidly advanced the season, and has been very favorable for farming operations and growth of vegetation. Winter wheat has shown marked improvement, and is reported as doing well in Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, and in portions of Missouri. In Kentucky and West Virginia the condition of the crop is poor. In sections of Missouri and Texas winter wheat is suffering for want of rain. Spring wheat seeding is well advanced in Southern Minnesota and is about finished in portions of Eastern South Dakota, where some of the early sown is up. Some corn has been planted in Illinois and Nebraska, and planting will be begun in Iowa this week. Cotton planting has continued under favorable conditions, and in the central and southern portions of the cotton region is coming up generally to a good stand. Germination, however, has been slow, owing to the drought. General rainfall would prove of much benefit from the Ohio Valley southward, and also in Texas, where rain is needed to insure a stand of cotton.

NEARING A REAL CRISIS.

FRANCE ON THE VERGE OF A CONSTITUTIONAL UPHEAVAL.

Senate Refuses to Grant the Madagascar Credits Unless the Ministry Shall Resign—Cabinet Decides Upon a Special Session of the Chamber of Deputies and Will Meet the Issue—Other News from Foreign Lands.

Paris, April 21.—In spite of the protest of the Premier, M. Bourgeois, the Senate today adopted a motion to postpone the vote on the Madagascar credits until a Cabinet is formed which enjoys the confidence of both Chambers.

The galleries of the Senate were packed with people. Few of the Senators were absent, and all of the Ministers were present as well as a number of Deputies.

M. De Mole read a resolution signed by the Presidents of the three moderate groups, declaring that the Senate had thrice refused a vote of confidence in the Cabinet, and that no Senator would dream of bargaining with the credits for Madagascar. Violent interruptions and an exchange of cries between the moderates and Democrats followed.

Continuing, M. De Mole said that the Senate was ready to vote the credits, but only when presented by a ministry mindful of the constitution.

Not the Province of the Senate.

The Premier, M. Bourgeois, protested that it did not belong to the province of the Senate to judge whether the government had wrongly interpreted the constitution. This fight belonged only to the entire Parliament, and he asked the Senate to forget internal dissensions in the presence of the necessity to vote the credits for the soldiers who had defended the honor of the French flag in the distant colonies of France.

M. de Mole's motion to postpone the vote on the Madagascar credit until a Cabinet is formed which enjoys the confidence of both Chambers was then adopted by a vote of 171 to 90 and the Senate adjourned until Thursday.

The Financial committee of the Senate met after the sitting of that body and decided to report the entire credits and report to the Senate on Thursday if a new ministry is formed.

A group of Democrats drew up a declaration to be presented to the Cabinet, which, although expressing confidence in the government, does not urge the ministry to remain in power in view of the hostile manifestations.

Official Note Issued.

An official note has been issued explaining the attitude of the Cabinet. The note says: "The Cabinet holds that, in face of the Senate's vote, it is impossible to continue the direction of affairs. But it considers it ought not to resign in the absence of the Chamber. Therefore the Chamber should be convoked without delay to enable the Ministers to impart to them the reason for their decisions. M. Bourgeois has acquainted President Faure with this resolution and has also requested M. Brisson, President of the Chamber of Deputies, to convoke the Chamber forthwith. M. Brisson has accordingly telegraphed to the Deputies to meet on Tuesday at 2 o'clock."

The news of the resolution of the Cabinet to convoke the Chamber was circulated early in the evening. The Chamber would not meet in the regular order of things until May 19.

It was 10 o'clock when M. Bourgeois went to the Palace of the Elysée, where he conferred for half an hour with M. Faure, the Ministers being assembled meanwhile at the Foreign Office awaiting his return. Immediately upon his return the official note was given out.

The refusal of the Senate to grant the Madagascar credits to the Bourgeois Cabinet is regarded as a well devised tactical move against the Cabinet in the conflict between the two branches of the government, which involves the French constitution itself. It was believed that the Cabinet would feel itself driven into a corner and would be compelled to resign, and it was expected that this would take place tomorrow. The Cabinet's reply in summoning the Chamber seems the best that could be made to the Senate's move and virtually refers the conflict to the Chamber, which has already twice given its support in votes of censure of the Cabinet passed by the Senate. If the newly summoned Chamber persists in this attitude a constitutional crisis would be threatened.

Irrepressible Conflict.

It is believed the Cabinet has been convinced for some time that it must relinquish office, but has been maneuvering for advantage of position for its appearance before the country. The real conflict is between the Conservative element in politics, represented by the Senate, and the Radical and Socialistic elements, represented in the Bourgeois Cabinet, which seek constitutional changes locking to the control of the Senate itself and the doing away with its obstruction to the Radical program in France. The present Cabinet's income tax measure is a main feature of that program uncompromisingly opposed by the Senate.

The latter body has adroitly evaded making an issue with the Cabinet on the income tax measure, and has apparently concluded that the witholding of the credits for the government's Madagascar program, which has proved unpopular in France, provides a nominal ground for the conflict more likely to appeal to the people.

It is believed that the government intends to provoke a vote of confidence by the Chamber again. Such a vote would transform the Senate's hostility to the Cabinet into a conflict between the Senate and the Chamber and would oblige the Senate to find some mode of surmounting similar opposition in the future.

RELIEF FOR BULUWAYO IS FAR OFF.

Fifty of the Natives Killed in a Brush with the Patrol.

Cape Town, April 21.—Capt. Napier with a force of 200 men left Buluwayo yesterday morning on a reconnoitering expedition. The Matabele, it was then believed, had moved southward, away from the positions they had occupied, intending to intercept the relief corps advancing from Mafeking. But the scouting party was surprised to find the Matabele in great force five miles northeast of Buluwayo. Napier's command was fired upon, returned the enemies' fire, and then retreated.

Later advices from Buluwayo say that a patrol near that place had a brush with the Matabele yesterday, during which fifty of the latter were killed.

It now appears that, while it is true that several thousand Matabele have struck camp, there are enough of them remaining in the vicinity of Buluwayo to cause the utmost uneasiness. It is true that the eighteen wagons loaded with provisions have succeeded in entering the town, but there are many mouths to feed there, and the relief corps is still a long way off, and moving slowly on account of the scarcity of water and the ravages of the rinderpest among the cattle. In fact, it is feared that a month more may elapse before the Mafeking relief corps can reach Buluwayo, and a great deal may happen in that time.

The situation grows darker every day in spite of the effective means taken to defend Buluwayo. Fully 200 persons have been killed by the Matabele since the uprising began, and men of experience in South African warfare claim to see in the tactics of the natives the guiding hand of the leaders of the Transvaal burghers. They insist that the Boers are arming for a struggle with the British for the mastery in South Africa and that they are actively encouraged and assisted by Germany. The Boers have mustered 1,500 men and several guns, according to report, at a convenient distance from Mafeking, and it is believed they are more than willing to make common cause with the Matabele and strike a blow at the British supremacy.

GERMAN REICHSTAG ON DUELS.

Calls on the Government to Combat the Practice.

Berlin, April 21.—Count von Bernstorff, Conservative, today continued the debate in the Reichstag on the proposal to suppress dueling. He declared that his party was confident that the government would deal seriously with the question of dueling.

Dr. Bennigsen, National Liberal, hoped it would be a long time before dueling would be obolished in Germany, as in England. He denied that Great Britain's opposition to dueling was based on any right to condemn acts of violence, since in 1875, he asserted, England had commended the Paris commune to the Reichstag.

Dr. Bennigsen concluded by declaring that the views regarding satisfying injured honor must be changed and that the existing penalties for insults were inadequate.

Herr Richter, Radical, urged that the parties unite in a strong appeal to the government and declare that the statement of Dr. von Boetticher, the Minister for the Interior, on the subject was unsatisfactory, impossible, tame, and weak. He attacked dueling among the students, and in so doing remarked that the evil came from above and that the center of gravity lay in the practice of extending the imperial pardon to offenders. He concluded by remarking that if he had his own way he would send an address direct to the crown.

Herr Groeber condemned students' duels as being simply preparatory to more serious dueling.

Baron von Manteuffel supported Herr Bachem and condemned dueling.

Herr Forster, Socialist, urged the appointment of courts of honor for all classes.

Herr Bebel, Socialist, expressed his disbelief in the sincerity of the members of the Right, and declared that a change of views in military circles was first required. He defended his own views regarding the commune and recalled that Prince Bismarck, in his time, admitted that the commune had some justification.

Finally Herr Bachem withdrew his motion in favor of Herr Adt's, which called upon the Federal Government to energetically combat the illegal practice of dueling by all the means in its power. This motion was adopted unanimously amid loud applause.

FIERCE BATTLE WITH THE KHALIFA

Five Hundred of His Body Guard Reported Killed.

Cairo, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated Press.]—Dispatches received here today from the front say that there has been fierce fighting at Omdurman, near Khartoum, the headquarters of the Khalifa.

Details of the engagement or its cause are not at hand, but it is said that 500 of the Khalifa's bodyguard have been killed and that a general feeling of unrest prevails among the Khalifa's forces.

The work of sending troops to the front, supplying them with food and ammunition, building the strategic railroad and fortifying Akasheh, is being carried on with admirable promptness and machine-like smoothness.

Massowah, April 21.—King Menelek has written to Gen. Baldissera, the commander of the Italian forces, asking him to return his letters regarding the peace proposals. This is interpreted as indicating that there has been a rupture of the negotiations for peace between Italy and Abyssinia.

Russia Tentacles About Japan.

Yokohama, April 21.—In addition to the loan of $8,000,000 that Japan has been negotiating for from Russia, giving Hong Yong, the northern province of Corea as security, the Japanese Envoy has been instructed to request that Russian troops be detailed to guard the Corean palace and also that Russia appoint advisors to the Corean Government and military instructors for the Corean army.

PURPOSE TO BUY CUBAN LIBERTY.

Rumor That President Has Dictated Another Note to Spain.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—In spite of the official denials at the State Department, it is now admitted generally that a note was sent to Madrid by Secretary Olney in every important particular identical with the detailed synopsis telegraphed to THE TRIBUNE. An additional story is now in circulation to the effect that this note was a forerunner of a proposition on the part of the President that Cuba should be allowed to purchase her independence from Spain, and that Señor Palma, who is here to be made Minister of the Cuban Government as soon as his country's independence is gained, suggested this plan to Mr. Cleveland, telling him it would be satisfactory to the Cubans.

The Cuban leaders here laugh at the reports from Spain of promised political reforms for the island.

They point to the significant fact that the new law was approved over a year ago, although it is only to go into effect this year. Spanish papers, they say, have been endeavoring to make it appear that the "reforms" are a concession to the sentiment in the United States and elsewhere that something should be done to give Cuba a measure of home rule. On the contrary, according to the Cuban patriots, these political changes are the merest trifling with the situation, and on their face do not give home rule to the island.

The Governor-General retains all of his arbitrary power, and the Council of Administration is accessible only to Spaniards.

They have reached the point now where they declare Cuba's condition can be bettered only by absolute independence from Spanish rule.

MAKES A ROGUE THE PEOPLE ADMIRE.

Bailey Prothero Scores a Good Hit in a Realistic Play Before a Garrick Theater Audience.

[SPECIAL CABLE BY JULIAN RALPH.]

London, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by the New York Journal.]—In "The Rogues' Comedy," which was produced tonight at the Garrick Theater under Willard's management, Henry Arthur Jones to a certain extent has broken new ground.

The story is interesting certainly.

Bailey Prothero gets himself introduced into society as a thought-reader of exceptional ability, and, with the connivance of his wife, who acts as lady's maid, succeeds in imposing on several of his patrons through information she was able to give him in advance.

By a lucky guess on one occasion he advises the purchase of some mining shares which immediately afterwards rise tremendously, and on the strength of this he leaves the devious paths of though-reading for the little less dubious business of company promoter.

His great land and bank investment company is just started when the slump comes, and his fine Park Lane house falls into the hands of bailiffs.

Meanwhile a certain Mr. Lambert, who is really Prothero's son, although this is concealed from the audience, is pursuing inquiries into the rascal's past career, and discovers that he is a member of a notorious gang of swindlers. His revelations come on top of the collapse of the company, and Prothero decides to seek new scope for his ability in America.

The part of Prothero is taken by Willard, who, with a rôle at last worthy his talent after the many inadequate characters which have recently fallen to his lot, achieves a magnificent success.

His presentation of the sleek, oily-tongued, yet withal dignified, rather likable rogue is one of his finest creations. He maintained a striking individuality, humor, and resources of character with a faithfulness that few actors on the English stage could equal.

Sydney Brough was an inexperienced youth badly bitten with speculative fever. David Jones was a worthless old roué, while Lady Monckton had one of her usual society parts. Miss Olliffe, who is an Australian actress, was rather stagey as Prothero's wife and scarcely satisfactory in the stronger scenes.

While W. T. Lovell hardly made the most of Lambert there was an array of minor characters generally well taken, and the play received a most enthusiastic reception. It must be remembered, though, that the pieces thus drawing their inspiration from actuality may do well for a time, but when they disappear are not seen again usually.

GETS HIS WIFE TO BLACK HIS EYES.

Joseph Wench Tries Self-Mutilation to Escape Paying Debts.

Joseph Wench, No. 100 Cornelia street, presented a sad spectacle when he appeared at the West Chicago Avenue Police Station on Monday night. His hands were covered with blood, his face was lacerated, both eyes were swollen and discolored, and his clothing was torn and covered with mud.

Wench cried bitterly when he told Lieut. Polsynski a story of having been robbed of $1,100. His bruised and battered appearance, he said, was caused by three highwaymen who had attacked and plundered him. He said the robbery took place in the rear of St. Stanislaus' Catholic Church, Noble and Ingraham streets. The money was to have been paid on his house.

Yesterday morning Wench again appeared at the police station. After an hour's cross-questioning he confessed he had not been robbed and that the injuries about his head and face he had inflicted himself. A search at his home resulted in finding the money concealed in the bed mattress.

Wench, in explaining why he had mutilated his face and head, said he wanted to avoid paying the money on the house and lot. In order to complete the disfigurement of his face he submitted to having his wife strike him a number of times in the eyes with her clenched fist.

He will be arraigned before Justice Severson to answer to a charge of disorderly conduct.

Every man should read the advertisement of Thos. Slater on page 7 of this paper

ENLIST TO FIGHT SPAIN.

EXPEDITION SLIPS OUT OF KEY WEST AT MIDNIGHT.

Alfredo Laborde Puts to Sea with a Schooner Load of Arms and Ammunition—Rifles, Revolvers, Machetes, and 150,000 Rounds of Cartridges—Customs Officers Pursue Filibustering Ship to No Purpose—Maceo's Attack Expected Soon.

Key West, Fla., April 21.—[Special.]—The schooner Competitor, commanded by Alfredo Laborde, left this port about midnight with arms and men for Cuba.

The schooner carries sixty Cubans and Americans. It is said to have aboard 800 rifles, 600 revolvers, 500 machetes, and 150,000 rounds of cartridges.

The Competitor proceeded to Sugar Loaf Key, fifteen miles north of here, where more munitions and arms were taken on board.

It is said the Cubans waiting on Sugar Loaf Key have three rapid-fire guns.

After getting the arms and men at Sugar Loaf Key the Competitor was to be met by the steam tug George W. Childs, which had been engaged to tow the schooner to Cuba.

Laborde told his friends the expedition would land in Pinar del Rio Province tomorrow night.

The Competitor slipped out under the nose of the revenue cutter Merrill. When it was learned this afternoon it carried arms and men the customs officials ordered the Merrill to pursue, but the schooner had too good a start to be overtaken.

Alfredo Laborde, who commands the expedition, is a wealthy Cuban of Tampa, who has tried to reach the island before.

Cuban leaders here say as soon as Maceo receives the ammunition carried by the Competitor an attack will be made on the troops.

SPANISH ARE REAL INCENDIARIES.

Gen. Collazo Writes of Unwarlike Proceedings by Weyler's Men.

Tampa, Fla., April 19.—[Special Correspondence.]—Gen. Enrique Collazo, who left this city recently on an expedition to Cuba, writes as follows:

"La Coronela, Cardenas, April 3.—The power of the Spanish Government does not extend beyond the ground their soldiers occupy.

"Not an estate grinds without our permission. Even 'Portugalete,' belonging to Don Manuel Calvo, the chief supporter of the Spanish Government in Cuba, has nicely framed and hung up over the entrance to the estate Maximo Gomez's order for its protection.

"Since my arrival here I have seen many Spaniards that live out in the country as 'Spaniards,' and as such are respected by our forces. They are bound to work so as to keep life of hunger on, as they cannot make a living in the towns, are compelled to work in their fields. We respect them and do not interfere with them, and yet every now and then they fall victims to Weyler's companions, whose conduct is all the more vile and infamous because it is so hypocritical. He protests publicly against these outrages, but his private orders are to the contrary.

"They call us incendiaries and yet they burn everything they come across. The greater part of the killed that they report consists of the 'pacificos.'

"The wake of the Spanish troops can be followed by burnt remains of all the small huts and the destruction of every farm or bit of land that is under cultivation."

CUBAN PATRIOTS SCORN REFORMS.

"Give Us Liberty or Give Us Death" Is Their Policy.

Tampa, Fla., April 21.—[Special.]—The dispatches contained in today's papers announcing that Cuba will get home rule are received with scorn by the Cuban colony here.

Col. Fernando Figuerdo, Cuban delegate to Florida, tonight said:

"Should Spain ever proffer us home rule it will be spurned.

"As long as Cubans live they will fight for liberty.

"Absolute independence is what we want, nothing else.

"Campos promised us home rule in '76, but it was never granted. We are not to be bluffed again.

"What they now offer is the law proposed by Alburzuza, the Minister of Colonies, in March, 1895, and accepted by the Cortes, but never put into effect.

"This measure was suggested by the startling capture of the Lagonda, Amadis, and Barawa at Fernandino, loaded with munitions of war for Cuba. Spain has been loath to concede that much to us, but now thinks it the only redeeming measure.

"If they have our forces in Cuba so scattered, bewildered, and surrounded why are they so eager to grant any such concessions?"

ADDRESS TO AMERICA FOR PATRIOTS

Spaniards Must Grant Freedom or Make Cuba a Graveyard.

New York, April 21.—T. Estrada Palma, President of the Cuban Revolutionary Junta, tonight gave out the following adress:

"To the People of the United States: The question of the supposed reforms in Cuba is not a matter which at all concerns those who have already established an independent government in Cuba, and have resolved to shrink from no sacrifice of property or life in order to emancipate the whole island from the Spanish yoke.

"If the Spaniards resident in the island, who are favored by the Spanish Government with all sorts of privileges and monopolies, and if the handful of Cubans too pusillanimous or too proud to acknowledge their errors, or a few foreigners guided only by selfish interests, are satisfied that Cuba should remain under Spanish abomination, we, who militate under the flag of the solitary star, we, who already constitute the Republic of Cuba, and belong to a free people, with its own government and its laws, are firmly resolved to listen to no compromise and to treat with Spain only on the basis of absolute independence for Cuba.

"If Spain has power to exterminate us then let her convert the island into a vast cemetery; if she has not and wishes to terminate the war before the whole country is reduced to ashes, then let her adopt the only measure that will put an end to it, and recognize our independence.

"Spain must know by this time that while there is a single living Cuban with dignity—and there are many thousands of them—there will not be peace in Cuba nor even hope of it.

"All good causes must finally triumph, and ours is a good cause. It is the cause of justice treated with contempt, of right suppressed by force, and of the dignity of a people offended to the last degree.

"We have thrown ourselves into the struggle advisedly and deliberately. We knew what we would have to face, and we decided unflinchingly to persevere until we should emancipate ourselves from the Spanish Government, and we know we are able to do it, as we know we are competent to govern ourselves.

"Experience has taught us that as a people we have nothing to envy in the Spaniards; in fact, we feel ourselves superior to them, and from them we can expect no improvement, no better education.

"With regard to the knowledge of modern institutions and to democratic sentiments we are far more advanced than the Spaniards. In that respect and in many others we have nothing in common with the Spanish people. We are Americans. We breathe the pure air of free institutions, and we contemplate with envy the government of the people, by the people, and for the people."

FORMULATING PLANS FOR REFORM.

Spanish Cabinet Officers Making Plans for Queen's Speech.

Madrid, April 21.—Premier Canovas del Castillo and the Minister for the Colonies, Señor Castellano, drew up today the references to the political and administrative reforms in Cuba and Puerto Rico which will be announced in the coming speech from the throne.

The terms of the reforms decided upon were not revealed.

The rumors of the granting of reforms for Cuba by the Spanish Government are much discussed by all sections of the political world here.

The suporters of the government say the ministry has not changed its line of conduct, but that it will submit its proposals to the Chambers.

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FRIEND OF JEWS DEAD.

(Continued from first page.)

000, he owned Matchbox, who just missed winning the Grand Prix.

Lord Marcus Beresford was closely associated with Baron de Hirsch on the turf.

Hirsch's great estate in Hungary is well stocked with game of all kinds. There a few years ago he received the Prince of Wales and a distinguished party, whom he entertained in princely magnificence for over a week.

The Baron spent several months there every year.

In London he kept a great house in Piccadilly and also owned valuable property in France and Scotland.

Millions of poor Jews mourn his loss.

It is said that not long ago domiciliary visits in Galicia resulted in the finding of photographs of Baron de Hirsch marked "The Emperor."

The Jews proved that these photographs had been distributed by Vienna anti-Semites, who at the same time informed the police of the treasonable title given by the Jews to their benefactor.

Sorrow at Woodbine Settlement.

Cape May, N. J., April 21.—[Special.]—The death of Baron Hirsch last night was not generally known at the Woodbine settlement in this country until this afternoon, when there was much sorrow. The settlement, which was started in 1891 by his fund, now has 700 souls, and is thriving. At the colony each family, all of which are Russians, has thirty acres and necessary farming accoutrements.

JEAN BAPTISTE LEON SAY DEAD.

The Noted Son of a Noted Father Passes Away.

Paris, April 21.—Leon Say, the distinguished political economist, died at 2:30 o'clock this morning.

M. Leon Say.

President Faure has sent his condolence to the widow of M. Say. The body of Say will be interred in the Cemetery of Père la Chaise.

Jean Baptiste Leon Say was the grandson of the great French economist, J. B. Say. He commenced his career as financier by writing a pamphlet at the age of 22 years, which attracted wide attention. He was Minister of Finance several years, and was elected to the academy in 1874. He was associated with the editing of the "Dictionary of Finances," was a regular contributor to the Journal des Debats, and was held as one of the best practical as well as theoretical financiers of Europe.

He gained reputation as a diplomat, also as Ambassador to London.

LAST OF THE WAR GOVERNORS DEAD.

Arthur Ingraham Boreman of Parkersburg, W. Va., No More.

Parkersburg, W. Va., April 21.—Ex-Gov. Arthur Ingraham Boreman died yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at his residence in this city.

Mr. Boreman was born in Waynesburg, Pa., July 24, 1823. He was admitted to the bar in 1843. He was a member of the Virginia Legislature, which amid the tense popular excitement of the hour held an extra session in 1861, to discuss the propriety of seceding, and his efforts against that movement were very conspicuous. During the same year he presided over the convention assembled at Wheeling to reorganize the State government; and in the ensuing October was elected Judge of the Circuit Court, exercising the functions of that office until the unanimous election in 1863 as first Governor of the new State of West Virginia. He was reelected in 1864 and 1866.

Jethro D. Brown.

Jethro D. Brown, for over thirty years a merchant and prominent citizen of Waukegan, died of apoplexy yesterday at his home, No. 240 Ohio street. Mr. Brown was born June 11, 1816, at Chateaugay, Franklin County, N. Y., and came west in 1844, he and his wife driving the entire distance. He settled at Waukegan, where he lived for thirty-four years, coming to Chicago in 1878. In 1893 he celebrated his golden wedding, his wife dying the next year. Mr. Brown leaves one daughter, Miss Hattie A. Brown. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 10 a. m., at the residence, the Rev. Dr. Trusdell officiating. Interment will be at Waukegan.

DEBS TO SPEAK AT THE UNVERSITY.

He Accepts an Invitation to Deliver an Address Before the Undergraduate Body.

Eugene V. Debs was invited yesterday to deliver a lecture before the students of Chicago University on a date to be fixed by himself. It had been reported that the students wanted to invite him, but that the faculty had objected. The invitation, however, made no mention of such objection. Mr. Debs accepted the invitation, sending word from Terre Haute, Ind., he would meet the committee in Chicago this week to make further arrangements. He will stay at the Winwood Hotel, No. 1323 State street, and will arrive there this evening.

He will also speak again in Erie Street Methodist Church and confer with some of the labor unions.

President Harper received the news of Debs' coming with the greatest complacency. "That is all right," he said. "We've no objections to Mr. Debs addressing the students."

"Didn't the university faculty forbid the students to invite Debs here to address them, or at least take some action to prevent it?"

"Not at all," he answered; "the students asked me if the university had any objection to their inviting Debs to address them and I told them I had not; that the university was willing the students should hear all sides of the question. Then the afternoon papers came out that day with long yarns about the university forbidding the students to invite Debs here to address them. It was false from one end to the other."

President Harper said he had received many communications protesting against the action of the university. "But when Mr. Debs comes we shall give him an audience room and every courtesy we would any other speaker," said Mr. Harper.

FLY WHEEL CRUSHES THE ENGINEER

William Hessemer Slips While Cleaning Machinery.

William Hessemer of No. 227 North Clark street was crushed yesterday by the heavy fly wheel of one of the engines at the Chicago avenue p

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Darton's Successor.

THERE were four of us when we first came to Stiles' Row—Darton, Fred, Dick, and myself. Fred and I were old chums. We had been at college together, and, in palmier days, had shared a studio in St. John's Wood. Dick Maynard was a very prince of good fellows, but his career as an artist and a Bohemian was, unfortunately, nipped in the bud by an inconsiderate greataunt, who died and left him a fortune. The old life had still some fascination for him, however, and when we moved to Stiles' Row, he took the fourth studio there and occasionally came and lectured to us about art. Darton, too, had been with us from the first; but when he left, and his rooms stood empty, it was astonishing how little we missed him.

Our tiny circle seemed only drawn the closer for his defection. Probably, as Fred remarked, it was only propinquity which had made him one of us all. He had always had a hankering for the brazen pots of Philistinism. Penury had been a source of constant irritation to him. The small privations, which we had learnt to look upon with a sort of philosophic tolerance, galled him. The jest of empty pockets appealed in no way to his sense of humor. His Bohemianism had been only skin-deep. With us it seemed to have passed into our blood, and into the very sinews of our daily life. But that we were still human, however, we had soon to learn.

Fred had brought his work into my room one afternoon, and was standing before his easel gazing at an unfinished picture, with a frown upon his handsome face. There was a knock at the door. Fred looked at me and scowled.

"It's that grocer, Johnny," he remarked savagely. "He said he should come this afternoon. Who told him I was up here, I wonder? Meddlesome idiot! Hold on a minute!"

He passed behind the high screen which partitioned off my room, and threw himself upon the bed.

"Come in!" I called out.

The door was opened, and a girl crossed the threshold. We did not want to see any woman about the place. In this respect we were peculiar but sincere. I went on painting, without a second glance at her.

"We neither of us want a model," I volunteered; "can't afford to pay them. Shut the door, please."

She closed the door, but remained inside.

"Can't you?" she said. "I am sorry. But, you see, I'm not a model."

I turned round, and looked at her. She was tall, and she wore an artist's smock over a plain dark dress. As to her appearance, I have never attempted to describe her, and I never shall. Dick could do it by the hour. I never could. I only know that she was beautiful, and she stood there laughing at me.

"I am your neighbor," she explained, the corners of her mouth still twitching. "I have taken the rooms below, which Mr. Darton used to have. Do you understand stoves? I have been trying to make some tea for half an hour, but, voila!—that is all I have succeeded in doing."

She held up a pair of small, black hands, and laughed. I laughed, too. It was irresistible.

"Stoves?" I repeated. "I don't know. I'll come and see, if you like."

"If you really wouldn't mind. Good gracious! what is that?"

I followed her startled eyes. In his eagerness to see the new-comer, Fred had mounted on to my bed, and was looking over the screen. I frowned at him severely.

"It's my friend," I explained. "He has the room above here, but he was working with me when you knocked. And, the fact is, we thought you were a dun, so he was in retirement. Come out Fred!"

Fred appeared, with a very red face, and bowed with such dignity as a man may who is wearing a dirty smock in lieu of a coat, and carpet slippers. But our visitor was very gracious.

"My name is D'Auxelles," she said. "Come, both of you, and see if you can put my stove right, and I will give you some tea. That is, if you are not too busy, of course."

Busy! We scouted the idea, and followed her down to the next floor. Darton's room was witnessing a metamorphosis indeed. We found the floor strewn with a motley collection of feminine belongings, including an easel, and all the paraphernalia of an artist. In the center was a black-iron tubular concern, emitting spasmodic puffs of smoke from the top.

"It is a patent arrangement," she remarked, looking at it thoughtfully. "The man from whom I bought it declared that it would cook anything, from an egg to a haunch of mutton. It only wants managing. Here is a book of instructions. I have tried to understand them, but I am so stupid!"

She handed us a little pamphlet. It was all very simple. We went for it boldly.

"I will cut some bread-and-butter and open the jam, while you boil the kettle," she proposed. "Perhaps you will be able to make some toast when you have found out how the thing works."

"We will try," answered dubiously.

"The first thing to do is to thoroughly master the principle of the thing. Read those instructions again, Fred."

We approached our task with a certain amount of cheerfulness. As time went on, our faces fell, our complacency deserted us. Fred, with a great smut on his left cheek, had commenced to swear to himself softly, but with terrible earnestness. I was struggling with an insane desire to seek out the maker of the thing and kick him. She came over and stood by our side.

"I am afraid that you are not getting on very well," she remarked. She seemed disappointed.

I rose to my feet. "The fact is, we are not getting on at all," I confessed. "There is a big fire in my room. Let us take the things in there and boil the kettle."

"Delightful!" she exclaimed. "Here, hold out your hands!"

She loaded us with plates of bread and butter, and scones, and jam. Fred loitered behind to help her with the kettle. He muttered something about the handle being hot. At the door our eyes met, and he positively blushed. They were both carrying the kettle.

Such an afternoon tea my studio had never witnessed before. Certainly it will never witness anything of the sort again. She sat in my easy chair, and we both waited upon her—with more than average clumsiness. But she enjoyed it. She told us a little about herself—not much. She was an orphan, and she had been living with some relatives in London who bored her. They were apparently addicted to the vice of fashionable life. Helen—she told us that we were to call her Helen—had only one desire: it was to become an artist. She did not tell us so point-blank, but we gathered that she had run away. That there was anything unusual in her having rooms in Stiles' Row, Chelsea, she did not seem to appreciate in the least. She was sublimely unconscious—sublimely ignorant. She looked out upon life with a naive and eager curiosity. Bohemia was her Promised Land. To be a denizen in it seemed to be the limit of her desires. Her sex did not seem in the least to embarrass her. She talked to us as an equal and a comrade. We were artists. In less than half an hour we had forgotten our shabbiness and the poverty of our surroundings. We were all the best of friends. It was very surprising.

After tea, she took out a dainty little cigaret case, and smoked, while we showed her our work, or such part of it as we thought worthy of her inspection. Fred accepted a cigaret, and smoked it in lieu of his pipe. He told me afterwards that it was the best Egyptian cigaret he had ever tasted.

When she left us, she held out her hand with a little impulsive gesture.

"Good-by!" she said, looking straight into my eyes. "I am so glad to have you two for neighbors, and I am sure that we shall be good friends. It is so good of you not to mind having a girl as a fellow-worker!"

In turn we bowed over her hand. Fred mumbled a little speech, but I said nothing. Then we went back to my fire, and smoked, and looked at one another stealthily through the twilight. Perhaps the same thought was there with both of us. Through the curling smoke from my pipe, as it spread around in faint, dim wreaths, I seemed to see something in the future which might come between us two, a little crack in the wall of our treasured friendship—just a scratch, but a scratch which might easily become a chasm. And then Fred—a fellow of great heart was Fred—laid his hand upon that crack, and sealed it up for ever. Through the shadows, I could see his soft eyes—he had woman's eyes—turned full upon me, and his hand thrust forward.

"Friends!"

I leaned forward, and clasped his hand.

"Always!"

* * *

A woman brings change as the spring brings flowers, but with us the change was not what we had dreaded. These were the halcyon days of our Bohemianism. We had a new comrade, gay, fascinating, sympathetic. Dick, too, came under the charm. Dick, the hardened young misogynist, who railed at women as at the plagues of Egypt. But Dick had mixed with women freely, and society was never to him what it was to Fred and myself. Our evenings no longer hung fire. We had little dinners at Mariette's—more than we could afford—and we generally wound up the evening at a music hall, or one of the exhibitions. Fred, somewhat shyly, had brought out a dress coat and unearthed a tall hat. I, with a sigh, furbished up my old clothes, for I was very poor in those days. Not that Helen ever cost us a penny. She paid her share of everything from the start, and she would have been grievously offended if we had treated her in any way otherwise than as one of ourselves. We even told her of our custom—the sale of a picture meant a dinner at Mariette's, if the price allowed it—and she clapped her hands with delight. But from that time she always seemed to be selling a picture—dainty little things they were, too! We seldom saw a purchaser, but her gay little summons became a very familiar thing. And we went without hesitation. Helen had a way of making us do what she wanted. Our constant study was to keep her amused and interested, for there was just one disturbing element in the happiness of our days. Helen would get tired of her life in a shabby suburban street, with only us three men for her companions. She would get tired of it and go away. So we humored her like a child, watching her face to see if she were amused when we took her out, drinking sweet Moselle for dinner without a single

"I AM YOUR NEW NEIGHBOR."

wry face, holding frequent consultations, and studying her in every way that occurred to us. And, on the whole, we succeeded. As to her painting, we had no difficulty in keeping her interested in it. We taught her a little, and she was always eager to learn. She had talent, and her work, if it was not of a very high order, had a charm and originality of her own. She was a flower painter. Often Fred and I found our way to Covent Garden in the fresh spring twilight before the dawn, in search of roses for her, and saw the sun rise as we strode homeward together through the dim, silent streets. And on those occasions we said very little. But we each knew the other's mind.

There came a morning when Helen waltzed lightly into my room, waving her hands above her head, and, with a fine flourish, came to a standstill before me.

"Who will come with me into the Land of Goshen?" she cried breathlessly. "I want to go to my dressmaker, and to see the rhododendrons in the park. Who will come?"

She looked at me, but I kept my eyes upon my work. Alas! I had no garments for the West.

"We have only one tall hat between us," I said sorrowfully, "and it will not fit me. Fred must be your escort."

Fred was already tearing off his smock, and handling the clothesbrush. She turned away slowly.

"I shall be ready in ten minutes," she said, without looking at me any more. "Don't dare to keep me waiting!"

I laid down my brush and watched them cross the street. Fred, tall and aristocratic, wearing his shabby clothes with the air of a Prince, and Helen—what a metamorphosis! She had become a woman of fashion. She was wearing the garments of a world which had no kin with ours, wearing them gracefully and naturally. I watched them until they were out of sight, and an odd thing happened to me. I, a hardened outcast from the world, a wanderer in its byways, a would-be cynic, became suddenly the slave of an emotional crisis. A mist swam before my eyes, a lump crept into my throat. My brush slipped from my nerveless fingers. I was leaning against my easel, and my head was resting in my clasped hands. This, then, was what I had made of life! My best years were stealing away. Middle-age stared me in the face. What had I made of myself—what was I? A vagabond, a strolling artist, a loiterer along the broad avenue at whose end was the temple of fame, with my hands in my pockets, while others girded up their loins, and passed me, now one by one, now in a stream. The ignominy of content stung me to the quick. The sunshine streamed slipping from my life. And I knew whence had come this phase of sudden realization. I turned upon myself with a new fury. Fool! A nameless artist, without money or repute, a parasite hanging on to a little back corner of the world. What folly! What folly!

When they returned, I knew at once that something had gone wrong. Helen went straight to her room, and Fred came hurrying in to me, with a white, troubled face. He threw off his hat and coat, and commenced filling his pipe with trembling fingers. "What is it?" I asked softly. He answered me with an oath.

"We have seen some of her people. They were in the park. We got into a hansom, but they gave chase. One of them has spotted us down. They will find her out. They will make her go back!"

We looked at one another, aghast.

"Go to the window," he directed. I went. "Is there a fellow in a long coat watching the house?"

A man in a frock coat stood opposite, smoking a cigaret, and looking up. I pointed him out to Fred.

"I should like to wring his neck!" muttered Fred, looking over my shoulder. "It was he who saw us. That is his carriage at

"EXACTLY. OF MISS D'AUXELLES."

the corner. He is waiting for the others."

A brougham drawn by a pair of dark horses turned into the narrow street. The man who was waiting handed out a lady, and together they entered the house. Helen came running into our room.

"They have found me out!" she cried sadly. "I shall have to go away!"

I pointed below. "They have come for you already," I said.

She was very pale, and her eyes were wonderfully soft.

"This has been a mad freak of mine," she said, "but I shall never regret it—never! It will be a little corner of my life which I shall cherish. You two, and Mr. Dick have been so good to me. You have been like brothers. You will come and see me—afterwards, won't you?"

We promised sadly, and without enthusiasm. She shook hands with us and hurried away.

We heard her greet the newcomers on the landing. They all went together into her room. Fred and I looked into each other's eyes. Then he rushed away, and I heard the door of his room slam. I was alone!

I sank into my chair, and I closed my eyes. After all, it was for the best. The thing could not have gone on. And yet——

And then my little chain of reasoning snapped and fell to the ground. I saw only her face. I gave way to the strong, sweet delight of memory. I fashioned my own picture, and the breath of life seemed to be in it. Everything was so real—her soft, bright voice, the silken rustling of her skirts, the dainty trifles of her toilette—all these soft, indefinable suggestions of femininity which had been like a revelation to me. Then—surely I was dreaming, or had my picture taken life?—there was a light step in the room, the faint swish of a trailing skirt, te sweet odor of violets. I kept my eyes half closed. I would not look up or move my head. It was too sweet! I dared not risk losing it. Nearer and nearer it came. A woman's soft breath fell upon my cheek. Something touched my lips—something warm and delicate and trembling. Again the swish of a skirt, the opening and closing of a door.

Silence!

I opened my eyes. Of course, it was a dream, but on my knee was a little cluster of violets.

In the morning I had a visitor. Fred was away. I turned to meet him, his card in my hand, with clenched teeth and white face. He stood and bowed, a white-haired, courteous old gentleman. My resentment faded away.

"You will pardon the liberty—Mr. Montavon, I believe?"

I bowed, and pointed to my chair. He looked at it through his eye-glass, and declined it politely.

"I have only a moment," he said. "I am here at the request of the guardians of——"

"Of Miss D'Auxelles," I said.

He raised his eyebrows, and bowed.

"Exactly. Of Miss D'Auxelles. I applaud your discretion, sir; it makes my task easier. Her guardians wish me to convey their thanks—their sincere thanks—to you, for the kindness and consideration which you showed their ward in her late most extraordinary escapade. They feel that your behavior, and the behavior of your friends, whom I regret not to have met, was most exceptional. I offer you their most heartfelt gratitude, and, from the young lady—this."

I took the little parcel, and bowed.

"There was nothing at all exceptional in our treatment of the young lady," I said drily, "nor can I see that there was anything very extraordinary in what you term 'her escapade.' We are not in the middle ages!"

He took up his hat, looking at me fixedly, and smiled.

"You will doubtless understand better when you have examined the little offering from the young lady," he remarked. "Good morning, sir."

He left me with another bow. I tore upon the covering of the parcel, and slowly opened a jeweler's case. A magnificent opal pin, set with diamonds, flashed up at me from a bed of purple velvet. I scarcely noticed it, for I was unfolding with trembling fingers a little scrap of paper, on which was a single line of writing—

"From your comrade and sister, Helen, Princess D'Auxelles."

Then I understood!—E. Phillips Oppenheim in the Sketch.

SHORT STORIES

By Popular Authors,

COMPLETE . . . IN ONE INSTALLMENT,

WILL BE PRINTED

DAILY THROUGH THIS WEEK.

SOCIETY.

The marriage of Miss Etta Klein and Mr. John J. Litt was solemnized at the home of the bride's mother, No. 3208 South Park avenue, last evening, the Rev. Dr. Messing officiating. After a brief trip through the South Mr. and Mrs. Litt will be at home at No. 97 Forty-second place.

* * *

The Amateur Musical club gave its last concert of the season last evening at Steinway Hall. A large and distinguished audience was present. Mr. Henry Booth Byers assisted in the program.

* * *

Miss Florence Pullman's bridemaids are arriving. Miss Felicite Oglesby is with Miss Pullman. Miss Alger of Detroit is expected on Saturday, and Miss West of New York will come the first of the week.

* * *

Mrs. W. K. Nixon gave a tea on Monday in honor of Prince Wolkonsky.

* * *

A musicale at which Miss Marie Engle, soprano, and Mr. W. C. E. Seeboeck, pianist, will be the artists, will be given this evening at the Virginia Hotel.

Mrs. James M. Walker will give a dinner on Monday evening in honor of the Pullman-Lowden bridal party.

* * *

The marriage of Miss May June Blair to Mr. Frank Russell Hussey will be celebrated this evening at the Church of Our Savior. Mr. Sydney N. Reeves will attend the groom. Miss Elaine Kittridge Hussey will be the bridemaid. The Rev. Dr. Edwards will officiate. A yachting trip along the New England coast will be made by the bridal couple, after which they will be at home at No. 729 Fullerton boulevard on Thursdays in June.

* * *

Mrs. H. O. Stone and Mrs. George M. Pullman have returned from a short trip through the South. Mrs. Stone, after a two months' trip to Paris, will spend the rest of the summer at her cottage at Beach Bluff, Mass.

A number of Chicagoans will sail for Europe in time for Salon day in Paris. Among them are:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Breed,	Mrs. H. O. Stone, Miss Parker,
Mrs. Charles Kellogg,	Miss Frances Keep,
Mrs. Arthur Caton,	Mr. Marshall Field.
Mrs. Augustus Eddy,	

The Rev. Robert Collyer of New York is expected in Chicago soon on a visit.

Mrs. Denegre of New Orleans will shortly visit her sister, Mrs. William B. Walker, No. 2027 Prairie avenue.

REPORT ON SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORK.

Congregationalists of Boston and Chicago Have Their Annual Meeting.

Boston, Mass., April 21.—The annual meeting of the Congregational Sunday-School Society of Boston and Chicago was held this afternoon. The presentation of the sixty-fourth annual report of the Board of Directors, by the Secretary, the Rev. George M. Boynton, was the principal business.

Thirty-four Superintendents and missionaries have represented the society in the various fields. Five hundred and sixty-six schools have been organized during the year, nearly 100 more than the year before. The home department has also been successfully extended in all parts of the land.

About 1,268 mission Sunday-schools are reported as under their care by Congregational Superintendents in twenty-six States. Of these 1,064 are in places where there is no other Christian work of any kind. Of the remaining 204 schools about 100 are in large cities, several of them among the foreign born population. The others are in large towns.

The legacies which have come this year amount to only $3,544, as against $22,340 in the preceding year. Less than 1,000 churches have given anything as churches, and 121 of these only as contributing at a Sunday-school service.

BETA THETA PI ALUMNI DINNER.

Occasion a Sort of Bachelor Reception for Frank O. Lowden.

The regular monthly dinner of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, held last evening at the Union League club, resolved itself into a sort of farewell bachelor reception for President Frank O. Lowden, who is soon to be married to Miss Pullman. The following members of the alumni association ate in his honor and did other things calculated to give Mr. Lowden pleasant recollections of the occasion:

D. G. Hamilton,	F. R. Babcock,
J. C. Lewis,	W. D. Fullerton,
T. C. Read,	R. W. Dunn,
B. B. Davis,	Judge Grosscup,
C. S. Tomlinson,	F. B. Vrooman,
M. H. Day,	R. E. Reilly,
F. E. Lord,	E. B. Chandler,
J. S. Miller,	John Hitt,
W. W. Hiner,	W. T. Rankin,
C. D. Roys,	D. D. Donan,
C. M. Coleman,	G. M. Wisner,
C. F. Harding,	T. S. Marquis,
C. F. Beach,	F. H. Scott.

Speeches were made by Judge Grosscup, the Rev. F. B. Vrooman, Dr. Marquis, and Frank H. Scott.

CHOCOLATE CAKE POISONS TWENTY.

Pittsburg Suffering from an Epidemic of Impure Sweetmeats.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 21.—During the last two days thirty-three persons in this city have been poisoned by eating impure food and sweetmeats. Thirteen of the victims were boarders at a fashionable private hostelry in Hazlewood. All have recovered, although several were near death. In the cases of twenty the cause is ascribed to chocolate cake purchased at a bakery.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take laxative Brome Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

GAZE AND GUESS ON MEN.

MENOKEN CLUB WOMEN ENJOY AN AFTERNOON CELEBRITY PARTY.

Prizes Awarded for Puzzling Out the Correct Names of the Prominent Persons Photographed—Mrs. J. H. Dawson and Mrs. A. C. Traill the Winners—O'Rell, Kipling, Du Maurier, and Doyle Badly Mixed by the Fair Contestants.

One hundred women, members of the Menoken club, spent yesterday afternoon gazing at the photographs of prominent men. This new diversion of Chicago club-women, which has been popular in Washington all winter, goes by the name of "celebrity party."

After months of wrestling with "problems" and the "thusness" of the coming man, interspersed with lectures on Delsarte, this last entertainment for the season of the Menoken women proved interesting and, it was believed, instructive.

There was not only pleasure in looking at the likenesses, but there were two prizes for the women who could write on their cards the names of most of the men. The prize-winners were Mrs. J. H. Dawson and Mrs. A. C. Traill. The prizes were a cut glass toilet

FRED YOUNG, WHO PAID $100 FOR A KISS.

bottle and a pretty French clock.

The "celebrity party" was conducted after this fashion: After the usual interchange of compliments on spring millinery the women were arranged in circles of ten. Each circle was provided with a photograph marked No. 1, the name of the picture being marked on the score card. So the game progressed to No. 20.

Max O'Rell was marked Rudyard Kipling and George du Maurier was called A. Conan Doyle with a calmness that led one to believe there was really nothing in a name. By wise forethought the "paper phiz" of Paderewski was not among the honored celebrities.

The buzz that accompanied this contest was equal to a sewing bee. It only subsided when Mrs. A. B. McCourtie, the presiding genius, submitted the score cards to the judges and Miss Sue Allen Harrington added to the pleasure of the afternoon with vocal selections.

Among the women who were initiated into the mysteries of the "celebrity party" were:

Mrs. A. B. Hean,	Mrs. F. S. Atkin,
Mrs. E. W. Stanwood,	Mrs. A. H. Dunham,
Mrs. W. S. Tillotson,	Mrs. F. Bryan,
Mrs. Samuel Kerr,	Mrs. Thomas Eaton,
Mrs. H. W. Stoker,	Mrs. Edward Dickey,
Mrs. Charles Street,	Mrs. F. F. Bullen.
Mrs. W. A. Krause.	

TO ASK AID FOR VACATION SCHOOLS.

Committee Will Petition the Board of Education for Five Buildings.

The committee of which Miss Sadie American is Chairman, recently appointed by the Bureau of Charities to devise means to introduce "vacation schools" in Chicago, will submit a petition to the Board of Education tonight asking for the use of five schools situated near the settlements in this city.

It is intended to start the "vacation schools" for poorer children, a system popular in Eastern cities for the amusement and instruction of little ones. The Board of Education will be asked for no money, the intention being to raise it among interested persons.

Invitations have been issued for a gathering of women interested in the needs of children during vacation months, to be held this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Ferdinand Peck, No. 1826 Michigan avenue. Among those who will speak are Miss Jane Addams, Prof. Myra Reynolds, Miss Mary McDowell, and Miss Sadie American.

RAISE $125 FOR CONTINENTAL HALL.

Daughters of the Revolution Contribute to National Headquarters.

Members of the local branch of the Daughters of the Revolution raised $125 yesterday for the Continental Hall, to be erected in Washington, D. C., as national headquarters for the society.

The money was pledged at the last meeting of the season, held in the Munger room in the Art Institute, after Mrs. H. M. Shepard had made an address setting forth the merits of the proposed plan.

The meeting was enlivened with music, and one interesting feature was a paper on "Modern Republics," by Mrs. Frederick Smith.

Women Talk Foreign Missions.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Baptist Foreign Missionary Society of the West, which will continue three days, was begun yesterday afternoon at the First Baptist Church, Thirty-first street and South Park avenue. Yesterday's session was given up to the secretaries of the different branches of the society. It was decided to ask each church in the district to raise one-tenth more money this year than last for foreign missionary work.

To Honor Shakspeare's Birth.

The birthday of Shakespeare will be celebrated by the art and literature department of the Woman's club this evening with a reception at the club rooms. Informal addresses will follow the social hour.

TAKE A FLAG FROM GIRL STUDENTS.

Raid by Johns Hopkins Boys in Which Police Are Called.

Baltimore, Md., April 21.—[Special.]—At a recent concert given at the Woman's College by the glee and mandolin clubs there were a number of Johns Hopkins University men present who carried off the '97 class flag and hung it up as a trophy in one of the Greek letter fraternity houses.

The girls wrote a note requesting the return of the flag. They received an answer saying it had been taken from the fraternity house by one of the students. Then the girls placed the matter in the hands of the police, who searched two or three students' boarding-houses without result.

Today the flag was left at a police station by a messenger boy.

Young men or old should not fail to read Thos. Slater's advertisement on page 7.

HE PAYS $100 FOR A SINGLE KISS.

Freddie Young's Osculatory Experiment Costs Him Dear and Lands Him in Jail.

It cost Freddie Young just $100 to kiss Hattie Price. Not $100 in theater tickets, street car fares, ice cream sociables, and pink teas, but $100 in a single lump.

The kiss occurred Monday evening at the Van Buren street station of the Illinois Central railroad. Its value was fixed yesterday by Justice Underwood at the Harrison Street Police Court. Freddie had not counted on kisses coming so high. He did not come prepared to pay so much. So last night he sat in the county jail and thought and thought and thought.

He was not especially sad, was Freddie. After the Judge assessed him $100 for a single kiss he thanked his lucky stars he had not kissed Miss Price three or four times or hugged her or held her hand for half an hour.

"For if I had," said Freddie naively, as he stood in the middle of his cell and kicked vigorously at himself, "I should probably have been hung or sent to the penitentiary for life."

The tragedy occurred on the platform of the Van Buren station. As Freddie approached the station on the fatal evening the dusk was falling. Freddie was also falling—now and then. He had carried at divers wine shops, and his pathway to the station across the Lake-Front Park was erratic.

While sitting on a bench listening to the sad murmur of the waves Miss Hattie Price, the heroine of the little drama, approached. Freddie and Miss Price had never met before, but in the condition in which Freddie was that did not bother him in the least. In fact, he wasn't quite sure whether it was a woman or the Illinois Central depot. But as the depot, together with the station and the Auditorium, had just strolled by and were not due again for two minutes, Freddie decided it must be a woman.

He immediately decided he loved her. In his joy he sprang to his feet and threw his arms around three or four feet of atmosphere in a frantic attempt to hug the object of his adoration. Finally, by a tremendous effort, he caught her hand and succeeded in kissing Miss Price. She screamed, and the commuters dashed to the rescue. Freddie crawled up on the railing and fell over into the park and into the arms of Policeman McGrath.

Justice Underwood did the rest.

VROOMAN CASE TO GO TO THE SYNOD.

Conservative Element in Presbyterian Church Will Carry Up the Favorable Decision of Presbytery.

The conservative element of the Presbyterian Church will contest the favorable decision of the presbytery in the case of the Rev. Frank B. Vrooman at the synod in August, and, if necessary, will carry the matter up to the General Assembly, which will convene in May, 1897.

This does not mean that Mr. Vrooman is to be tried for heresy. The action will be simply an appeal from the judgment of a few to that of a larger body, as provided by the polity of the church. The synod corresponds in the church to the Court of Appeal in jurisprudence and the General Assembly to the Supreme Court.

From the outset the trouble about the admission of Mr. Vrooman into the church has been simply a factional fight.

The more liberal clergymen of the faith have contended that, with reasonable restrictions as to matters of belief, it is the part of policy and common sense to admit into the fold men who have an aptitude for practical work. The other faction has taken the ground that it is advisable to insist on an allegiance to the old beliefs.

The significance of the action to be taken, then, is not personal. Mr. Vrooman is only an incident. The appeal is to be regarded as a mere expression for the contending views that everybody knows have existed in the church for years.

One fact seems to point to a pronounced contention in the synod, and that is that the conservatives are in the ascendency in the small towns and country districts, as the liberals are in the large cities. It is thought not unlikely that the decision of the presbytery will be reversed.

The members of the presbytery are rather averse to giving their views on the fight, as they say it is now a mere expression of opinion. The majority of the clergy seem to deplore the step taken by Mr. Bryan, as they say it can do little good, if any, and will have the effect of checking good work.

NEW CHARGES AGAINST DR. BROWN.

Bay Conference Threatens to Suspend the San Francisco Pastor.

Oakland, Cal., April 21.—The Bay Conference of Congregational ministers is displeased at the refusal of the Rev. Dr. C. O. Brown, pastor of the First Congregational Church of San Francisco, to accept the light censure imposed by the council which tried him upon charges of immorality and unministerial conduct. New charges have been preferred against him, and the old complaint will be reopened.

The new allegations say the pastor is untruthful and unfit for the ministry. Incidentally, some members of the council which six weeks ago pronounced Brown innocent of misdoing, now allege belief in his guilt.

The proposition of Dr. Brown's opponents is to pass a vote of suspension from the ministry until such time as his character shall be cleared.

COMPUTES ORBIT OF SWIFT'S COMET.

Course of Celestial Wanderer Given by Prof. Aitken.

Mount Hamilton, Cal., April 21.—Swift's new comet was observed at Lick Observatory on April 16, 17, and 19 by Profs. Hussey and Aitken. From these observations Prof. Aitken has computed an orbit, which shows the following elements:

Time of perihelion April 17, 79 Greenwich mean time; longitude of perihelion, 180° 12'; longitude of node, 177° 58'; inclination, 56°; perihelion distance, .5645 (about 50,000,000 miles).

The brightness today was 20 per cent greater than at discovery, but it will decrease after this. The comet having passed perihelion is now receding from the sun. It is almost visible to the naked eye in the northwest after sunset.

The advantage of a policeman over a burglar is that the officer has the law on his side. Health has the same advantage over disease. The Law of Nature is for people to be healthy. When they are sick, Nature helps to cure them. Nature's law is the guide for curing sick people. There is no way but Nature's way. What the doctors call many different diseases Nature cures in one way; by nourishing the whole body with good, pure, rich, red blood. That is Nature's way of curing scrofula, erysipelas, kidney and "liver complaint," consumption and every form of eruptive and wasting disease. When you want to help Nature with medicine the medicine must work the same way as Nature works, then it has the laws of Nature on its side to make it powerful. That is the secret of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery's wonderful cures. It assists Nature according to her own laws; it is on Nature's side and Nature helps it; it imparts new power to the nutritive and blood making organs to create a large quantity of fresh, red, healthy blood which drives every germ of disease out of the system and builds up strong healthy tissues and *solid* flesh. The "Discovery" completely clears away every form of blood-disease from the system; it even cures consumption. It is the only true radical cure for that disease; facts and testimony to prove it.

"I would like to tell the whole world what your 'Golden Medical Discovery' has done for me. The doctor, who is considered an expert on lung troubles, told me I had consumption. He said both my lungs were diseased and I could not live long. I felt down-hearted for I have dear little children to live for. I just went to him to get his opinion. I am glad I did for now I know what your medicine will do. When I started on the second bottle I was better in every way and was able to take a walk on every fine day. I enjoyed my sleep, my appetite was good, and by the time I had finished the second bottle I began to feel like a new woman. I still had a cough, so I got a third bottle and by the time it was half gone I was completely cured."

(Mrs.) James Gatfield

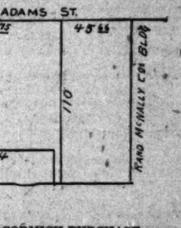
77 Mary St., Hamilton, Ont., Can.

C. H. M'CORMICK BUYS REAL ESTATE.

Pays $555,000 for Three Lots at the Corner of Fifth Avenue and Adams Street.

Cyrus H. McCormick bought yesterday of John McConnell, Benjamin F. McConnell, the estate of George McConnell, and Mrs. Theodore A. Kochs, property at the southeast corner of Fifth avenue and Adams street for $555,000. The sale was negotiated by J. C. Fleming.

Three pieces of property are included in the purchase of Mr. McCormick, as follows: The lot on the corner, 68x90 feet, with a small projection on the east 4x20 feet, was sold by John McConnell for $325,000. This property contains 6,282 square feet, making the consideration $51.73 a square foot. The adjoining property in Adams street, 45x110 feet, was sold by B. F. McConnell and the



THE McCORMICK PURCHASE.

estate of George McConnell for a consideration of $185,000, or $36.83 a square foot. The land sold by Mrs. Theodore A. Kochs adjoins the John McConnell property in Fifth avenue. It is 20x64 feet. The consideration in this instance is $45,000, or $35 a square foot. The improvements on the various properties in the transaction are not in a condition to be remodeled to advantage and were not considered of any value in the purchase.

The property bought by Mr. McCormick was sold to the father of the present owners in 1836 for $1,000.

The sale is one of the largest made in that locality for many months, and is one of the largest down-town sales made this year.

RUSHING WORK IN PEARL BRYAN CASE.

Jury Secured and Testimony of Two Witnesses Against Scott Jackson Taken the First Day.

Newport, Ky., April 21.—Scott Jackson was placed on trial today for the murder of Pearl Bryan. The jury was quickly secured and the taking of evidence began at once. Nearly all of the jurymen are mechanics, and all are of foreign descent. There is not a native born Kentuckian in the lot.

There were throngs of people in the street curious to see Jackson, but no excitement other than that of curiosity.

The court-room was crowded early by persons admitted on tickets. There were thirty-six seats reserved within the bar for the press and every one was filled. Five women were in the audience.

The first wit

NO EXCUSE THIS TIME.

UMPIRE ALL RIGHT AND SO IS THE ST. LOUIS TEAM.

Chicagos Simply Fail to Play as Good Ball as That Put Up by the Browns and Defeat Is the Result—Decker Plays with a Sore Thumb—Griffith Pitches Well for Seven Innings, but the Opposition Catches On and Bats Him Unmercifully.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.		Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Pittsburg	3	1	.750	Cincinnati	2	3	.400
Washt'n	3	1	.750	Chicago	2	3	.400
Phil'delp'a	3	1	.750	Boston	2	3	.400
Cleveland	3	1	.750	Baltimore	2	3	.400
St. Louis	3	2	.600	New York	1	3	.250
Brooklyn	2	2	.500	Louisville	1	4	.200

Yesterday's Games.

St. Louis, 7; Chicago, 3
Washington, 12; Brooklyn, 10.
Baltimore, 14; Boston, 2.
Cleveland, 11; Cincinnati, 10.
Philadelphia, 3; New York, 1.
Pittsburg, 4; Louisville, 3.

Games Today.

Chicago at St. Louis.
Cleveland at Cincinnati.
Louisville at Pittsburg.
Boston at Baltimore.
Brooklyn at Washington.
Philadelphia at New York.

DID NOT KNOW WHAT TO DO.

That Was the Reason of Such a Signal Defeat.

St. Louis, Mo., April 21.—[Special.]—Thirteen men pulled on white stockings this afternoon and proceeded to prove the number has a baleful influence by gracefully taking a trouncing from the Von der Ahe pigmies. They were outbatted and outfielded. When they got the ball in their hands they knew what to do with it, and that is something some of the Chicagos did not know. The score was 7 to 3 and the hits eleven for the winners and five for the losers.

For seven innings Griffith, Chicago's star pitcher of last year, threw the ball effectively, but in the eighth he was found by the locals and four runs were made. That clinched the game, which was a tie at the end of the seventh. Three out of four was what Chicago wanted when it landed at this end of the bridge, but it would not be surprising if the figures were reversed at the end of play on Thursday evening.

Since the second game at Louisville the Chicagos have done no hitting. In one game the umpire prevented it by calling strikes when he should have said balls. In the next Breitenstein exercised too much ingenuity, and today a young man named Hart put the secret of his delivery behind a time-lock and kept it there for nine long innings, two of which were extremely disheartning. In the St. Louis games the fielding has been ragged, a luck ading in the general disaster by making every misplay a costly one.

Club Playing Poor Ball.

The club is not playing the ball it is capable of, but it is so early in the season the Chicago fans need not lose heart. Not counting one bad decision, which of course was in favor of the home team, Sheridan was satisfactory as an umpire, and he did nothing to change the result. Decker played with a thumb as stiff as a board and swelled twice its natural size, but he took care of everything that came his way and made a three-bagger, which was productive of a run. Artie Latham's catches of hot drives over third and short flies across the foul line were the fielding features of the day.

Dahlen distinguished himself in the same manner for Chicago. One of the Chicago left-handed men, either Thornton or Friend, will probably go in the pitcher's box tomorrow, though Briggs may be given a chance to make his National League debut. The first and second innings were played without the chalking of runs on the blackboard, but in the third Chicago began operations, and the St. Louis rooters began to hedge on their bets. Kittridge hit to Latham, who fumbled and threw wide, leaving the white-stockinged catcher safe on first. Everitt sacrificed with a little bunt to the pitcher, and Dahlen knocked a fly. Lange put a scorcher through the shortstop, and Kittridge scored. Lange stole second and third, a difficult feat against McFarland, but was left there when Truby knocked a weak one and was out at first, Ryan having in the meantime taken his base on balls.

St. Louis Evens Things Up.

But St. Louis more than evened things up. Griffith couldn't see the plate and Cross trotted to Decker's bat. Hart tried to sacrifice but struck a bounder to the pitcher, affording an easy chance for a double. Instead of sending the base runners to the bench Truby muffed the ball and all hands were safe, with Cross on third. Latham hit between third and the shortstop and Cross came in, tying the score. Hart was caught at third trying to steal and Latham ran down to second. Dowd made a beautiful drive into right field for a base and stole second, and when Cooley came along with another single followed Latham to the plate. Connor gave Lange a chance for a put out and ended an inning which should have been a goose egg.

Nothing daunted, Decker in the next inning hit for three bases, and Griffith brought him to the rubber with a long fly caught in right field. The score was tied in the seventh. Flynn, who had made a three-bagger in the second inning and could get no farther, made a single and was sacrificed to second by Griffith. Kittridge struck out, and Everitt hit to center field, Flynn bringing in his run. Dahlen also made a hit in this inning, but with two men on bases Lange was the third out on a fly to right. Sharp fielding by the White Stockings prevented the St. Louis Brownies from scoring in their half of the seventh, but in the eighth woe fell upon the Chicagos.

Woe to the Chicagos.

Dowd and the umpire began it. The little center fielder put a grounder just to the left of the second base. Dahlen picking it up while running at full speed. He had no time to stop for a perfect throw and snapped the ball down to Decker. It went a little wide and low, but the rangy first baseman reached out and caught it two inches from the ground. The runner was caught by eight feet, but the umpire said "safe." Everybody jabbered at Sheridan, who threatened to fine all concerned and didn't, and the game went on. Cooley hit over second base and Quinn, who has made only one hit this season—a home run on Sunday—bunted, and Dowd was caught at third.

Then Roger Connor placed a pretty liner over second base, Cooley running home. Niland hit past third, Quinn coming in. McFarland batted a grounder into Truby's hands and the latter waited just long enough to let Connor come in while he was throwing to Kittridge. There was time to catch the man either at home or first base. Then Cross added to the agony by bringing Niland home with a single. Hart did the unexpected by hitting safely and the bases were full, with Arlie Latham at bat. After receiving advice from everybody on the grounds he hit to Everitt and McFarland was forced at the plate. Two were out and three men on bases when Dowd struck out. The score:

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	B	P	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Latham, 3b.	5	1	1	3	4	1	0	1	0	0	1
Dowd, cf.	4	1	1	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	0
Cooley, lf.	4	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quinn, 2b.	5	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
Connor, 1b.	3	1	1	10	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Niland, rf.	3	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
McFarland, c.	4	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cross, ss.	4	0	1	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
Hart, p.	4	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1
Totals	34	7	11	27	11	2	0	5	4	1	5

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	B	P	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Everitt, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1
Dahlen, ss.	3	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	1
Lange, rf.	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Ryan, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
Truby, 2b.	4	0	0	3	3	2	0	1	0	0	0
Decker, 1b.	4	1	1	14	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flynn, lf.	4	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Griffith, p.	3	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kittridge, c.	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Totals	32	3	6	34	13	2	1	3	3	2	7

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	—3
St. Louis	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	*	—7

Exact attendance, 2,450. Earned runs—St. Louis, 2. Chicago, 2. Three-base hits—Decker, Flynn. Sacrifice hits—Everitt, Griffith. Double play—Dahlen-Truby-Decker. Umpire—Sheridan. Time of game—1:50.

PHILLIES WIN FROM NEW YORK.

Tiernan Gets Base on Balls and Makes Giants' Only Run.

New York, April 21.—The New Yorks opened the season on their own grounds this afternoon with the Philadelphias. The Phillies took the lead in the first inning and held it to the end. The visitors scored two runs in that inning on singles by Delehanty, Thompson, and Brouthers, and an out by Boyle. The New Yorks scored their only run in the second inning on Tiernan's base on balls and Stafford's two-base hit. The Phillies scored their other run in the eighth inning on McGill's single, Sullivan's double, and Clark's wild pitch. Both pitchers did good work. Attendance, 12,000. Score:

New York.	R	H	P	A	E	Philadel.	R	H	P	A	E
Gleason, 2b.	0	0	2	2	1	Sullivan, cf.	0	1	3	0	0
O'Rourke, cf.	0	0	2	1	0	Delah'ty, rf.	1	2	1	0	0
C'n'gh'm, ss.	0	1	1	2	0	Th'mps'n, rf.	1	1	1	0	0
G. Davis, 3b.	0	0	1	1	0	Brouth'rs, 1b.	0	2	10	0	0
Tiernan, rf.	1	1	4	0	0	Boyle, c.	0	0	7	0	0
Stafford, lf.	0	2	2	0	0	Cross, ss.	0	1	2	3	0
H. Davis, 1b.	0	2	9	1	0	Mallin'r, 2b.	0	0	2	2	0
Clarke, p.	0	0	0	3	0	Nash, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0
Dement, ss.	0	1	2	5	1	Grim, c.	1	1	8	1	0
Mercer, p.	0	2	0	1	0	Kennedy, p.	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	1	8	24	16	1	Totals	3	10	27	10	0

*Batted in place of Zearfoss in last inning.

New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	*—3

Earned runs—Philadelphia, 2. First base by errors—Philadelphia, 1. Left on base—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off McGill, 3. Struck out—By Clarke, 1; by McGill, 4. Three-base hit—Brouthers. Two-base hits—Sullivan, Stafford, H. Davis. Hit by pitched ball—Thompson. Double plays—Van Haltren-H. Davis; Brouthers-Cross. Wild pitches—Clarke, 1; McGill, 1. Umpire—Hurst. Time—1:41.

PITTSBURG IS GIVEN A CONTEST.

Louisville Team Plays Great Ball, but O'Brien Talks Too Much.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 21.—Pittsburg opened the ball season here with Louisville before a crowd of 9,000 people. The home team won out in the ninth inning when Hawley knocked a three-bagger, which the visitors claim was a foul. The feature of the game was the splendid work of Hill, Louisville's young phenomenon. The visitors were weakened materially when in the fourth inning the umpire put O'Brien out of the game for disputing decisions. Score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	Louisville.	R	B	P	A	E
Ely, c.	1	1	3	5	0	Dunn, 2b.	0	2	1	3	0
Smith, lf.	0	2	1	6	0	0	M'Cr'y, 2b.	0	0	3	1	0
Beckley, 1b.	0	2	8	0	0	Sh'n'n, ss.	0	1	4	6	1
St'sel, cf.	0	0	1	1	0	Clark, lf.	0	2	1	1	0
Lyons, 3b.	0	0	0	3	1	Miller, 3b.	0	0	2	2	0
H'fr'er, 2b.	1	0	4	3	0	M'F'd, rf.	0	0	1	0	1
Ely, ss.	1	2	0	2	0	Chidly, 1b.	0	0	7	0	0
Merritt, c.	0	1	4	2	0	D'xter, cf.	0	2	2	0	0
Hawley, p.	1	1	0	3	0	Warner, c.	1	1	3	0	0
						Hill, p.	0	0	1	4	1
Totals	4	9	27	12	0	Totals	3	9	26	14	3

*Two out when winning run was made.

Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—4
Louisville	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3

Earned runs—Pittsburg, 2; Louisville, 3. Two-base hits—Ely. O'Brien, Clark. Three-base hits—Ely. Hawley. Sacrifice hits—Beckley, 2; Ely, Shannon, 2. Stolen base—Ely. Double plays—Jennings-Doyle, Long-Lowe-Ganzel-Long, Reitz-Doyle. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Baltimore, 5. First base on balls—Off Yerrick, 6. Hit by Pitcher—Jennings. Struck out—By Yerrick, 2. Passed ball—Robinson. Time—2:15. Umpires—Heydler and Henderson.

RATHER CLOSE GAME AT CINCINNATI

Childs Makes a Two-Base Hit and Wins for Cleveland in Ninth Inning.

Cincinnati, O., April 21.—A batting rally in the seventh and eighth innings drove Young out of the box and enabled the Reds to tie the score. Cincinnati was one run ahead in the ninth, when, with three men on bases, Childs scored two men with a two-base hit and won the game. Attendance, 3,600. Score:

Cincin'ti.	R	H	P	A	E	Cleve'd.	R	H	P	A	E
Holiday, lf.	1	1	1	1	0	0	Burkett, lf.	2	2	0	0	0
Burke, cf.	0	1	3	0	1	McKean, ss.	2	3	2	3	0
Miller, rf.	2	2	1	0	0	Childs, 2b.	2	4	2	3	0
Ewing, 1b.	1	3	12	1	0	Shearon, rf.	0	1	1	0	1
McPhee, 2b.	2	2	2	6	0	Tebeau, 1b.	0	2	13	1	0
Smith, ss.	1	3	2	3	0	McAleer, cf.	0	0	3	0	0
Irwin, 3b.	1	2	0	1	0	Delehy, 3b.	0	0	1	2	1
Vaughn, c.	1	1	3	2	0	Zimmer, c.	2	4	3	2	1
Fisher, p.	0	1	0	1	0	Wilson, p.	1	0	0	1	0
Foreman, p.	0	0	0	0	0	Young, p.	2	2	2	1	0
Davis, p.	0	0	0	2	0						
Totals	10	18	*25	18	1	Totals	11	18	27	17	3

*One out when winning run was scored.

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	—10
Cleveland	0	2	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	—11

Earned runs—Cincinnati, 7. Two-base hits—Ewing, Vaughn, Childs, Young, McKean, Zimmer. Three-base hit—McPhee. Home runs—Smith. Stolen bases—Ewing (2), Miller (3), McAleer. Double plays—McPhee-Smith-Ewing; Childs-McKean-Tebeau (2). First base on balls—By Foreman, 1; by Fisher, 1; by Young, 1; by Davis, 1. Struck out—By Fisher, 1; by Young, 4; by Wilson, 1; by Davis, 1. Passed ball—Vaughn. Time—2:30. Umpire—Emslie.

BLACKBURN BEATS LAKE FOREST.

Latter Team Crippled by Having to Play Five Substitutes.

Lake Forest, Ill., April 21.—[Special.]—Lake Forest was defeated today by Blackburn in a six-inning game. Score, 11 to 3. Five of Lake Forest's best men could not play, their places being filled by substitutes and academy men. Today Armour Institute will visit Lake Forest and Blackburn will try its strength against Rush. The score:

L. Forest.	R	H	P	A	E	Blackburn.	R	H	P	A	E
Ryder, 2b.	0	0	4	2	0	Hewitt, ss.	1	2	2	2	0
Howe, lf.	1	1	0	0	1	Battles, 2b.	0	1	1	2	0
Campb'l, rf.	0	0	1	0	2	Wolford, 3b.	0	1	2	0	0
Rh'ads, cf.	1	2	2	0	0	Sp'cer, Ct, rf.	1	1	0	0	0
Crewa, lb.	0	1	6	0	3	C'ollon, cf.	1	0	1	0	0
W'w'th, 3b.	0	0	2	1	0	M'C'nell, c.	1	1	3	3	0
Retten, 2b.	1	1	0	1	2	Jenkins, lf.	3	3	1	0	0
J'ger, Cl., p.	0	0	2	2	0	And'son, 1b.	2	1	7	0	1
Jackson, ss.	0	0	1	0	1	Wall, p.	2	1	1	0	0
Totals	3	4	18	5	10	Totals	11	11	18	5	3

Lake Forest	0	2	0	0	0	1	—3			
Blackburn	0	5	2	3	0	1	—11			

Struck out—By Jaeger, 6; by Wall, 6. Stolen bases—Lake Forest, 4; Blackburn, 4. Home run—Retten. Two-base hits—Rheingans, Bennett. Earned runs—Lake Forest, 1; Blackburn, 2. Wild pitch—Jaeger. Umpire—Kyle. Time of game—1:10. Base on balls—Off Jaeger, 2. Left on bases—Lake Forest, 2; Blackburn, 9.

St. Joseph Plays Better Ball.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 21.—[Special.]—Struggle as hard as they might the Kansas City Blues were unable to score in the game with the Saints today and it resulted in a complete shutout for the visitors. The victory of the home team was due to excellent fielding. Score:

St. Joe.	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4	—7
Kansas City.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

New League to Be Formed.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 21.—There is a movement to organize a new baseball league. The Evansville people started it. It is to form a league with Terre Haute, Evansville, Nashville, Little Rock, Memphis, Chattanooga. An eight-club circuit could be formed with Knoxville and Lexington. All are good ball towns and the salary limit is to be $100 a month. It is the intention to hold a meeting in Nashville this week and if the league is formed the season will begin May 15.

Michigan League Is Dead.

Lansing, Mich., April 21.—[Special.]—The Michigan Baseball League gave up the ghost tonight owing to the inability of Lansing to procure suitable grounds

REDSKIN A GOOD THING.

WINS THE HANDICAP AT FORSYTH IN A COMMON CANTER.

Simmons Is Beaten for the Place by Ashland, the Latter Showing Much Improvement Over Previous Form —Floreanna Refuses to Face the Machine and the Flag Has to Be Used—Evanatus, at 12 to 1, the Only Long Shot to Win.

The feature of the racing at Forsyth yesterday was the six and a half furlong handicap, which was won by Coulter's crack horse Redskin, in Indiana record time. Redskin was a hot 1 to 2 favorite, and, although third at the head of the stretch, won in a common gallop by two lengths.

Simmons was a 4 to 1 second choice pick, but finished third to Ashland, a 20 to 1 shot, by the same distance. The latter showed a wonderful turn of speed, as compared with his race on the preceding day, much to the surprise of the students of form. Simmons attempted to make a runaway race of it in going for the first turn, but only succeeded in gaining a half lap on Ashland, who hung on like a leech. They raced head and head to the head of the stretch, where Redskin came through with a rush. Simmons tired badly in the run home, as did every horse behind him.

Floreanna Is Old-Fashioned.

The starting machine was used successfully in each event, excepting the handicap, in which Floreanna refused to face the rubber, compelling Dwyer to send the field on the journey in the old-fashioned way. The track, while not as fast as before Monday's deluge struck it, was in good shape, having dried out fast. It was thoroughly raked over between races, and the rolling it received last night with the one to be given it this morning ought to bring it up to last Saturday's standing.

The talent was more fortunate in selecting the right ones than on Monday and got its money down hard on four winning favorites. Evanatus, at 12 to 1, was the only long shot to win, the other outsider to capture a race being Bridget at 5 to 1. The latter and Helen H. Gardener, winner of the first race, were bid up $300 over their entered price and retained by their respective owners. Fifteen bookmakers, including the two field books, attended to the wants of the speculators.

Helen H. Gardener, an equal 2 to 1 favorite with Balvour, the latter being backed down from 8 to 1, won the initial event in a walk, six lengths separating him and Willie Shannon, which ran second. Newhouse, ridden by Caywood, his first mount since his New Orleans accident, finished third. Cherryflame, also at 2 to 1, assumed the lead in the 2-year-old maiden race and experienced no difficulty in winning by two lengths. Provident ran second and Mrs. Murray third. Floreanna, a strong 8 to 5 favorite for the third, and, although he ran a game and true race, was beaten by Bridget. May Ashley finished a good third.

Evanatus Upsets Calculations.

The surprise of the day presented itself in the mile selling race. Eloroy, backed from 8 to 5 down to 4 to 5, and Fusileer, at 5 to 2, carried all the money. Evanatus, who opened at 4 and receded to 12 to 1, upset the good things by passing the stand two lengths before Fusileer, who was forced to extend himself to take second money from Semele by a head. The final event went to Uncas, the 2 to 1 favorite, with Republic second and Teeta May third. The summaries:

First race, ¾ mile, selling—W. H. Roller's b. f. Helen H. Gardner, by Fordham—Virgie Wright, 103 pounds (P. Clay), 2 to 1, won; Willie Shannon, 103 (Field), 12 to 1, second; Newhouse, 108 (Caywood), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:21. Belvoir, Woodlake, Pentonia, Mara, Ferryman II., Redwood, and Paskola also ran.

Second race, 9-16 mile—R. Fitzgerald's b. f. Cherryflame, by Iroquois—Jaffie, 105 pounds (Garner), 2 to 1, won; Provident, 112 (Caywood), 4 to 1, second; Mrs. Murray, 102 (Hyle), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:05¾. Calla Lilly, The Galley Slave, and Coin also ran.

Third race, ¾ mile, selling—B. F. Ward's b. m. Bridget, by Monday—Duke of Norfolk, 106 pounds (Warren), 5 to 1, won; Rosiyn, 105 (Irving), 8 to 5, second; May Ashley, 90 (P. Clay), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:17¼. Starter, Ben Lomond, Bob Lee, Joe Mancini, Pedestrian, and Jim Head also ran.

Fourth race, handicap, purse $500, 13-16 mile—T. W. Coulter's ch. h. Redskin, 6, by Runnymede or Pontiac—Giroflé, 108 pounds (L. Soden), to win; Ashland, 96 (Hyle), 20 to 1, second; Simmons, 109 (Garner), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:23¾. Floreanna, May Gallop, and Dejure finished as named.

Fifth race, selling, 1 mile—Hankins and Johnson's b. g. Evanatus, a., by Leonatus—Eva B., 102 pounds (Garner), 12 to 1, won; Fusileer, 100 (L. Soden), 5 to 2, second; Semele, 100 (Hyle), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:46. Imp. Bimbo, Eloroy, Glendé, London Smoke, Longdale, Spendoline, and Potsdam also ran.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, selling—John Brenock's b. g. Uncas, 3, by Pontiac—Young Virginia, 103 pounds (L. Soden), 4 to 1, won; Republic, 105 (Morse), 7 to 1, second; Teeta May, 103 (W. Feeney), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:08¾. Salvation, Loretta, Willie L., Cassa, and Virginia M. also ran.

Entries for today's races are as follows:

First race, ¾ mile, selling—Fanny Hunt, 92 pounds; John Cowan, 100; Queen Fausina, 104; Rosa May, 104; Lottie, 92; Tramp, 109; Cunarder, 112; My Hebe, 104; Republic, 100; Buttons, 109.

Second race, ¾ mile, selling—Mildred D., 90 pounds; Loreland, 102; Chancellor, 102; Little Jerry, 97; Cerita, 95; LaSalle, 92; Shandon Belle, 100; Tameriane, 102; Mr. Dunlap, 102; Pat Malloy, Jr., 97.

Third race, ¾ mile, selling—Wadena, 94 pounds; Killarney, 109; Ferryman II., 94; Santa Cruz, 106; Mickey, 94; Perez, Ben Lee, 110; Agnes Mayes, 107; Beatrice Mara, 92; Lollie Eastin, 104.

Fourth race, 6½ furlongs, selling—Hazelhatch, 110 pounds; Bob Wagner, 107; Little Joe, 100; Man, 97; Sixty, 97; Disturbance, 110; Mike Kelly, 97; Weolz, 105; Airlight, 97.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, selling—Hillsboro, 102 pounds; Gratz Hanley, 102; Proverb, 102; John Hickey, 105; Starbeam, 95; Newhouse, 91; Mrs. Morgan, 100; Montell, 102.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, selling—Maria Tempest, 93 pounds; Atalanta, 90; Minnie Miller, 90; Deposit, 92; imp. Marion Pet, 100; Miriam R., 100; Lawmaker, 102; Sammie Young, 92; Extra, 105; Warren Point, 95.

ANOTHER NEWPORT JOCKEY HURT.

Gatewood Falls from D. L. on Turning Into Homestretch and Breaks a Leg.

Cincinnati, O., April 21.—Favorites won four out of six races on the card at Newport today. The other two events went to second choices. In the fifth race Jockey Gatewood, who was on D. L., fell off turning into the stretch and was badly injured. His right leg was broken below the knee. The body of Jockey Foster, who was killed yesterday, was shipped to Gallatin, Tenn., this morning. Weather fine, track fast. Attendance 2,500. The summaries:

First race, selling, 13-16 mile—Adonis, 112 pounds (Overton), 3 to 2, won; Warrick, 105 (Corner), 20 to 1, second; Aymee, 103 (Newcomb), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:22½. Climie L., Richfield, Princess Prim, Nana, and Prairie King also ran.

Second race, ¾ mile—Tit-for-Tat, 106 pounds (Rose), 3 to 2, won; Derfargilla, 100 (Snedeker), 3 to 5, second; Quetta, 86 (J. Laverly), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾. Lawanda, Miss Rowett, and Blanche Stern also ran.

Third race, selling, ¾ mile—Hotspur, 100 pounds (Gatewood), 4 to 1, won; Frontman, 100 (Corner), 10 to 1, second; Gus Straus, 97 (Pike), 100 to 1, third. Time, 1:28¾. Interior, I. C. W., Font d'Or, Ettarre, Tasco, and Timberland also ran. Uncle Henry left at post.

Fourth race, selling, 1¼ miles—Toots, 100 pounds (G. Gardner), 9 to 10, won; Russ, 100 (Snedeker), 6 to 5, second; J. P. Ii., 100 (Gatewood), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:54½. Tupto, King Charley, and Terrapin also ran.

Fifth race, selling, ⅝ mile—Nina Louise, 98 pounds (J. Gardner), even, won; Newport, 110 (Overton), 2 to 1, second; The Blossom, 97 (Dunn), 10 to 1, third. Time, :49½. Sharon, Olympus, Side Partner, Covington, Ayesha, Little Treasure, and D. L. also ran.

Sixth race, selling, ¾ mile—Text, 106 pounds (Ham), 6 to 1, won; Tariff Reform, 97 (Newcomb), 8 to 1, second; Unc, 109 (Overton), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:30. Aimee Goodwin, Eli Doorga, and Joe Clark also ran.

Entries for tomorrow are as follows:

First race, selling, ¾ mile—Rupee, Rampart, 102 pounds; Readina, Sister Ione, Timberland, 103; Tippecanoe, Riverside Park, Interior, 105; Browning, 106; Northwestern, 108.

Second race, maidens, ⅝ mile—Winsome, Cotton Queen, Let Pity, Lady Keith, Princess Teck, Ethel Lee, Bessie L., Lady Hope, Est Ne Regina, Woodlawn, Fern, Beuzetta, Leo Wicka, Volida, Royal Dame, Masquerade, Maude Lyles, 105 pounds each.

Third race, handicap, 1 1-16 miles—Tuscarora, Golden Crown, 90 pounds; Terrapin, 93; Muskalonge, 95; Light Foot, 101; Basso, 103.

Fourth race, maidens, ¾ mile—Hermina, Clara Foley, Little Alta, 107 pounds; Pete Kitchen, Station 9, Ray Crystal, Vermont, Bradford, Harry King, Delusion, 109; Howard M., Bonnie Dundee, Hardenburg, St. Sheviller, Athenian, Cashier, 112.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—Loyalty, 102 pounds; King William, Jack Mack, 106; Kirk, 110; The Banker, 115; Jake Zimmerman, 119.

Sixth race, selling, ¾ mile—Necedah, 100 pounds; Elizbet, 105; Summon Coon, Alex Lebold, 106; Tough Timber, 108; Tremor, 109; Captain Drane, 109; Golden Crown, 112; Probasco, 116.

FAVORITES WIN ALL BUT ONE RACE.

Thorpe Does Some Good Riding at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., April 21.—Favorites won all the races but the last one, which was handily won by Jock O'Sot, thanks to Thorpe's riding. Thorpe also won two other races. In the Memphis Club Handicap the horses finished as the betting indicated. Loki, a fine 3-year-old, was a trifle short, but finished a good third at that. He will be dangerous in almost any company after this.

The opening dash afforded the first five furlongs race of the season for 2-year-olds, and Bill Brien's Storm King was never fully extended. There was not a close finish during the afternoon, and outside of the handicap the fields were made up of common platers throughout. The summaries:

First race, ¾ mile—Storm King, 103 pounds (Barrett), 7 to 10, won easily; Lincoln, 103 (Thorpe), 5 to 1, second; Jolly Son, 103 (T. Murphy), 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:04½. Elyria and Worry Not also ran. Lincoln even place.

Second race, selling, ⅝ mile—Panjandrum, 102 pounds (Scherrer), 2 to 5, won easily by a length; Crusader, 102 (Sheerin), 5 to 1, second; Scottish Lad, 102 (Thorpe), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:17¾. Bluelight, Ada M., Nashville, Sycamore, and Crimson Rim also ran. Crusader even place.

Third race, the Memphis Gun Club Handicap, 1 1-16 miles—Free Advice, 114 pounds (Martin), 4 to 5, won driving by a neck; Rey del Mar, 103 (Blunt), 3 to 1, second; Loki, 98 (C. Reiff), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:50½. Crevasse and Tranby also ran. Rey del Mar, 4 to 5 place.

Fourth race, selling, 1 mile—Leonard B., 103 pounds (Thorpe), 5 to 1, won easily by a length; Lester, 104 (Sheerin), 7 to 1, second; Miss Perkins, 96 (Scherrer), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:46. Wild Arab, Rossmore, Fayette Belle, Feedman, and Willis also ran. Lester, 2 to 1 place.

Fifth race, selling, ⅝ mile—Irish Lady, 105 pounds (Thorpe), 4 to 5, won easily by a length; Lady Doleful, 90 (Scherrer), 6 to 1, second; Lucille H., 101 (Fairgood), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:17¾. Motilla, Skybiue, Fastoe, Subito, Minerva, and Gretchen S. also ran. Lady Doleful 2 to 1 place.

Sixth race, selling, 1 mile—Jok O'Sot, 107 pounds (Thorpe), 7 to 1, won easily by a length; Miss Clarke, 105 (Scherrer), 2 to 1, second; imp. Sauteur, 107 (Perkins), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:45¾. Mercury, Maroon, Koko, Dew Work, Defy, and High Test also ran. Miss Clarke 4 to 5 place.

BETTER ATTENDANCE AT BENNINGS.

Shakspeare II. Wins Potomac Handicap in a Gallop.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—The attendance at the Bennings course today was a decided improvement over that of yesterday. The card was the lightest of the meeting and called for five races on the flat. The event of the day, the Potomac Handicap, was won by Shakspeare II., the favorite, Sims up, at 9 to 5. The summaries:

First race, 11-16 mile—Kennel, 121 pounds (McCafferty), 8 to 5, won easily by a length; Emotional, 104 (Keefe), 5 to 2, second; Mangrove, 118 (Ballard), even, third. Time, 1:16. Only three starters.

Second race, selling, 9-16 mile—Azure, 95 pounds (Hirsch), 2 to 1, won easily by half a length; Lizzie B. L., 107 (Ballard), 5 to 1, second; Gray Bird, 95 (Hewitt), 8 to 5, third. Time, :57 3-5. Bragalone, Bronx, Wandering Willie, and Privateer also ran.

Third race, the Potomac Stakes, purse $1,000, ¾ mile—Shakspeare II., 117 pounds (Sims), 9 to 5, won galloping by two lengths; Intermission, 112 (Littlefield), 3 to 1, second; Premier, 117 (H. Griffin), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:15 3-5. Palmerston, Belle of Washington, and Sebastian also ran.

Fourth race, selling, 1 mile—Briak, 106 pounds (Littlefield), even, won after a hard drive by a head; Allen D. (J. Murphy), 4 to 1, second; Pitfah, 103 (Johns), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:44 2-5. Watchman also ran.

Fifth race, handicap, selling, 1 mile and 100 yards—Capt.

ELECTION IN MANY TOWNS

WARM TIMES AT THE POLLS IN SEVERAL OF THE SUBURBS.

Five New Aldermen Chosen at Evanston, "Billy" Norkett Being Beaten in the South Ward by Mason B. Loomis—John J. Bryant of the Board of Trade Made President at Riverside and McCarthy Is Re-elected in Lemont.

Mayor McCarthy of Lemont has received his coveted "vindication" at the hands of his constituents, he and his henchmen being returned to office for another year.

McCarthy defeated F. W. Welch for President of the Village Board by a vote of 423 to 347. It wasn't much of a victory, as he received a majority of only seventy-six votes, where a year ago no candidate would oppose him, but it was sufficient to return him to office with its many dignities and perquisites, and that was what he wanted.

To add to his discomfiture it is more than likely his election will be contested, as his opponents claim he imported 100 negroes from Sag and other neighboring towns to vote for their idol. The majority of the stone companies' employés voted against McCarthy.

Though it resulted in a nominal victory, it was not a happy election day for McCarthy and his cohorts. It showed too plainly the old days of misrule and despotism were gone for good, for it was the quietest village election held in Lemont in years. Smoky Row was in eclipse, and its numberless inhabitants, who on former similar occasions were wont to swarm about the polling places to insure their leader's election, and to terrorize the respectable element, were missing.

Not a fight of any importance occurred during the day. A zealous challenger, who so far forgot tradition as to challenge the votes of some of McCarthy's supporters, was thrown out of the polling place in the village hall, but nothing else occurred to show "McCarthy was up for office."

For the first time in several years two tickets were in the field. One was McCarthy's Citizens' ticket and the other was the ticket of the People's party, headed by Frank W. Welch, candidate for President of the village. The remainder of the two tickets was made up as follows: Village Clerk—Citizens', ticket, William Cafferty; People's, Peter Duffy. Trustees—Citizens' ticket, Michael S. New, Peter Peiffer, John Potwatisz; People's ticket, George S. Losey, John B. Wagner, and K. Boszkiewicz.

The entire Citizens' ticket, with the exception of Potwatisz, was elected. The fortunate candidate on the People's party was John B. Wagner, who owes his election to the German vote of the village and the unpopularity of the Pole among his countrymen.

FIVE NEW COUNCILMEN IN EVANSTON

"Billy" Norkett Defeated in Fourth Ward by Loomis.

Evanston held its city election yesterday. Five new Aldermen were chosen, there being no change in several wards where the old Aldermen were up for reëlection. In the First Ward D. A. Mudge received 398 votes, there being no opposition to his election to fill the unexpired term of R. B. McMullen, resigned. In the contest between A. L. Currey and Phil R. Shumway, the former received 224 votes, a majority of 48.

In the Second Ward J. W. Donnell received 116 votes, there being no opposition. Donnell will be a new man in the Council. He is a member of the firm of Deane & Co. of Wabash avenue, Chicago, and is a prominent member of the Evanston club and Evanston Boat club.

In the Third Ward there was no opposition to the reëlection of George Rhodes, who received 85 votes.

The biggest contest was in the Fourth Ward. Judge Mason B. Loomis got the place, retiring William Norkett, who has been Alderman from the Fourth ever since Evanston was organized as a city. The vote was, M. B. Loomis, 178; William G. Norkett, 137; Joseph Petrie, 98; plurality for Loomis, 41.

In the Fifth Ward the contest was between C. A. Wightman and C. W. Paulin, the former getting a vote of 152, a majority of 25. In the Sixth E. J. Dahms pulled out 225, against J. C. Williams' 177, and thereby getting a seat in the Council by a majority of 48.

Joseph McCallum had no opposition in the Seventh, and 118 votes were cast to his credit.

The new Council members are D. A. Mudge, Judge Mason B. Loomis, James Donnell, C. A. Wightman, and Arthur L. Currey.

CONTESTS AND TIES AT RIVERSIDE.

John J. Bryant Elected President of the Village.

An odd state of affairs developed at the conclusion of the election of village officers at Riverside.

The count showed that an equal number of votes had been cast for Charles D. Sherman and Lyman J. Amsden, candidates for Village Clerk, and Robert Somerville and Daniel E. Richardson, citizens' and independent candidates respectively for Village Trustees. This result will necessitate a special election.

Two tickets, one calling itself the independent, and another the regular citizens', fought hard and bitterly for supremacy. The independent ticket was headed by Thomas T. Morford for Village President. This ticket opposed the franchise which has been granted the Suburban Electric road, and indorsed the construction of the Ogden Electric road to Riverside. The question whether Riverside should give the Suburban road or the Ogden precedence has caused no end of dissension in the village and the result was the two tickets which were put up.

The votes cast were as follows: For President: John J. Bryant, 159; Thomas T. Morford, 149. For Trustees: Edward H. Story, 142; Edward P. Ripley, 157; Robert Somerville, 145; D. E. Richardson, 145; George Chambers, 161; C. O. Gregg, 128. For Clerk: Charles D. Sherman, 155; L. J. Amsden, 155. Bryant, Story, Somerville, Chambers, and Sherman were on the regular Citizens' ticket, the others on the Independent.

DRY TICKET ELECTED IN HARVEY.

Bonds Voted for New City Hall and Annexation Project Defeated.

The "drys" won a decisive victory in the Aldermanic contest yesterday at Harvey, electing all four of their candidates. The vote was heavy. The Aldermen-elect are:

First Ward—Harvey D. Sweeney.
Second Ward—Albert Waite.
Third Ward—Clark W. Ranger.
Fourth Ward—Wilford Jones.

F. A. Harris was elected Police Magistrate. The proposition to issue $8,000 worth of bonds for a new City Hall was carried. The proposition to annex North Harvey was beaten.

ELECTIONS IN SMALLER TOWNS.

Suburbs North, South, and West Express Preferences at Polls.

There were lively times yesterday in many of the little villages beyond the city limits, elections for officers of various grades being held in some, and in others a ballot taken to determine other questions submitted to the public. These resulted as follows:

Honors Even in Wilmette.

Wilmette—The election was one of the hottest ever held in any of the north shore towns. There were two factions, the Equal Rights party and Citizens' party, the first being in favor of street improvements as a means of building up the town. The Equal Rights party got the village President and Clerk and the Citizens' party the Treasurer and three Trustees. The successful candidates were: President, Horace G. Drury; Clerk, Edward P. Fatch; Treasurer, Henry R. Gates; Trustees, Samuel S. Dingee, Rufus L. Kirk, and George W. Springer.

Chicago Heights Is Republican.

Chicago Heights—A straight Republican ticket carried the day, the following being elected: President, George C. Flanner; Trustees, W. E. Canedy, P. T. Large, David Wallace; Clerk, T. F. Jirtle. Last year the village was largely Democratic; this year it gives a Republican majority of 145. Out of a total population of 2,700 there were 633 votes cast, which is practically every vote in the place.

Citizens Victorious in Riverdale.

Riverdale—For the first time an opposition ticket to the Citizens' was in the field. It was badly beaten. The successful candidates are: President, Peter Kipley; Clerk, F. R. Baker; Trustees, John Dickelman, Gustav A. Schmidt, Richard Todd, Fred Bellin. The Trustees and Clerk Baker are Republicans.

"Regulars" Win at La Grange.

La Grange—The "Regular" ticket was victorious at La Grange, the "Citizens'," which it was thought would win, being beaten by the labor vote. City Clerk Hurd had no opposition. The victors: President, Henry Werno; Clerk, A. H. Hurd; Trustees, John T. Allison, Ferdinand Hail, Lilburn W. Slocum.

Only One Contest in Highland Park.

Highland Park—Vote was light, as there were only five candidates for four positions. Cropley G. Phillips defeated F. W. Sheehan for the short term in the First Ward. Benjamin Fritsch was elected for the long term in the First Ward, John C. Cushman for the Second, and William Obee for the Third. Politics played only a subordinate rôle. Phillips is a Republican.

Grossdale Goes for "People's."

Grossdale—Two tickets were in the field. The President of the board and two Trustees out of the three were elected on the People's ticket. John Hahn, the present Village Clerk, was reëlected on the Citizens' ticket also one Village Trustee. The officers elected were: President, William Buhes; Clerk, John Hahn; Trustees—W. D. Feeley, Frank Gerhardt, Birdt Moore.

Saloons in North Chicago.

North Chicago—The proposition to license saloons was carried.

The Day at Naperville.

Naperville—The election resulted as follows: G. A. Yost [Rep.] elected in the First Ward, no opposition; in the Second and Third Wards party issues were taken, Joseph Bapst [Dem.] was elected over John Ehrhart [Rep.] by 21 votes; in the Third Ward David Plummer [Rep.] defeated Joseph Lauer [Dem.] by 36 votes. The rate on a system of water-works was beaten by a small majority.

Only One Ticket at Downers Grove.

Downers Grove—There was but one ticket in the field. C. V. Carpenter was elected President. C. Mochel, J. W. Hughes, E. Schultz, Trustees, and Bert C. White, Clerk.

Regulars Win in La Grange.

La Grange—Warm contest between secret society nominees on the regular ticket and the People's ticket, supported by the churches. Largest vote ever cast in this village was polled. The entire regular ticket was victorious, as follows: Henry Werno, President; John T. Allison, Ferdinand Hall, L. W. Slocum, Trustees; A. H. Hurd, Clerk.

Result in Grossdale.

Grossdale—The election resulted as follows: William Buhs, President; John A. Hahn, Clerk; W. P. Feelys, F. A. Gerhardt, and J. A. Tomlinson, Trustees.

Exciting at Hinsdale.

Hinsdale—The election was exciting. The regular ticket carried the day by safe majorities. Following are the successful candidates: J. C. F. Merrill, President; Frank Irvine, Clerk; H. C. Dana, C. B. Kimbell, and L. P. Conover, Trustees; and D. H. Preston and C. H. Crossette, Library Trustees.

Every One Votes at Western Springs.

Western Springs—Every one of the 127 voters of the village cast a ballot. The regular ticket with the exception of Trustee Wilson was elected. The new board will be as follows: President, Sylvester P. Blount; Trustees, Horace A. Stocker, Francis W. Nichols, E. O. Hart or H. C. Adcock; Clerk, August Johnson.

People's Victory at West Hammond.

West Hammond—The People's party elected its entire ticket, as follows: President, Adam Stochowicz; Clerk, M. F. Finneran; Trustees, Wladislaw Plasinski, John Sonnenberg, Andew Ziemkowski; Treasurer, Baltus Mak; Constable, Albert Aniszewski.

DUNLOP QUEER BUT NEVER DISHONEST.

Previous Record of Alleged Burden Diamond Thief Well Known from His Boyhood.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

London, April 21.—[Copyrighted, 1896, by the Press Publishing Company, New York World.]—The World correspondent's investigations in London today established the fact that George Dunlop, one of the men charged with the robbery of the Burden diamonds, spoke truly when, on taking service with Mr. Burden, he gave as references the names of Lord Ashtown, Lord Londonderry, the Duke of Portland, and Lord Wolseley as persons with whom he had been in service in this country.

The writer saw the Marquis of Londonderry today at the House of Lords. In answer to a question he said:

"You can say for me that I have no recollection of any servant of that name having been in my house, at least as upper servant. He may have been there in a subordinate capacity, in which case he would have been engaged by my steward, and unless he remained in my service for a long time I might never know his surname. However, I shall make inquiries and let you know the result."

In view of the fact that Lord Londonderry keeps up a palace in town and has three other great houses in the country and in Ireland, employing a vast retinue of servants, his ignorance of the identity of any but the upper servants is quite explicable; but before Lord Londonderry had time to fulfill his courteous promise Mr. Keyner, the steward of Lord Wolseley, Commander-in-Chief of the British Army, was seen at his Lordship's house in Grosvenor Gardens, and he proved to be well acquainted with Dunlop.

"O, yes," said the steward: "it is quite true. He was with all the noblemen whose names he gave, but Lord Wolseley could give you no more information about him than Lord Londonderry did. I engaged him about six years ago in Ireland as footman, and he came to me with a recommendation from Ashtown, in whose service he had previously been. He was then but little more than a boy and was well recommended. In fact, he was thought highly of by the Ashtowns, and one of the ladies of the family, seeing him at Lord Wolseley's, told me that she was very glad he was getting on, as he was a deserving young man. He was under me for a year or so, when he left of his own accord, and I recommended him to Lord Londonderry's steward, but he remained there only a month, I think, when he went into the service of the Duke of Portland, being recommended by Lord Londonderry's steward. He did not remain long there, either, but got a place at Queen's Gate, and after a short stay there went to America."

"What opinion did you form of him?" the correspondent asked.

Mr. Keyner smiled meaningly as he answered:

"Well, I had no actual fault to find with him, nor had any of his other employers, except that he was rather abrupt in his manner and assumed somewhat too independent an attitude; but when I saw his name in the newspaper in connection with this robbery I recognized him at once as our former footman.

"He was a shrewd, smart fellow, but was addicted to gambling.

"He had a trick of pretending to be duller than he was, which often struck me as curious. There seemed to be always something under that surface with him, and some mysterious things that happened while he was with us are now clear to me."

"What were these mysterious things?"

"I would rather not go into particulars," answered the steward, "as it would involve the use or mention of other persons, whose names I don't feel at liberty to use."

"Was his honesty impugned?"

"O, never; but, as I say, this revelation now has made clear some circumstances that attracted my attention from time to time. But I must decline to say anything more on that point, for the reasons I have stated."

"Where did Dunlop originally hail from?"

"His native place is Strabane, in County Tyrone, where his mother, I believe, still lives. He comes of an old plantation family, I think."

"You knew him, then, almost throughout his period of service?"

"Yes; I knew more of him than any one else he worked under. I took an interest in him at first, as he seemed to be a very promising young fellow, with more in him than most servants."

Strabane, whence Dunlop came, is a small town in Ulster, Ireland, in the heart of the Orange district and a few miles from Castle Stewart, Lord Londonderry's Irish residence.

Dunlop is a Presbyterian, and all the families he worked with here, excepting Lord Wolseley's, are also Presbyterians, so that it is plain that his religious beliefs were useful to him in getting engagements.

Increasing interest is being taken in the case here, although the facts herein given have not been published in this country, where he is spoken of as an American.

Big Judgment for Chicago Men.

Macon, Mo., April 21.—Judge Ellison today in revising the referee's findings in the case of Williams, McRichie, Nichols & Williams, contractors of Chicago, against the Santa Fé railroad, rendered a judgment for the contractors, including interest, amounting to $36,786. It will again be appealed to the Supreme Court. The contractors claim there is now over $200,000 due them.

Kalamazoo, famous for celery—also home of Slater. See words of wisdom, page 7.

VOTE TAKEN ON LICENSE.

CHIEF FEATURE OF THE ELECTIONS IN ILLINOIS TOWNS.

Issue of Saloon and Anti-Saloon Is Sharply Defined and Hotly Fought in Many Communities with Varying Results—Party Lines Ignored—Reports on the Battle of the Ballots from All Parts of the State—Interesting Incident in Vandalia.

Municipal elections were held in many Illinois cities yesterday, the results of which are given below. Party lines were in many instances ignored, and the fight made solely on the question of license or no-license.

WILL DISPUTE ELECTION IN COURT.

Rival Candidates Get in a Muddle Over an Office.

Vandalia, Ill., April 21.—[Special.]—At the recent election in Bear Grove Township a ballot was cast having pencil marks through each name on the Democratic ticket. The voter, though evidently intending to vote the Republican ticket, failed to comply with the law by placing the cross in the voting circle. Hence the ticket was thrown out. The result showed a tie on Supervisor.

It was decided to settle the matter by lot, Bowles, the Republican candidate, refusing to have anything to do with it. The Town Clerk appointed two persons to draw by lot for each of the men. Elam, Democrat, by his proxy, won, and he was declared elected. Bowles contested and the case was today brought before the County Board, which resulted in Bowles being seated.

The board now stands ten Republicans to eight Democrats. It is understood Elam will carry the case into the courts.

Results in the other towns follow:

Aurora—The license people carried the day by an overwhelming majority.

Batavia—Two license and two no-license Aldermen were elected. Batavia will be no-license.

Bloomington—The following voted for license: Kenney, Weldon, Fairbury, Dewitt, Tremont, Monticello, Maroa. The following for anti-license: Eureka, Elkhart, Mansfield, Stanford, Saybrook.

Braidwood—Republicans elected Hall Marshal and four Aldermen. Democrats elected one Alderman.

Cairo—The municipal contest today was a novel one. In four wards the A. P. A. and Civic Federation indorsed the same candidates and they were elected. In the other wards there was a hot fight between the A. P. A. candidates and the nominees of the federation, each electing one Alderman.

Charleston—The Republicans carried every ward in the city and the Council now stands five Republicans to three Democrats, with a Republican Mayor.

Carthage—Two anti-license Aldermen out of three were elected.

Canton—License people elected their whole ticket, including five Aldermen, except the City Clerk.

Champaign—License carried by 8 majority.

Carlinville—Republican Aldermen were elected in two wards. The Democrats elected their men in the other two wards and the rest of the city ticket.

Danville—The Republicans elected the Police Magistrate, but the Democrats make a gain of two Aldermen.

Dekalb—It was a non-partisan election, the best men being elected in each ward.

Dwight—The temperance ticket was elected by an average of forty-seven votes.

Elgin—The Democrats elected four out of the seven Aldermen.

Galena—The Democrats elected five Aldermen.

Geneva—The election was a victory for the water works by a vote of 221 to 112.

Harvard—The Council will favor license.

Henry—The election resulted in one Alderman in each ward, Democrats.

Joliet—The city election resulted in an almost sweeping Democratic victory, only two Republican Aldermen being elected. The Democratic Aldermen are John M. Langdon, Mathew Harny, Louis A. Raub, Bernard Burke, and John W. Gaynor. The Republican Aldermen are Atkinson Harris and Henry C. Cullom. The Democrats elected both School Inspectors, Egbert Phelps and Truman Mason. Mr. Phelps is a brother to the ex-Minister to the Court of St. James, while Mr. Cullom is a brother of Senator Shelby Cullom.

Jacksonville—The Republicans were successful in the Third and Fourth Wards. Twice as many women voted today as at any previous election.

Kewanee—The Republicans elected their entire ticket with the exception of one Trustee.

Lexington—For the first time in thirty years Lexington voted for license.

Lewistown—The anti-license party was defeated by majorities of from 60 to 125.

Lincoln—The People's party elected a Police Judge and three Aldermen. The Republicans elected two Aldermen.

The vote for Alderman in the Fifth Ward.

Marengo—Three no license Aldermen were elected by a large majority.

Morris—There was no opposition to the four Republican Aldermanic candidates.

Monmouth—There were three parties in the field here. License carried by thirty votes.

Nunda—Party lines were ignored, license and water works being the issues. The former carried and the latter was defeated.

Ottawa—The election resulted in a Democratic gain of one Alderman.

Paris—The Republicans elected three Aldermen and the Democrats one.

Peoria—The Democrats elected six out of the seven Aldermen.

Princeton—The license candidate for Marshal, two license, and two anti-license Aldermen are elected. This leaves the Council with a majority for license.

Pittsfield—The entire anti-license ticket was elected by an average majority of 96.

Pinckneyville—The Council is a tie on the license question. This gives the Mayor, a license man, the deciding vote.

Rockford—Six of the seven wards went license today. The next Council will be nine license and five no-license.

Rochelle—Four license and one no-license Aldermen were elected.

St. Charles—The proposition to bond the city for waterworks was defeated by a large majority. Two temperance and one license Aldermen were elected.

Shawneetown—No party issues here. Ridgeway elected a license ticket. Saloons will be open tomorrow for the first time in eight years.

Sycamore—Four Aldermen and a City Clerk were elected on the Citizens' ticket.

Sterling—Three Democratic and two Republican Aldermen were elected.

Waukegan—The Aldermanic election split even, two Democrats and two Republicans being elected, which leaves the Council as before, six Republicans to two Democrats.

Woodstock—The People's ticket, license, won.

LIVELY VOTING IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

Women and Anti-Saloon Carry Many of the Towns.

St. Paul Minn., April 21.—Scattered towns and city elections were held in the two Dakotas today, many places reporting exciting contests. Fargo, N. D., had a warm contest over members of the School Board and elected Mrs. O. J. Delendrecie, a woman well known all over the Northwest, the four men candidates running far behind her vote. Madison, S. D., elected Whitmore, Prohibitionist, Mayor, and as many students of the Normal School voted there is talk of contesting the election. Aberdeen elected a Populist Mayor by 105 majority over the Republican candidate.

At Pierre the law and order candidate had twenty majority over the saloon candidate. Chamberlain elected a Democratic Mayor and a divided ticket otherwise, but the head of the ticket was indorsed by many Republicans. In Vermillion L. T. Sweezey, Populist, was elected Mayor. Albert H. Stites pledged himself to close the gambling houses in Sioux Falls if elected Mayor of that city, and his majority is placed at 89. Hot Springs elected a straight Republican ticket, headed by Maj. Anderson, whose majority was 93. Rapid City has been under Democratic rule for six years, but today the Republicans won a sweeping victory. The new Mayor, V. T. McGillicuddy, was for a number of years Indian Agent at the Pine Ridge Agency.

FIGHT IN ALD. ROGERS' SALOON

Sixteen-Round Mill Between Sculky and Hogan.

Edward Hogan and Frank Sculky fought sixteen rounds to a "draw" in Ald. John A. Rogers' saloon, No. 343 West Madison street, for a purse of $200 last night. Ald. Rogers acknowledged that the fight took place in his resort. The police offered no interference.

Muddy complexions are caused by coffee and tea drinking. Postum Cereal makes red blood.

AMUSEMENTS.

Alexander Salvini's Hamlet met the unqualified approval of an audience enthusiastic enough to make up for its lack of numbers at the Schiller Theater last night. The applause was indiscriminate, even though the presentation merited warm approval.

A Hamlet warm, impulsive, witty, and robust, with his original nature tempered and refined by study until deliberation tripped the feet of action was the conception presented with clearness, force, and art. A Hamlet not mad, but at times driven near to frenzy by the responsibilities thrown upon his unsuspecting shoulders, devoid of melancholy except for the thought of his helplessness in the hands of inexorable fate, was interpreted in a manner which left no doubt of the player's reading.

To this reading of the lines Mr. Salvini brought a person, a voice, and a method in entire compatibility. If anything, he made it too clear. A close following of the first folio gave some familiar phrases a new dress, and the introduction of by-play at the close of the first and second acts permitted another sense of innovation to intrude itself. A tendency to slur the articulation when the speech became rapid was the sole elecutionary fault. But all these were lost sight of in the uniformly strong and sympathetic portrayal of Shakspeare's great protagonist, and Chicago has become the richer for Mr. Salvini's admirable performance.

Only second in importance to the appearance of the star was the début of Mr. John A. Lane as Polonius, a part he assumed in combination with that of the First Gravedigger. This sterling actor added new laurels to the many he has been accorded in Shakspearean rôles. The Ghost of J. M. Francœur, the King of Norman Conniers, and the Queen of Miss Augusta De Forrest earned approbation, while Miss Adelaide Fitz-Allen's Ophelia strengthened with the demands made upon her dramatic resources and turned out an agreeable disappointment.

* * *

That Mr. Thomas Keene can assume a character other than that of Richard III. was demonstrated at McVicker's last night, when he and his company presented "Richelieu." The peculiarities of the famous Cardinal were graphically portrayed.

Mr. Keene's powers of facial expression are employed to even better advantage in Richelieu than in Richard III.

Mr. Egleson was an excellent De Mauprat, but Mr. Hennig as Baradas did not make of the character what might be expected.

Miss Boyle Moore, the Julie de Mortimer, ward of the Cardinal, was received with decided favor by the large audience, and at the end of the third and fourth acts, with Mr. Keene and Mr. Egleson, she was called before the curtain thrice. Tonight "Louis XI." will be given.

* * *

A concert by members of the faculty of the American Conservatory took place in Kimball Hall last evening. The program comprised songs by Schubert, Clayton Johns, and Ruifrock, sung by Mme. Ragna Linne; Gade's Trio op. 42, and the first movement from Schubert's op. 99, played by the Violin Trio; pianoforte numbers by Bach, Scarlatti-Tausig, and Schubert, and a group of modern compositions brought forward by Mr. Allen H. Spencer; and Vieuxtemp's Fantasie Caprice, Mr. Josef Vilim violinist.

* * *

An entertainment, announced under the auspices of the Christian churches of Chicago, in the interests of city evangelization, took place in Central Music Hall last night. The program was given by Mr. Frank Lincoln, a humorous impersonator; the Mendelssohn Quartet, the Vilim Juvenile Quartet, and Pearl Annet, dialect reader.

* * *

The single appearance together this season of Miss Marie Brema and Mr. Plunket Greene will be in a song recital in Steinway Hall tomorrow afternoon. Both singers will assist in the Cincinnati May festival, and Miss Brema in the forthcoming Bayreuth festival performance.

* * *

Robert Mantell essayed Othello last night at the Columbia before a fair sized audience, which greeted the performance with marked attention. Charlotte Behrens-Mantell was the Desdemona and filled the rôle of the unhappy victim of the Moor's suspicions with excellent grace. Mr. Mark Price was Iago and Mr. T. B. Ringgold presented an acceptable Roderigo.

NEW VERSION OF PEARLS AND SWINE

Stolen Burden Jewels Concealed in a Family Ham.

New York, April 21.—[Special.]—The New York police have reason to feel chagrined over the bungle they made in their efforts to recover the $58,000 worth of Burden jewels stolen on the night of Dec. 27. While the highly illuminated residence was being turned topsy-turvey by the excited police that night the jewels were reposing quietly in the interior of a sugar-cured ham in the Burdens' kitchen. The police at the time regarded the ham as suspicious and scrutinized it carefully, but did not find the gems.

Today the grand jury indicted Ella Stimquist, charged with being an accessory after the crime. Miss Stimquist was a kitchen girl in Mr. Burden's house at the time of the robbery, who was known to be on friendly terms with William Roberts Dunlop, the butler, and William Turner, the footman, who were arrested in London by Inspector Forest of Scotland Yards.

She cut open the ham and placed the jewelry in it. It remained there for two days, when the men went there and took the jewels out and carried them out of the house.

Chicagoans Bound for Europe.

The following passengers are booked through the Chicago office of the American line and sail on the steamship Paris tomorrow for Southampton:

William D. Gordon, Mrs. Gordon,	John Williams, P. H. Middleton,
Mrs. Julia F. de Mexia,	John J. Murray,
Mr. J. C. Schaffer, Mrs. Schaffer,	Carl Grimmer, Emil Schmieser,
Carroll Schaffer,	Charles L. Hacker,
Kent Schaffer,	Mrs. Emma George,
Miss Mary N. Smith,	Miss Clara George,
Mrs. M. Cross Newhaus,	Miss Bertha George,
Miss Grace Olcott,	Miss Emma George,
Miss Alma Borman,	Jacob Wahl,
Mrs. J. D. Clyne,	Carl George,
Miss Clyne,	Oscar George,
Mrs. C. B. Searle,	Mrs. J. R. Forsythe,
M. A. Fiedler,	Master H. Forsythe,
Ferd Day,	Miss A. B. Owens,
Mrs. Sich,	Miss Maria Schmieser,
T. J. Clark,	Miss Elsie Riewe,
W. G. Carter,	John Gillespie,
Mr. Halthusen,	Mrs. Gillespie,
Mrs. A. N. Carter,	James Winter,
William Selbie,	Mrs. Winter,
Mrs. E. Smith,	Duncan Winter,
Miss Emme Taylor,	Harold Winter,
Miss Lizzie Bond,	Miss Wimie Winter.
A. J. Vetter.	

The following are booked on the Red Star line steamship Kensington for Antwerp:

Mrs. Anna L. Koch,	Anton Bosch,
Miss Ida Koch,	Miss Anna Mack,
Cyrus Van Heule,	A. Darche,
Mrs. Van Heule,	N. Morper,
Miss Lizzie Klein,	Mrs. Morper,
Miss Louisa Klein,	Miss G. Morper,
Miss K. Diepenbrock,	Mrs. McLennan Hinman,
J. B. Diepenbrock,	C. S. Closec,
G. M. Braunfels,	Henry Schmieding,
Mrs. Ella H. Miller,	W. Schreier,
Miss G. E. Miller,	Mathias Kuhnen,
Miss Louise Sovic,	Miss Mary Pelten,
Miss Ella Sovic,	Miss Anna Kuhnen,
Mrs. S. Schreier,	Miss Mathilda Kuhnen,
W. J. Thomas,	Dr. C. E. Winfield,
Dr. C. Vermeren.	Mrs. C. E. Winfield.

Chicagoans in New York.

The following Chicagoans are registered at New York hotels today:

Waldorf—C. K. G. Billings, F. M. Avery and wife, W. H. Lynn, T. A. Grimm and wife, J. A. Moffett.

Holland—R. Munger, W. L. Parrotte.

Imperial—C. A. Vanvelzer, A. W. Street, W. D. Owen, P. F. Eustis, L. Morris, D. Dryenforth.

Fifth Avenue—M. J. Ceyhett.

Netherland—J. St. J. Nolan.

Windsor—G. T. Smith.

Gilsey—C. S. Steel.

O'Heary and Wilcox Fined.

Crown Point, Ind., April 21.—[Special.]—James O'Heary and Alexander Wilcox of Chicago, prize-fighters, were sentenced to jail for ninety days and fined $50 for disobeying one of Indiana's statutes in fighting a finish fight here three weeks ago.

YALE'S GAMES HELD IN THE RAIN.

Some Good Work Done, Especially by Thrall of Detroit.

New Haven, Conn., April 21.—[Special.]—Yale's spring games were held in a drizzling rain. Two records were broken. The mile walk was taken by Fred C. Thrall of Detroit, who cut the record to 6 minutes 58 3-5 seconds.

J. A. McFarland of Buffalo went his two miles on a quarter-mile track in 5 minutes 15 seconds. The Gerald brothers, Philadelphia boys, won five points in the 440 yards and the high jump. Chappell and Garvan made great time in the hundred and quarter on a slow track.

Do not fail to read Thos. Slater's advertisement on page 7.

HOPKINS FOR SOUND COIN

WILL SERVE ON HONEST MONEY COMMITTEE IF DESIRED.

Believes Cook County Democrats Will Not Indorse Free Silver If Given a Fair Chance to Express Their Preferences—He Stands for the Primary Election Laws—Finds There Is Much Local Resentment Toward the Machine—His Platform.

John P. Hopkins said yesterday he would serve as a member of the Democratic Committee of One Hundred, organized in the interest of honest primaries and honest money, if it was desired that he should do so. mittee of 100, organized in the interest of honest primaries and honest money, if it was desired that he should do so.

He attended the State committee meeting on Monday, but didn't have an opportunity to make a speech, because the silverites acceded to the request of the hard money men as to the basis of representation in the State convention.

"There is only one issue involved in this campaign so far as the Democrats are concerned," Mr. Hopkins said. "Mr. Hinrichsen and the other ultra free silver leaders wish to commit the party to the support of the proposition of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 by this government alone, without waiting for the cooperation of other nations. I am unalterably opposed to that proposition, and I do not believe the Democrats of Cook County will indorse it if they are given fair opportunity to express their preferences at the primaries.

"There is a great deal of resentment towards the machine among the local Democrats. The party needs a vigorous campaign on some such issue as the money question to arouse the interest of the voters. I am in favor of holding the primaries for the election of delegates to Peoria under the primary election laws. I think at least thirty days' notice should be given of these primaries, so that the Democrats may have time to consider the financial issue in all its phases.

"I am confident, if sufficient time is given for a campaign of the right sort, that great interest will be aroused and a heavy vote polled. I think it would be an easy matter to attract 50,000 voters to the primaries held under these conditions. I think, too, it would be safe to say that four-fifths of these voters would express themselves in opposition to free silver at 16 to 1."

OGLESBY AND SWIFT FOR ST. LOUIS.

Maj. McKinley's Friends Agree on Them for Delegates-at-Large.

Maj. McKinley's friends in Illinois, after careful consideration, have agreed on two candidate for delegate-at-large to the national convention. These are ex-Gov. Oglesby and Mayor Swift.

The latter was made acquainted yesterday with the fact that his name would be urged for the position. He is said to have expressed his willingness to accept the honor.

McKinley's friends expect a heavy vote from Cook County, and a strong following from counties outside, sufficient to elect him.

Arrange for the Springfield Trip.

Thirteenth Ward delegates to the Republican State convention held a private meeting in City Treasurer Wolf's office yesterday, and made arrangements for going to Springfield in a body on Tuesday. It is asserted every member of the Eleventh Ward delegation favors instructing for McKinley.

Marquette Club at St. Louis.

The Marquette club has engaged a special train of ten Pullman cars for the St. Louis convention. Over 400 members have arranged to go, and they will live on the train while there. The cars will stand on the site of the old depot, within two blocks of the convention hall.

ASSAIL DR. RUSK IN AN AFFIDAVIT.

Tenants of Wabash Avenue Houses Make Charges Against the Militant Church Man.

The Rev. Dr. John Rusk of the Militant Church, who recently moved to a house at No. 2236 Wabash avenue, has been engaged in an effort to clear that immediate neighborhood of tenants whom he deems objectionable. In this effort, it seems, he has been visiting his neighbors, and now certain of those neighbors, under suggestions from agents of the property-owners, are making affidavits bearing on the pastor's conduct.

It is charged that the doctor has been mixing amusement with troubles. The police have become interested in the case as a result of a report made to them that one of the doctor's companions in his neighborhood visits personally a police officer.

At No. 2220 Mrs. Frances Barclay and Miss Hattie Clifton made a sworn statement before a notary public last night concerning Dr. Rusk's demeanor in their flat. The statement says in part:

"Being duly sworn on oath, Frances Barclay and Hattie Clifton depose and say that on or about the 30th day of March, 1896, Dr. John Rusk of the Militant Church, accompanied by William Mitchell, Ferd Butterfield, Russell Dickey, and one Stone, a lawyer, who introduced the party, visited the house in which we live and that the entire party ordered and drank whisky."

The affidavit proceeds to declare that Dr. Rusk "made love" to Hattie Clifton and hugged and kissed her, saying many "foolish things." Then, continuing, the sworn statement declares:

"That he [Dr. Rusk] represented himself as, and was introduced as, Mr. Gillam, or a similar fictitious name, a rich Cincinnati banker.

"That they have both identified the man referred to as Dr. Rusk in his office in the Association Building and on the street beyond the possibility of a doubt.

"That the party represented and conveyed the idea that one party, William Mitchell, was a police officer.

"FRANCES BARCLAY.
"HATTIE CLIFTON."

A sore throat, a distressing cough, asthma, or any symptoms indicating a pulmonary or bronchial affection, are speedily removed by Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant.

Children's photos taken by Stevens, McVicker's Theater, are beautiful; 15 cabinets, 3 styles, $3.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

E. & W. ARAPAHOE. E. & W.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
James White, Ellen M. Scannell	24—23
Ignacy Milas, Zofia Zukanka	20—20
Frank Granzon, Hattie Behlke	21—22
John Kennedy, Sarah Murphy	38—34
Otto Schladeck, Marie Kostner	46—44
Robert Peddicl, Mary E. Dyer	37—34
Walter W. Noles, Josie Wheeler	24—20
William J. Drugan, Lizzie Long	26—18
Hugo von Kampen, Anna M. Dassow	24—21
John Raclawski, Kate Konwinska	23—20
Max Skuders, Mary Kukuc	24—19
Pawel Redsinski, Maryanna Klick	32—40
William L. Nichols, Eugenie B. Carr	26—21
John R. Schuller, Margaret Scholter	32—30
John Connors, Lizzie Grace	25—24
Josef Pawlus, Antonina Kosielowska	25—23
John F. Ehrendahl, Hannah Lindgren	25—24
John Annal, Caroline Johnson	24—24
Hugo Bussan, Jennie Sicilia	35—37
Charles A. Danz, Ida M. Dunsworth	24—22
Louis A. Stahmer, Ida S. Ericson	29—24
Thomas J. Quevillon, Maggie Donahue	25—22
James J. Cepek, Emma Hasek	21—20
Robert Irwin, Lizzie Doran	25—24
W. M. Breckenridge, Helen F. Andrews	25—20
Edward J. McCaffery, Mary A. Mahoney	25—24
Andrzej Chrapkowski, Veronka Kosinska	24—18
Thomas H. Harkness, Florence Brown	25—20
Nicholas Mesenbrink, Anna Kunzman	29—21
John M. Conway, Mary J. Cullen	24—24
Robert T. Martin, Emma H. Kasdorf	25—22
Edgar W. Robinson, Ida Lyon	29—24
Johan Zimmerman, May Kaufman	41—36
Dominic Rogan, Alice Condon	24—24
August Schoopfer, Sophie Kleb	24—24
James A. Murray, Elizabeth Dowd	29—28
David McGrath, Minnie Clohesy	27—21
Richard G. Evans, May L. Tisdale	27—21
Irwing Bastian, Amelia Kreil	23—23
Vereers Linhart, Mary Jack	29—20
Thomas Reilly, Nosene Donahue	26—24
Charles L. Altshube, Amelia Hirsh	36—30
George M. Nicholson, Nessie V. Jordine	31—27

The Tribune.

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Pages.	Domestic.	Foreign.
8, 10, 12	1 cent	2 cents
16, 20	2 cents	3 cents
24	2 cents	4 cents
28	3 cents	4 cents
32	3 cents	5 cents
36	3 cents	5 cents
40	3 cents	6 cents
44	3 cents	7 cents
48	4 cents	7 cents
Over 48	4 cents	8 cents

Note—The laws of the Postoffice Department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

WM. B. WARREN LODGE NO. 205, F. & A. M.—An emergent communication will be held in Masonic Temple Wednesday, April 22, at 10 a. m. to attend the funeral of our late Brother John T. Smith, by carriages from hall. Members are notified to attend. Members of sister lodges are invited. D. A. CAMPBELL, W. M.
D. S. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1896.

NO ONE seems able to turn the free silver crank.

MR. BAYARD is the original "I Am-bassador."

THE two wings of the Democratic party may make it sore.

THE Bayard question is the first one to be settled. Bounce him.

THE attitude of the Legislature at Albany seems to be a Plattitude.

WITH two Kings and a Queen at Venice, Italy had a good hand to draw to.

THERE is no reason for delay in recognizing the belligerency of Bayard.

IF Col. Billmorrison were learning to ride a wheel he could not have straddled worse.

PERHAPS Senator Hill thinks he is still alive and would like to have another burial.

IF Greater New York becomes a fact Brooklyn can bring an action for abduction.

MACEO acts as if the Spaniards had constructed the trocha for the express purpose of giving him a good place to chasse.

AMONG other troubles afflicting the Democrats this year is the consciousness that not one of them can either be right or be President.

AFFAIRS in Cuba should be quiet for a few days now that it is reported the Spanish troops and the insurgents have each other hemmed in.

THE effort to "arrest public sentiment without a warrant" must be abandoned until it reaches St. Louis. A warrant may be obtained there.

SOME of these candidates who are able to "sweep the country" should be brought to Chicago and given a preliminary training on the streets.

SPAIN'S reform in Cuba is beginning. The tariff on products entering the island is to be increased to yield $17,000,000 yearly, instead of $9,000,000, as at present.

THE governmental stamp of approval has been withheld from the flavoring of the postage. This is not as good as some other licks the present Congress has put in.

AN Ohio rooster has whipped two Newfoundland dogs at Cincinnati. What chance has any importation from British America against a Buckeye on his native soil?

SWIFT'S comet has been growing brighter, some one takes pains to telegraph from California. We've known that ever since a decent Common Council was elected.

LLOYD OSBOURNE, novelist, poet, and stepson of and collaborator with the late Robert Louis Stevenson, has followed Rudyard Kipling's example and taken to himself an American wife. About the only men sufficiently intelligent to write books who do not do this nowadays are those who had foreign wives before they met the American girl.

SOME of the church members who insisted with so much reason that China should suffer for its ill-treatment of the American missionaries should recall one of them to labor in the West Chicago avenue district, where a dozen Caucasians have just made a vicious assault upon an unarmed Chinaman and his wife and baby.

THE New York stock market yesterday opened strong and active. The local market was strong and Diamond Match fulfilled the predictions of its friends and sold at 200. Sterling rates were unchanged. New York exchange sold at 65 to 70 cents premium.—Leading speculative produce markets were fairly active, but decidedly weak in tone. The weakness became more accentuated as the session advanced. As compared with the last prices of the previous day July wheat closed 1¾ cents lower, corn ⅝@¾ cent lower, oats ⅛@¼ cent lower, cash rye easier, barley steady, flaxseed ¼ cent higher, May pork 5 cents lower, lard 2½ cents lower, and ribs 2½ cents lower.

THE members of the City Council of Louisville, Ky., who belong to the A. P. A. are seeking to change the name of St. Cecilia street because to their minds the saint represents Roman Catholic influence. To any mind not hopelessly asquint through prejudice the consecration of this gentle girl as the patroness of music by all its sister arts, sculpture, painting, architecture, and literature, not to speak of the notable musical compositions she has inspired, would serve to protect her memory. But to Louisville City Councilors this probably furnishes additional reason for the elimination of her beautiful name from the directory. But art is long and City Councils short.

THE Central Electric ordinance, giving up Jackson street, was reintroduced in the Council on Monday night with the compensation clause left out. There is no fear of its passage. It cannot get past the Mayor and the honest Aldermen who will stand by him. There was introduced at the same time an ordinance giving Jackson street, from the river to Michigan avenue, to the South Park Board for boulevard purposes. That ought to pass. Then it would be out of the power of any subsequent Council, no matter how corrupt it might be, to sever the direct connection between the west and south park systems. It may be that the boodlers, seeing they cannot get their measure through, will not fight the other one hard. So its friends should press it strenuously, and they may be as successful as were the advocates of the West Jackson street boulevard.

Two eminent men in the world of finance, M. Leon Say of France and Baron Maurice Hirsch of Austria, passed away yesterday. The former had been Minister of Finance and was a practical financier, but his greatest reputation was made in the domain of political economy, in which he had come to be regarded as an authority. Baron Hirsch was one of the leading financiers and capitalists of Europe. He accumulated vast wealth and he used it to good purpose and, best of all, used it during his lifetime. He made a remark once which should be heeded by all having money who wish to use it to the best advantage: "I am desirous of doing something with my wealth to make the lot of the miserable easier. If one could take his money when he went he might not care to dispose of it in this way. But it seems much better to me to look on its beneficial distribution myself than to leave it to be disposed of by bequests. That seems like taking it from your heirs." His charities were profuse. He aided the poor of his own and other countries, and he was specially generous to his own people. Thousands of Russian Hebrews found homes in Argentine Republic through his munificence. The difference between Say and Hirsch was the difference between a theoretical and philanthropic financier.

UNJUST ATTACK ON THE MAYOR.

The Civic Federation would do more good if, instead of doing nothing but endeavor to find defects in the present municipal administration, it would occasionally commend it for some of the many good things it has done. Thus it would have been a wise act for the federation, which has called attention to the fact that there may be eight men on the city pay-roll who draw salaries and do no work, to state, some time or other, that the Mayor in one year purged the pay-rolls in the Public Works Department alone to the amount of $675,000, and that there has been a saving in the Police Department of about $300,000, or a total saving in these two departments of almost $1,000,000 in one year.

The cases of the eight supposed skulkers have been explained in part, and some of them have been found to be not skulkers at all. Even if they were all guilty as alleged, the proportion of eight to 8,000 would not be high, as in any large corporation at least one man in 1,000 would be found unworthy of his place. But it is not sufficiently understood that all the pay-rolls are now duly authenticated by the new Civil Service Commissioners and that the Controller refuses to pay them until they have been so approved. The Commissioners are responsible for the rolls; the Mayor is not. The pay-rolls are constantly accessible to the Civic Federation, to the Aldermen, and to any citizen who wishes to inspect them. They are no longer made a part of the Council proceedings, because the printing of them in that place served no good purpose and involved needless expense; but the Mayor offers to furnish them for publication to any reputable newspaper if the Civic Federation will pay the cost of printing. Could anything be fairer than that?

Criticism is most effective for good when praise is given if deserved and when blame is justly apportioned. This is especially the case when the critic is self-elected, and when he claims to be entitled to play the part of public censor because of his peculiar honesty, impartiality, and fair-mindedness. If he does nothing but pick flaws he may do great mischief, but can accomplish no good.

The Civic Federation seems to be degenerating into a chronic fault-finder and to be finding fault causelessly. It made charges against eight men. The Mayor ordered an immediate investigation. It has been carried far enough to show that many of the charges are absolute misstatements. If at any time the federation had had a kind word to say about Mayor Swift's administration, neither he nor any one else would be inclined to resent these charges, even though mistakenly made, for no one would question the good intentions of the makers. But that kind word has never been spoken.

Mr. W. T. Baker knows that the affairs of a great corporation like this city or a smaller one like the Board of Trade cannot be conducted so carefully but that occasional mistakes will be made. The greater the number of subordinates the greater the probability that somebody will do something wrong. Therefore Mr. Baker ought to know that it is not in the best of taste to dilate on the errors which may be made and hunt for them, ignoring utterly reforms which have been wrought and old errors which have been avoided.

Mayor Swift has given the city a better administration than any of his immediate predecessors. He has done that, although hampered by greater difficulties than any of them had to contend with. It would not have cost Mr. Baker or the Civic Federation anything to say that, and it would have helped him. To blame is easier than to praise, however, and the critic who censures thinks he stands on a higher plane than the one who commends.

The result of this perpetual nagging has been that the Mayor felt constrained to say to the Council Monday night:

> The time may soon come when no honest, self-respecting citizen will accept of an Aldermanship, or of the Mayoralty, or any other office, because his actions are so maligned. The criticism has been so violent and unjust as to bring me to Chicago when I should be in my bed; that criticism was unjust, unmanly, untrue, un-American, and unworthy of the people who ought to rally to the support of an honest public servant.

That is true. It may be soon that no man will accept the Mayoralty unless to make money out of the office or when he has some ax to grind, since he will know that he will be subjected to incessant unfriendly criticism, unrelieved by a single word of praise. Doubtless Mr. Baker thinks he would make a model Mayor. If he were to hold the office a few employés out of seven or eight thousand would go wrong. Some mistakes would be made. His subordinates would commit errors. Then, when he was assailed vehemently on account of these things, and the good features of his administration never were mentioned, he would think he was ill-used and would lose his temper—much sooner, too, than Mayor Swift lost his. The latter has been very patient during a year of good, hard work for the city, but he was moved to speak out at the last Council meeting.

What he said then should induce the federation to be less one-sided and to cultivate a spirit of fairness. It should look on the bright as well as the dark side of the shield. It should not say much about a dollar wasted and nothing about tens of thousands of dollars saved. It should work for the permanent good of the whole city instead of the temporary glorification of individual members.

LET BAYARD BE CALLED HOME.

It is reported from Washington that while the Venezuela dispute was at its height Mr. Bayard, the Ambassador of the United States to England, sent a dispatch to Secretary of State Olney pressing the claim that the Monroe doctrine did not apply to the question. If this be true, with all that it implies, President Cleveland should lay aside the consideration of the Cuban question, if he is considering it, and Congress should abandon appropriation and all other bills and they should devote themselves to a consideration of the quickest way of bouncing this extraordinary diplomat. The United States has had all it can stand of this misrepresentative.

It was intolerable before when this American Minister in the rôle of a Tory toady went about England preaching against the principles of the chief party in the United States, but to find he was coaching Lord Salisbury against the American Government and giving his traitorous comfort to the English Cabinet when war seemed hanging as the issue, is a revelation that calls for swift and drastic action. Apparently he believes he is not to be amenable to the ordinary restrictions put on diplomats and is not to be hampered by the national traditions or the opinions of people on this side of the Atlantic. The fact that he was sent to England to represent the United States, to voice its sentiments, protect its honor, and abet all its purposes and honorable plans has long since ceased to be anything but a diplomatic formality, a national fiction with Mr. Bayard. He is not the sort of man to be bound down by any such considerations. He has publicly claimed the right to express his own convictions untrammeled by any consideration of the people in the United States. And another tenet of this law which he has made for himself is the right to display his hostility to his country in whatever manner best suits his fancy. He fails utterly to appreciate the grotesque position he occupies of decrying the very people for whom he is a sponsor, and continues on serenely even after he has been overwhelmingly censured by Congress.

There has been enough of him. His more petty insults never should have been endured and this crowning insult of all can be wiped out only by his prompt removal from office, before he brings fresh disgrace on the United States. It has been the common wonder of Europe that this man has been permitted to misrepresent his country so long. No other nation in the world would have permitted such insolent disregard of its interests, and it seems almost inconceivable that he should have dared as a climax to his unique record formally and strenuously to oppose a doctrine that the people of this country almost unanimously were willing to go to war to sustain. This kind of a diplomat should not be allowed to resign. He should be unceremoniously bounced.

THE SALVATION ARMY CORRESPONDENCE

The complete correspondence leading up to the disaffection in the ranks of the Salvation Army and the secession headed by Ballington Booth and his wife has now been made public by Frederick and Emma Booth-Tucker. It comprises three somewhat memorable letters. The first is the letter of resignation sent by Ballington and Maude Booth to Bramwell Booth, international chief. It sets forth the reasons for their resignation, which may be briefly stated: Rules were promulgated in England which could not be obeyed here without involving endless red tape and detriment to the spiritual side of the army work. The social work was exploited by Gen. Booth at the expense of the spiritual. Ballington and his wife had been left out of all consultations. The rule which they had made forbidding the use of tobacco by sworn soldiers Gen. Booth had sought to rescind. The last reason assigned is the strongest of all. They charge that when Gen. Booth was here he showed himself unkind, inappreciative, ill-tempered, and impossible to please. He belittled the army work and rode roughshod over them. He never talked with them or asked their opinions, and upon one occasion manifested his real sentiments by his remark to them: "I'm not going to let you suck all the juice out of this plum."

Bramwell Booth's reply does not need special consideration, as it was only a sentimental appeal to them not to desert the army and did not attempt to answer the charges made. Gen. Booth, the head of the army, in his letter to Ballington and Maude Booth affirms that they have no reasonable grounds for their action and cannot justify it. He had always sought their welfare. Changes in appointments are part of the system and Ballington knew a change would be made and was specially intended in his case. He had agreed to it eighteen months previously. This change in command was the very essence of discipline in the Salvation Army. The General's letter closes with a strong and pathetic appeal to his son and daughter to reconsider their action.

One thing is evident in this correspondence. It is clear that Ballington and Maude Booth may have agreed to the change contemplated eighteen months ago, but this was at a time when the family relations were harmonious. The grievances set forth in their letter must have occurred subsequently and during the period of the General's recent visit to this country. In any event, it is apparent that the General and his son are equally matched in stubbornness and will power and that there is no prospect of reconciliation between them. As to the merits of the quarrel, the public has the correspondence and can judge for itself. Meanwhile there is room for the Salvation Army and the Volunteers both, and a lively competition between them will do no harm.

MAKE AN END OF MARSH.

The Republicans of the Fifteenth Congressional District of this State will hold their convention day after tomorrow. It is their bounden duty to throw overboard the present Congressman, Marsh, who has shown himself hopelessly unsound on the currency question, and nominate a man whom the honest money voters of the district can support.

They do not want to vote for Marsh again. They did so two years ago under protest. Since then he has betrayed them and their interests shamefully. He voted against a bill authorizing the issue of bonds so as to enable the government to get at lower rates of interest gold which it had to have in reserve to keep a third of a billion in greenbacks and half a billion in silver from shrinking one-half in value. He voted for a Senate amendment for immediate unlimited free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 to contract and depreciate the currency.

If that amendment were to become law not a business-man nor workingman in his district would escape unhurt. The majority of the business-men at least know it, and they want some one in Congress to represent them who will not be continually waging war on them.

The convention should nominate an honest money Republican. He will get the votes of the Democrats who are opposed to 50-cent dollars, for their party is going to nominate some man who will be as devoted to the cause of rotten money as Marsh is. A sound money Republican can be elected, for the loss of a few free-silver Republicans will be more than made good by gains among the anti-free silver Democrats.

The Republican State convention is going to adopt a sound money platform. So is the national one. The Republicans of the Fifteenth District must not repudiate both those platforms by nominating a rotten money man like Marsh, thus endeavoring to elect a Congressman who will do all he can to antagonize the financial policy of the sound money man whom the Republicans will elect President.

CRISP REPUDIATES MORRISON.

Col. Morrison has made a bid for the votes of the free-silverites by intimating that if he were President and Congress were to pass a free coinage bill he would not veto it. Ex-Speaker Crisp, speaking for the 16 to 1 free silver advocates, rejects that bid. He says:

> It is my opinion that if the advocates of free coinage of silver should control the Chicago convention they should nominate a candidate absolutely pledged to the free coinage of silver, and not only that, but have him stand on a free coinage platform. If silver is declared for by a majority of the Democratic party I think they will demand a candidate who will be an unqualified exponent of that sentiment.

Mr. Crisp is right. If the free-silverites can control the Chicago convention they have a perfect party right to select a candidate who heartily supports them rather than one who insinuates that he is not against them, and who is posing as a trimmer and a straddler for the sake of a nomination.

The free silver Democrats are entitled to a candidate who represents their views fully—a man who if elected President will urge Congress in his first message to pass a destructive, confiscatory free coinage bill, and who will sign it when it reaches him promptly and thankfully.

If it be a fact that a clear majority of the American people are bent on the repudiation of contracts and the confiscation of half the property of creditors, and destruction of half the present money value of silver certificates and greenbacks and bank notes, and if workmen want to be paid in currency worth 50 cents on the dollar, they have a right to know that the Presidential candidate they feel like supporting is heartily and unqualifiedly with them and will allow nothing to be done which might tend to uphold the credit of the country.

Mr. Crisp wants no hypocritical, straddle candidate for another reason. There are other ways in which a President can bring the country to a silver standard of 50-cent money besides signing or declining to veto a free silver coinage bill. He can decline to protect the gold reserve and let the Treasury become exhausted of the yellow metal. He can order his Secretary of the Treasury to redeem Sherman silver certificates and greenbacks in silver instead of gold, and then the silver will slump to 50 cents or to the value of its bullion. So even if Congress or one branch of it, as now, were in favor of honest money a free silver President could pull down the United States money standard to a silver monometallic basis and expel all gold from circulation, thereby contracting the value of all the remainder of the currency one-half in purchasing power. Crisp and his crowd are entitled to a candidate who is as rotten on the currency standard as Bland, and from whom no trimming and straddling need be feared by them.

Hence Morrison's sneaking promise that he will not veto a rotten standard bill avails him nothing. He has fallen between two stools, like many other weak demagogues. He has alienated the honest money men, who will henceforth hold him in contempt, and has not secured the free-silverites and cheap money crowd.

This is the hour for positive candidates, who have the courage of their convictions—for men who are all on one side or all on the other. There is no place now for Janus-faced demagogues like Morrison who write "there are some things about honest money they like" but that there are some features of cheap, debased money "which strike them favorably." Away with them!

DISTRIBUTION OF MEDALS BEGUN.

Whether to weep with the Bureau of Engraving and Printing or rejoice with John Boyd Thacher, that is the question. The great World's Fair magnate invites the attention of the nations to his vindication. He has been passive under prolonged criticism and suffered the blows of scorn in silence, but his day of triumph is here. At the very moment when it is being darkly hinted that this Sairey Gamp of the White City could not produce his Mrs. Harris, because there was "no sich" thing as medals, behold the medals come forth. They are out, they are issued, they are facts, they are not "nearly ready," but ready in very truth, and real people have seen them. Now where are the critics of John Boyd Thacher?

But the joy must be tempered. While we contemplate the glory of J. B. T., let us not forget the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. There sadness reigns. The Bureau is losing its most cherished possession. For weeks and months and even years it has had medals and diplomas in its midst. The first object that met the gaze of the workman as he began the labors of the day was medals. The last object he parted with at night was medals. It has been medals all over the place. It is a wise and merciful provision that their desolation is not to be a sharp blow. It will be made so gradual that something of the pain will be alleviated. Only the German awards are to be issued at first. When the effects of this shock have subsided somewhat, some of the American exhibiters will receive their honors, and so on in easy stages until the entire distribution is made.

In this way, perhaps, a few more years may ensue before the bureau is bereft entirely, but of course on this point there can be no explicit information. It would be unfair to the precedents of the department to rush to conclusions just because they have made a start on the distribution. But in the meantime the public will be in a quandary as to the division of its sympathy. The bureau offers many claims for priority; it is a national institution of wonderful construction; but on the other hand so is John Boyd Thacher a national institution of wondrous construction, and on the whole the stronger inclination probably will be to keep in touch with him.

IT is to be hoped that the bill for establishing a national military park at Vicksburg, which is now pending in Congress, will be passed at this session. It has been favorably reported by the Military committee and it is not known that there is any opposition to it. It has been urged by every Grand Army encampment in the country. The Legislatures of Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New York, and Iowa have already asked the members from those States to vote for it. Speaker Reed has been appealed to from almost every State and Territory in the Union to give the bill, which is on the calendar, the right of way and put it on its passage.

It is a reasonable bill from the economical point of view. The proposed park will include only 1,200 acres. The cost of the site is not to exceed $50,000. It will require only $25,000 to put it in shape and restore the features of the famous battlefield. Vicksburg and Gettysburg were battles of the same day. They belong together. They were equally decisive battles. If any battles during the war of the rebellion should be commemorated it is these two. Vicksburg was one of Gen. Grant's greatest campaigns. No more fitting monument can be placed to his memory than one which shall preserve the features of the great siege of Vicksburg. The bill should be passed without any further delay.

ABLE SEAMEN PLATT AND QUAY are suspected of conspiring to make a wreck of the Ohio Grosvenor.

THE true story of the appointment of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee to the Consul-Generalship at Havana is that President Cleveland said: "Fitz, hugh take it!" and Fitz took it.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York Sun is trying to find out why Populists habitually eat with their knives. Perhaps it is because persons who habitually eat with their knives are apt to be Populists. Why does a hen raise feathers instead of wool?

BATSMAN FORAKER hopes he has made enough sacrifice hits and feels justified in paying some attention now to fattening his own average.

SOME time in June Gov. Bradley will discover that his favorite son copyright does not cover any territory outside of Kentucky.

WHEN the weather becomes settled and the moon is in the proper condition of fullness Mr. John P. Hopkins will push his $50,000 libel suit against Mr. John R. Tanner with renewed vigor.

WILLUM J. BRYAN of Omaha, the modern Colossus of Rhodes, can still straddle clear across the gulf that separates the Thomas Jefferson Democracy from the Ben Tillman Democracy.

THE differences between Editor Scripps and his Detroit Tribune on the silver question might be adjusted by mutual forbearance and an agreement to arbitrate.

THE Cincinnati Tribune has positive information that ex-President Harrison will remain steadfast in his determination not to allow his name to go before the Republican convention at St. Louis next June. The news cannot be considered exclusive. Mr. Harrison himself gave out similar and equally positive information several weeks ago.

COL. BILLIAM MORRISON will find it expedient to sprinkle his boom occasionally with camphor to check the ravages of the Adlai Stevenson moth.

THERE are forty-seven Chinese temples of worship in America, but there is no instance recorded of any American hoodlum having been converted to the Chinese religion.

IT would have been better for Mr. Prior, the alleged forger, if he had been more subsequent.

STOLEN kisses at $100 a steal are too expensive. Young Mr. Fred Young will take no more at that price.

WOULD it not be cheaper to let the old Postoffice Building fall to pieces of its own accord?

IT is estimated roughly that every word of the ape language thus far learned by Prof. Garner has cost the African Fund Society not less than $1,000. It is the most expensive of all the languages, ancient or modern.

LATE and positive advices from Mr. Yerkes' lieutenants and from Mr. Levi Z. Leiter enable us to state definitely that the south side of the Union loop will be built along Van Buren street.

•Not.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Knew Too Much.

"May I offer you a stick of gum?" asked the traveling man in the skull cap, by way of introducing himself to the passenger in the seat directly in front of him.

The other man turned around, looked at the proffered slab, and shook his head.

"I—I beg your pardon," he said. "I manufacture that gum. I never chew it. But if you will join me, I will open this box of candy I bought just before I got on the train."

The traveling man looked at the label on the box and shuddered.

"We make that candy," he remarked, shrugging his shoulders. "I never touch it."

Subsequently they became better acquainted over a small bottle, of whose contents they possessed none of the secrets of manufacture.

Church Expenses.

Mr. Billus (looking over the household expense account)—"Maria, what does this item of $25 for 'church expenses' early in April mean? I have no recollection of paying out any such sum for the support of the church this month."

Mrs. Billus—"That was what my Easter bonnet cost, and I think you're as mean as you can be!"

Its Cheerful Lay.

The bluebird sings its little song
Through all the gladsome day:
"These English sparrows, O, how long,
How long, how long, how long
The nasty creatures stay!"

PERSONALS.

Maryland's new State Librarian is a woman, Mrs. Jeffries.

The Pope will present the golden rose this year to the wife of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria.

Ex-Gov. George W. Peck of Wisconsin will appear on the rostrum next season as a professional lecturer.

The late Rabbi Aaron Wise of New York illustrated the law of heredity. He was the sixth Wise in direct descent to hold the rabbinical office.

The Rev. Dr. Parkhurst is learning to ride a wheel. He practices at an uptown rink and wears a picturesque plum-colored costume when he rides.

F. H. Hovey, the tennis champion of the United States, will be married to Miss Sara Sanborn at Newton Center, Mass., by the Rev. Dr. Alvah Hovey on April 20.

Tolstoi appreciates the value of the English reading public. He is having his forthcoming novel, which he is said to consider one of his best works, translated in advance so that it may appear simultaneously in Russian and English.

Dr. William Howard Russell is now 75 years of age. He joined the staff of the London Times in 1843 and was its war correspondent in the Crimea, the Indian mutiny, the American Civil War, the Prusso-Austrian, and the Franco-German wars.

The report that Anthony Hope was engaged to marry the beautiful leading lady who took the part of the Princess Flavia in "The Prisoner of Zenda" turns out to be an elaborate work of fiction, and Mr. Harrie's case still stands by itself.

CURRENT NOTES.

He—"Miss McCrosun—Imogen—I—I cannot live without you." She—"How did you acquire such extravagant habits?"—Truth.

She—"I thought you told me your salary was $25 a week." He—"O, no; I said I earned $25 a week, but I only get $8."—Amusing Journal.

"No," said Mr. Wickwire, "I haven't tried to get funny around the house since I told the hired girl to boil the ice—and she did."—Indianapolis Journal.

"Why did Mrs. Dash send for you?" "Why, her careless servant mixed up her real cut-glass with the tea store kind and she wanted me to help her separate them."—Philadelphia Record.

Doctor—"This bacon doesn't appear to me to be well cured; does it to you?" Lady of the House—"Perhaps not, doctor; it is probably like some of your patients—doctored, but not cured."—Richmond Dispatch.

Her Attraction.—Smith—"Commissioner Parker, I want to ask you, as a personal favor, not to transfer Roundsman Killalea to some other precinct." Police Commissioner—"Well, Mr. Smith, I am heartily glad to hear he is such an efficient officer." Smith—"It's not that, Commissioner; but our cook would leave us if he went."—Harper's Bazar.

Browne—"That's a good detective story, isn't it?" Whyte—"Well, it's interesting; but it isn't true to life." Browne—"Why not?" Whyte—"Well, for one thing, the detective finds the criminal."—Somerville Journal.

Possible Solution.—"Circe," said the lecturer, "as you no doubt remember, turned men into hogs." "I wonder if she did it by starting a street car line?" mused the woman who had hung to a strap all the way to the hall.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"This weather," said the oldest inhabitant, "reminds me of my boyhood days." "But they say it is the hottest April ever known." "Who says so?" "The weather officials." "Well, mebbe 'tis; mebbe 'tis," he grumbled. "But if they don't show they know any more about the weather we used to have than they do about the weather we're going to have I'm blest if I wouldn't rather depend on my own recollection."—Washington Star.

USEFUL GARMENT FOR SPRING WEAR.

May Be Worn with a Waist to Match, Though the Latter Is Usually of Different Material.

The useful garment shown here is suitable for spring wear. The back is made with the usual seams. The fronts have one dart. The sleeves are cut in two pieces, in the new shape, with the seam on top.

Rough mixed cloths are made up into a skirt and jacket for general wear. Some-

NO. 7,779—WOMAN'S JACKET.

times a waist to match is worn, but usually the waist is of a different material.

Plain cloth with black braiding is one of this season's novelties.

A jacket of plain cloth, either light or dark brown, black or blue, is a very serviceable garment to wear with any skirt.

This pattern costs 10 cents and may be ordered from the pattern department of THE TRIBUNE.

It is cut in six sizes for 30 to 42 inches bust measure. About two yards and a half of wide material is needed for the medium size.

Always give bust measure for waists, basques, coats, and jackets. For skirts give waist measure. For children's patterns it is advisable to give age.

No, 7,779. Bust measure.....

Name.....

Address.....

Allow one week before making complaint of non-receipt of pattern.

MARKET LIST FOR THE HOUSEWIVES.

Suggestive Hints for Buyers Among the Food Staples and Importations of South Water Street Firms.

Choice green peas from Mississippi were plentiful yesterday, and prices declined, 8 cents a quart being the grocery price. Lettuce was scarce and expensive. Cucumbers were abundant. Fancy variety from Louisiana retailed from 10 to 15 cents a dozen.

Crook-neck squashes from Florida appeared in the markets for the first time this season. The South Water street price was $2 a crate, and the retail price today will be about five cents apiece. New beets are selling from 30 to 40 cents a peck. New potatoes from Bermuda have become exceedingly scarce, and the wholesale price has moved up to $8.50 a barrel. At the fancy groceries $1 to $1.25 a peck was considered a low price.

Beans are the cheapest thing on the food list. Some of the big stores are selling hand-picked pea beans at 3½ cents a quart.

Butter declined another cent. Car-lot quantities of fancy creameries were sold in South Water street at 14 cents a pound. The grocer usually buys only a few tubs at a time at this season of the year, and such quantities of the finest cost 15 cents a pound. Most grocers put out this choice stock at 18 cents and dairy butter at 15 and 16 cents a pound. Elgin fancy grades cost a little more than the Chicago market price.

Daily Hint from Paris.

The illustration represents a large Louis XVI. manteau de visite of black satin, semi-fitting. The cape is formed of two rows of application lace. The garment has a high Medicis collar trimmed with a frill of lace, and a large satin bow bordered with jet,

MANTEAU DE VISITE.

with ends falling to the bottom of the garment. The hat is of manilla straw, trimmed with black feathers and with aigrettes at the side. Made by Fred.—New York Herald.

An Honest Opinion.

"What have you been doing all day?"
"Writing an article for the Gaddy."
"Who about?"
"Robert Browning."
"Suppose you've read a lot of him?"
"Not I. But I met him once at an afternoon tea."—Punch.

Same as Other People.

As a proof that Boston people are a good deal like other folks, one of the newspapers in that city devotes a column and a quarter of space to an account of a dog fight.

METHODIST WOMEN AT CLEVELAND

Close Vote Admitting Them to the General Conference—What the Figures from Various States Show.

The question whether the women who are seeking admittance to the General Conference of the Methodist Church are to succeed hangs in the balance. The annual conferences have decided against them, falling by 80 votes to give a three-fourths majority in their favor, and there only remains the direct appeal of the women themselves before the general conference, which meets in Cleveland next month.

During the last six months 122 conferences, meeting for the most part in the United States, but also in points as far distant as Sweden and China, have been voting on this subject. The vast majority of their 10,000 members have voted in favor of the admission of women as delegates to the general conference. But a mere majority goes for nothing when a change of constitution is involved. To confer upon the women the right of sitting in the highest of Methodist councils it is necessary to secure a three-fourths majority of the members of the annual conferences, and follow this by a two-thirds majority in the general conference itself. A conservative minority of one-fourth is therefore able to bar the path of the women toward equal rights in the Methodist Church.

At present the minority is apparently triumphant. One hundred and twenty of the conferences have voted. Only two have yet to be heard from. The vote now stands 7,402 for, 2,594 against; 7,542 would carry the day for the women. The difference is only 80 votes, with East Maine and North Dakota yet undecided, but in the opinion of those best informed these two conferences are so divided in their opinion that their votes will not alter the balance. Therefore, the women must wait until 1900, when they may try again.

The voting in nearby conferences on the question of the admission of the women resulted as follows:

Conference.	For.	Against.
Central New York	99	62
Central Pennsylvania	132	53
Delaware	71	11
Erie	104	34
Maine	99	9
North New York	83	47
New England	150	58
New England, Southern	71	33
New Hampshire	61	10
New Jersey	88	30
New York	99	99
New York, East	58	140
Newark	52	83
Ohio	143	16
Philadelphia	117	88
Pittsburg	55	61
Troy	79	113
Washington	91	41
Wilmington	109	17

There is one hope left. It rests in the fact that already four women have been elected as delegates to the general conference. Despite the vote of the annual conferences these delegates will present themselves at the conference in Cleveland and demand admittance. Mrs. Jane Field Bashford will be the leader of this forlorn hope. She is the wife of the Rev. J. W. Bashford, D. D., of Cincinnati, and has been elected as lay delegate of the Ohio conference. Her husband is one of the ministerial delegates from the Cincinnati conference, which voted for the women without a single dissentient.

The second of the four is Mrs. L. S. Parker, elected by the North India conference. Her husband, Dr. Edwin W. Parker, is also a delegate. Mrs. Butcher, wife of the Rev. J. C. Butcher, also of the North India conference, is the third; and Miss Lydia A. Trimble, from the Foochow conference, China, is the fourth.

When these four ladies present themselves at Cleveland the general conference will be compelled to either admit or dismiss them. If admitted the question will be settled and the fight of the women won. Eight years ago Frances M. Willard led a similar forlorn hope with four others and met with defeat. Since that time the feeling has grown strongly in behalf of the women, and there is a possible chance of a second attack of this nature being successful.

Menu for Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Sliced bananas, with cream and sugar.
Wheatlet.
Asparagus omelet.
Lamb hashed à la Zingara.
Saratoga potatoes.
Buttermilk muffins.
Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Broiled weakfish. Cucumbers.
Salmi of teal duck.
Croute aux fraises.

DINNER.
Oysters.
Soup à la Solferino.
Radishes. Lyons sausage.
Fresh mackerel, baked, maitre d'hotel sauce.
Boiled beef's tongue, à la jardiniere.
Tomatoes, baked.
Beefsteak, with horseradish butter.
Roast plover, with cress.
Lettuce salad.
Sponge pudding.
Coffee.

Croute aux fraises—Cut rounds of stale sponge cake and arrange them in a circle on a pretty dish that can be sent to table; baste with melted apricot or peach marmalade and fill the centers with strawberries; pour whipped cream over all. This is a very pretty way of serving strawberries while they are scarce, as a small basket will serve for five or six persons.

Soup à la Solferino—Cook half a pint of small dice of new potatoes and add with them an equal quantity of peas and string beans, either canned or freshly cooked, to three pints of boiling beef broth. Break some grisini bread into short lengths and put it into the tureen; throw a tablespoonful each of minced parsley and chervil into the boiling soup and pour all over the grisini.

Fresh mackerel may be known by their almost silvery brightness; the stale fish are limp in body and dull red about the eyes. Mackerel keep worse than almost any other fish, and are positively unwholesome unless fresh; therefore great care in selecting them must be exercised. To bake them, clean, remove the roes, and fill with a delicate forcemeat of bread, savory herbs, pounded anchovy, cayenne, salt, parsley, grated onion, and a beaten egg; lay the roes alongside; bake until the backbone lets loose in the thickest part, and serve with maitre d'hotel sauce.

What Col. N. A. Reed Says About Bracelin's Cure of Bronchitis.

Chicago, April 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—As so much suffering has been alleviated during the last three months through the knowledge gained by reading THE TRIBUNE and learning of the existence of Bracelin's bactericide, kindly permit me to hand you a letter which I received this morning from that well-known Chicago editor, Col. N. A. Reed, Jr. J. J. RUSSELL.

"The Banner of Gold,' 340 Dearborn street, Chicago, April 21, 1896—J. J. Russell: My wife has been afflicted more or less for the last three years with a bronchial affection, which has been very annoying. The past winter it increased in violence so much as to keep her awake many nights. It caused her to hack, cough, and attempt to clear her throat so frequently that she disliked to go to any public gathering, fearing it would annoy others. In accordance with your suggestion she tried the Bracelin bactericide and slept the entire night after using the inhaler only four times. She continued its use for three days and her throat is apparently thoroughly cured. At all events she does not cough any more and has no trouble at all with her throat. Our family physician has treated her for two winters and the Bracelin remedy has accomplished in three days what his prescription and various 'inhalers,' etc., have failed to cure. Very truly yours,

"N. A. REED Jr.,
"Editor and General Manager."

How Crane Was Discovered.

How has the once proud Boston fallen! It is now boasting, through its Literary World, that the original article by Hamlin Garland, announcing the discovery of Stephen Crane, appeared in a Bo

AT CLEVELAND

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EVENTS OF A CITY DAY.

CLOTHING CUTTERS' AND TRIMMERS' LONG STRIKE IS OFF.

Not Officially Declared, but the Men Return to Work—Manufacturers Yield to Strikers' Demands, Although the Union as Such Is Not Recognized — President Rischer's Statement—Jury Made Up in the O'Brien Murder Case.

The cutters' and trimmers' strike—involving a thousand workers, who involved 20,000 others—is practically over. Officially it is not.

Two important things happened yesterday. In the morning twenty-six several committees of three members each visited the manufacturers in the wholesale clothing district. Their mission was to learn if the employing clothiers would grant the cutters fair terms of surrender. The committees' reports to executive headquarters were not wholly favorable. Many of the manufacturers insisted upon the introduction of what they have termed the "merit system." Some of the others stated to the committee waiting upon them they were willing and ready to take their old cutters back at the old hours and the old rates. Recognition of the union, however, was barred.

This point of recognition was conceded by no one, it is asserted. If the men desire to return to work they would be welcomed, individually, but only upon that basis.

When the committees returned to headquarters there was a feeling prevalent that unless some definite official action was taken by Union No. 61 there would be a general desertion of the rank and file. A meeting of the cutters and trimmers on strike was consequently called and held at No. 167 Washington street, in Cigarmakers' Hall, from 2 until 4 p. m. The meeting was secret. Its prime feature was the vote on the issue of declaring the strike off. The ballots were written. They read:

Strike	207
Work	83
Blank	8

Only for Appearance's Sake.

As soon as it was evident to the leaders there would be a secession of eighty or perhaps a hundred cutters this morning a foxy man jumped up and moved the Cutters' and Trimmers' Union declare its willingness to permit at this time any member to return to work without forfeiture of his membership rights. This motion was unanimously carried.

It means only one thing. The strike is over. The union saw coming dissolution, in the face of the firm front of the Manufacturers' Association, and it adopted the preferable course of consenting to allow its members to go to work without calling the strike off. Otherwise the integrity of the union itself would have been impaired.

There were 450 cutters at work when the strike began nine weeks ago. Yesterday the manufacturing clothiers had 411 cutters in their employ. Their needs are somewhat greater now than they were in January, but if all their present employés were competent they would not have room for 200 additional cutters from the strikers' ranks. Most of the cutters recently procured are not high-class men. Most of the manufacturers—who are utilitarious and not sentimentalists—will discharge their new men and make room for the old and trained men as fast as circumstances permit. They say they won't; but it is believed they will.

Why the Union Weakened.

President Reichers of the International Union of United Garment-Workers said last night: "The manufacturers are really sick of this fight. We let some of our men go back to work because if the union had resisted their wish to do so there would perhaps have been a larger desertion and a great loss to the union. As it now is, each man who returns to work will turn into the union's treasury one-sixth of the wages he earns. All of our men who go back will do so as stanch union men; they will get union rates and hours—the only thing they fail to get is recognition."

The tailors and other garment-workers on strike have been meeting with more success than the cutters. They had no such stone wall as the Manufacturers' Association to buck against. Half of those primarily on strike have returned back to work at an advance in wages of from 10 to 25 per cent, a reduction of the day's stint to nine hours, and recognition by the contracting tailors of the garment-workers' union.

It is a significant fact, unknown to the Executive Board of the strikers, that a member of the board, before the action taken yesterday morning and before the meeting held yesterday afternoon, made application to and secured position for himself and ten fellow-shopmen with the manufacturing firm for which they had formerly worked as cutters.

JURY SECURED IN O'BRIEN'S CASE.

Prosecution Will Insist on the Usual Mode of Procedure.

A jury has been secured in the case of Michael J. O'Brien, charged with the murder of his wife, Julia O'Brien. The case is pending in Judge Freeman's court.

The jurors are:

Nicholas Mann, No. 3793 North Clark street.

R. A. Carqueville, No. 3127 Beacon street.

T. T. Robiou, Thirty-fourth and State streets.

Charles Dohrmann, No. 1917 North Clark street.

O. C. Harrower, No. 6714 Sherman street.

H. H. Newton, West Ravenswood Park.

William Robinson, No. 10644 Walden Park way.

C. W. Palmer, La Grange.

Charles F. Collins, Chicago Lawn.

C. F. Smith, No. 1013 South Fairfield avenue.

A. M. Larrabee, No. 876 St. Louis avenue.

J. H. Detherage, No. 5647 Fifth avenue.

Assistant State's-Attorney Pearson will make the opening statement of the case to the jury this morning. If the defense asks leave to postpone its opening statement until the evidence of the prosecution is in Mr. Pearson will oppose it.

A jury was secured and evidence given before Judge Adams in the case of John C. Kochler, William Schroeder, and Frank Liebenmark, accused of conspiracy to murder Kochler's wife and three children. Kochler had lived unhappily with his wife and they separated. The woman had some money and property, and John Mead, a tramp, yesterday told in court how Kochler had proposed that Mead should assist in the murder.

NAIL MANUFACTURERS IN SESSION.

Efforts to Fix a Schedule of Prices and Settle the Market.

Two organizations of nail manufacturers began sessions yesterday at the Wellington Hotel. They were the Wire Nail Association, of which H. P. Robey of Wareham, Mass., is President, and the Nail Manufacturers' Association, of which T. H. Loring of Pittsburg is the executive head.

The associations have for some time been working at cross purposes, and the present conference is to reach some understanding in regard to prices.

At both meetings the question of prices was taken up, and a joint committee was appointed to report at the meeting this morning.

Among the prominent manufacturers present were: Charles C. Townsend, New Bedford, Mass.; Edward King, New Castle, Pa.; R. C. Patterson, New Castle; Alfred Coffed, St. Louis; B. H. Barr, Ironton, O.; S. R. Waters, Louisville, Ky.; H. Belmer, Cincinnati; E.J. Broffington, Anderson, Ind.; Oscar Ritchie, Ironton, O.; E. W. Garner, Anderson, Ind.; and A. J. Bassett, Chicago.

WOES OF STOVE POLISH PURVEYOR.

Shadowed by Rivals Who Insist They Shall Not Be "Shaken."

Three men sat in a buggy out in front of the Criminal Court Building yesterday morning and merrily whistled "You Can't Lose Me, Charlie."

They were the agents of a stove polish concern, who, for two months have persistently kept on the trail of H. C. Bomhard of Milwaukee, the agent of a rival establishment. They have followed his buggy day after day, from early dawn until late at night. When the Bomhard buggy drove rapidly down the street the buggy just behind containing the three rivals spurted along at a good speed. When the Bomhard buggy paused, the long green grass grew riotously under the wheels of the rival's vehicle. Down Michigan avenue, along West Madison street, or up Milwaukee avenue, it was all the same. The buggy of the rivals followed the Bomhard rig with the tenacity and persistency of a mud scow chasing a tug boat.

Bomhard did not mind until the enemy adopted new tactics. He says that a few days ago they hired his own driver to blacken Bomhard's eyes a deeper hue than his own polish.

That was too much. He went to Inspector Shea. He hitched his buggy outside the Desplaines Station and while he was inside the three rivals sat in their buggy and smiled.

Bomhard says Inspector Shea was colder than a cook stove should be when it is polished. He told Bomhard to get out or he would lock him up. Mr. Bomhard accordingly got.

With his escort safely whistling "You Can't Lose Us, Charlie," the procession moved down the street.

Yesterday Bomhard appeared at the office of State's-Attorney Kern. The three rivals also appeared as near the office of the State's-Attorney as they could without getting out of their buggy. They sat calmly in their rig and whistled while Bomhard recited his tale of woe.

"Their object is to drive me out of business!" exclaimed Bomhard. "They follow me everywhere and rush into the stores around the places I enter and try to prejudice my goods."

"Where are they?" asked the State's-Attorney.

"There!" said Bomhard tragically, pointing out of the window.

A deputy went out and tried to get the names of the men, but they gave him fictitious cognomens.

Bomhard arranged, however, to go before the grand jury and secure the indictment of George Danforth, the chief shadow, and his two assistant shadows, on the grounds of threats and conspiracy.

He then left the building and drove away. And behind him drove the rivals, whistling still: "You Can't Lose Us, Charley."

DECLARES IT IS A CONSPIRACY.

Detective Horvich Says Thieves Are Trying to Oust Him.

The Police Trial Board yesterday heard the case of Detective Jacob Horvich of the Maxwell Street Station, accused of demanding $850 of Mrs. Paulina Isen for not prosecuting her husband, David Isen, charged with burglary. Mrs. Isen said she paid the amount and her husband was discharged. The detective said it was a conspiracy by a gang of thieves to cause his removal.

H. Israelson, a tailor at Fourteenth and Jefferson streets, it is said, was robbed of several hundred dollars' worth of goods and was visited by Isen, M. Goldstein, Morris Jacobs, and others, who promised to give back the goods stolen from him if he would take part in the conspiracy against the detective. He agreed to do this, but informed the detective of the fact. For some reason, however, he was not visited again by the men.

Policeman Daniel Penbrook of the Thirty-fifth Street Station was before the board on charges preferred against him by Henry Dikeman, a liveryman at Thirty-seventh and Halsted streets. Dikeman was arrested for not having lights on his carriage. Dikeman insisted that the city ordinance did not affect liverymen or undertakers.

The Civil Service Commission yesterday canceled the application of Patrick Barry for a position on the police force. Barry lives at No. 633 Duncan Park and notified Secretary Phelps of the commission if his application was pushed and he were given a "tip" as to the requirements there would be "something good" in it for the Civil Service Commission.

THEY TELL OF GAS TRUST AFFAIRS.

Attorney-General Moloney Files Depositions Made in the East.

The relations of the Philadelphia Fidelity Insurance Trust and Safe Deposit company to the Chicago gas trust were discussed by President John B. Gest of the Philadelphia company in a deposition taken by Attorney-General Moloney in Philadelphia, which has been filed in the Circuit Court.

Mr. Gest produced the original declaration of trust executed Oct. 15, 1887, when the Chicago gas trust company deposited with the Philadelphia company 198,388 shares of capital stock of the Chicago Gaslight and Coke company, 29,881 shares of the Consumers' company, 29,747 shares of the Equitable company, and 34,600 shares of the People's company. Mr. Gest said no stock certificates of the Suburban, Lake, or Hyde Park companies were deposited with his company. The certificates were accepted, according to Mr. Gest, in trust for the stockholders and the Philadelphia company never voted the stock. His company, however, was represented by proxy at the annual meetings of the four companies.

In 1891 the defendant company issued its own certificates in exchange for certificates of like face value of the Chicago Gas company, formerly the Chicago Gas Trust company. The amount was $24,885,000, of which $23,610,000 had been returned to the defendant company and canceled. Mr. Gest said his company had never had a pecuniary interest in the stocks deposited with it.

Depositions of Anthony N. Brady and ex-Gov. Flower of New York were also taken.

SMITH'S MURDERER IS AT LARGE.

Police Say Timothy O'Keefe Is Not the Guilty Man.

Timothy O'Keefe is not the man who killed Master Painter John T. Smith, the police say, and he is not wanted by them to stand trial for that crime along with John Ryan.

A man of the name first given was taken to the Central Station yesterday on the supposition he was concerned in the case, but he was quickly released as knowing nothing about it.

Inspector Fitzpatrick says the department expects to capture Ryan's associate, who, it is now believed, wielded the murderous gaspipe. New evidence was turned up yesterday locating responsibility for the crime, it is stated, and the police expect no trouble in proving their case in court.

Ryan's friends said yesterday they were able to establish an alibi.

It leaked out yesterday that the police had a good look at the supposed guilty man before he left the city. Ryan and he were walking in Fifth avenue, it is said, with two detectives following them.

At Randolph street Ryan turned into Powers' basement saloon, while his companion walked on up Fifth avenue.

The detectives, believing Ryan was the murderer, allowed the other man to escape while they were descending into the basement, where Ryan was captured.

CRITICISE THE LOOP ORDINANCE.

Antagonism Because of the Absence of a Compensatory Clause.

There was some talk yesterday against the Union Loop company's Van Buren street ordinance because it does not contain a compensation clause. But this talk was not among the Aldermen, except as they were asked about the subject. Those who said anything were of the opinion the question had been settled when the Fifth avenue and Wabash avenue ordinances for the same company were passed. The whole subject was discussed at that time, resulting in a general decision to the effect that the loop would be a part of all the elevated systems and therefore would have no distinct earning power.

It is asserted that the city will get the compensation it wants from the different roads because of increased earnings the loop will bring them.

The companies are satisfied that when passengers can be landed near places in the business center their business will be increased largely.

FIELDS' SANITY TO BE ARGUED.

Judge Baker to Hear Argument of the Murderer's Counsel.

The question of the sanity of Alfred G. Fields, convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged May 15, will be considered in Judge Baker's court this morning.

Attorney Paul W. Linebarger yesterday filed his petition and affidavits in support of the application for a jury to inquire into the mental condition of Fields.

If Judge Baker refuses to impanel a jury the Governor will be appealed to for a respite and the case will be taken to the Supreme Court.

FATE OF A MISSING MILKMAN.

Joesph Williams' Wife Thinks He Has Met with Bodily Harm.

Whatever the fate of Joseph Williams, the missing milkman, may be, it is very improbable he has eloped with the young woman he used to boast would follow him to the ends of the earth.

He was married about six months ago, but he afterwards confided to a dining-room girl at an Adams street boarding-house, where he delivered milk, that he wished he had married her, and he told the wife of his employer, H. F. Rautman, milkman at No. 539 Washington boulevard, he would elope with this girl if he could raise $50.

The girl left the boarding-house three weeks ago, but she was found yesterday. She said Williams' advances used to make her very tired.

Mrs. Williams thinks her husband has met with harm. Two threatening letters, she said, had been sent him, one through the mails, and the other was left at the house, No. 45 May street. She says the letters were sent by Rautman.

Rautman says he had no intention of doing Williams bodily harm, but intended to have him arrested for slander.

Williams left Rautman's employ a week ago and started a milk route. On Saturday morning he left home ostensibly to go to the City Hall and try to avoid prosecution for selling milk without having his name on his wagon. He never reached the Collector's office.

Some think the missing man may have gone back to a first love in London, whence he came to Chicago at the time of the World's Fair.

WILL SUE DESPITE MR. BEALE.

Civil Service Commission to Prosecute the School Case.

Corporation Counsel Beale said yesterday the mandamus suit of the Civil Service Commission against the Board of Education to determine whether the employés of the board were amenable to civil service regulations had been practically given up. He had drawn up the petition and sent it to the commission for inspection, but he had no idea it would be filed in court. President Clark of the commission said he was not so sure the petition would not be filed. It was well enough for Mr. Beale to withdraw from the case, but the commission could employ another attorney, and he intimated the suit would go on. Mayor Swift said Mr. Beale had written a letter to Controller Wetherell requesting him to refuse to pay the employés of the board in order that suit might be brought by one of the employés against the Controller. The Controller, however, said he had neither received nor heard of such a letter.

EARLIER MAIL FOR SUBSTATIONS.

Plan to Relieve Pressure at the Post-office Nearly Complete.

Arrangements are being made whereby mail for substations of the Chicago Post-office will be dropped at such substations by incoming trains instead of being carried through to the general office. Postmaster Hesing and Supt. Troy of the railway mail service have been working on this scheme and have secured its adoption by the Post-office Department.

Under the new plan suburban residents will get their mail an hour or more earlier than heretofore, and by relieving the pressure at the general office the delivery of mail in the business section will be expedited.

Substation No. 5 of the Postoffice, No. 117 Quincy street, has leaped into popularity since the removal of the Postoffice to the Lake-Front. Its sale of stamps amounts to $5,000 a day.

Must Answer for Pflum's Death.

Deputy Coroner McNally yesterday held an inquest on the body of August Pflum, 34 years old, who died at the County Hospital on Monday from a fractured skull, the result of injuries said to have been inflicted by Michael Ready and William Hines in the basement of No. 355 State street on the night of March 10. The jury recommended that Hines and Ready be apprehended and held for the grand jury's action. The men are still at large.

His Fourth Matrimonial Venture.

Abraham Robinowski, 85 years old, applied for a license yesterday to wed Annie Rupert, aged 30. The prospective bridegroom has already buried three wives, but does not believe that marriage is a failure. He says, should he mourn a fourth wife, he will be ready for a fifth matrimonial venture. Annie seemed quite willing to take chances. Robinowski is a peddler.

Four Men in Murderers' Row.

Not since the days of the convicted Anarchists until now has murderers' row in the county jail contained at the same time four men under sentence of death. Those condemned are: Joseph Windrath, Nic Marzen, Alfred C. Fields, and Belverip Borrelli. Judge Horton will dispose of the motion for a new trial for Windrath this week.

Wants a Receiver Appointed.

The Superior Court is asked to appoint a receiver for the Royal Wine company, whose place of business is in Van Buren street near Wabash avenue. The complainant is George C. Wright, who is the owner of $5,000 of the $25,000 capital stock of the concern. He says the affairs of the company have been mismanaged by Edward R. and Frank Hibbard, the owners of a majority of the stock.

Seeking to Set Santry Free.

Habeas corpus proceedings were begun yesterday to secure the release of John Santry, held at the East Chicago Avenue Police Station on suspicion of having been implicated in the murder of Gustav Collander on Nov. 6, 1894. It is asserted that Santry's arrest was illegal and that there is no evidence against him.

Will Talk on Open Air Meetings.

Brigadier-General Fielding of the American Volunteers will address the Hyde Park District Baptist Young People's Union on Friday evening at the South Park Baptist Church, Forty-eighth street and Wabash avenue. The subject of the address will be, "Open Air Meetings."

Feared It Was Cholera.

Mrs. Maggie Dobler, 33 years old, died yesterday at her home, No. 2922 Keeley street, after two hours' sickness. Dr. Fitzmaurice telephoned the Coroner it was a case of cholera, but afterwards notified him a council of physicians had decided this was not the cause of death.

Stockman Killed by an Engine.

While feeding horses in the yards of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad company at Campbell avenue yesterday A. C. Smith, a stockman of Waterville, Me., was struck and instantly killed by a passing engine. Smith was 30 years old.

Ogden Gas Gets a Permit.

The Ogden Gas company permit was issued yesterday by Commissioner of Public Works Kent to John W. Lanehart, the promoter of the company. The permit is to lay gas mains and pipes on the North Side.

Body Found in the Canal.

The body of a man supposed to be Jerome Schwab was found yesterday in the Illinois and Michigan Canal at Sag Bridge

MORTALITY FOR A MONTH.

SHOWING MADE BY COMMISSIONER KERR'S REPORT FOR MARCH.

Anti-Toxin's Triumph Over Diphtheria—Relations of a Contaminated Water Supply to Typhoid-Fever and Intestinal Diseases—Comparative Statistics Submitted with Diagrams Which, More Explicitly than Words, Tell the Whole Story.

Commissioner Kerr of the Health Department has just issued the March report on vital statistics for Chicago, which shows interesting results in the victory of anti-toxin over diphtheria, and the prevalence of typhoid-fever and intestinal diseases after each contamination of the water supply. This work is under the superintendence of Dr. M. O. Heckard, whose diagrams tell the whole story.

To understand the full meaning of the diphtheria death rate it should be borne in mind that the disease appeared in April, 1895, with greater malignity than in the year before. Notwithstanding the disease in October last had reached an average daily mortality of 8.1—which was before the general use of anti-toxin—the death rate was rapidly cut down until in March it was only 2.8. The force of these gains is made plain by the statement that the greatest average decline from the maximum mortality of each year during the preceding ten years—1885 to 1894—was but 16.8 per cent.

Chicago's health reports show an interesting relation between bad water and the prevalence of intestinal diseases. At the close of December the quality of water reached its worst. Analysis showed continuous improvement to Jan. 18, and, after a slight contamination, further improvement was observed to Feb. 8. A rapid increase in acute intestinal diseases was registered immediately after pollution of the water. Typhoid-fever also set in, but taking longer to develop its full effects were not shown for several weeks. The average daily deaths from acute intestinal diseases were 3 for the week ending Dec. 21, decreasing a week later to 2, but in the wake of bad water these maladies increased by the next week to an average death rate of 8.4. With improvement in the water to Feb. 1 there was a rapid decline of intestinal troubles, until the death rate fell to 2.7 daily.

From Dec. 28 to Feb. 1 typhoid increased in prevalence and malignity until the average daily death rate reached was 5.6.

These fluctuations of purity in the city's water and fatality in disease are made plain in the diagram printed. The line showing water quality indicates suspicious water Feb. 15, which then became good for a month, and at the close of last month had again become suspicious. Correspondingly, intestinal diseases and typhoid fever grew less fatal with fluctuations to March 21, when the daily deaths were 2 and 1.4 respectively. With another supply of contaminated water now in use the disease rate is on the increase.

There were 1,988 deaths in Chicago from all causes in March. The monthly death rate per 1,000 of population was 1.24.

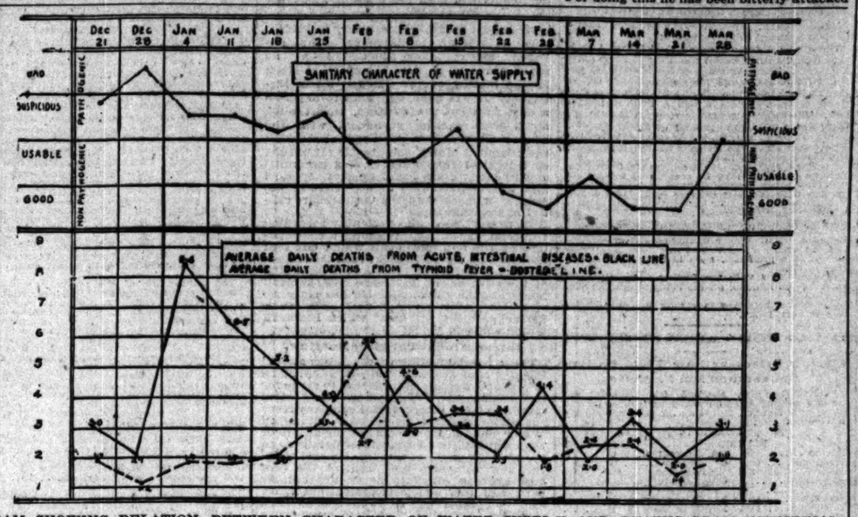
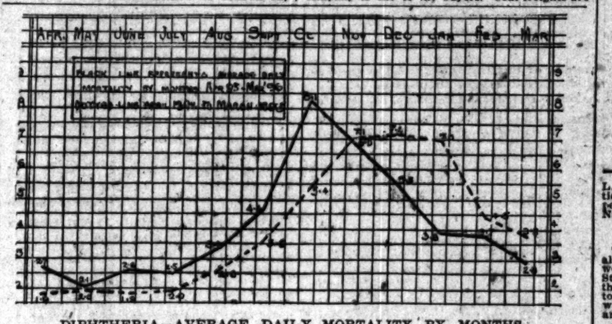


DIAGRAM SHOWING RELATION BETWEEN CHARACTER OF WATER SUPPLY AND DEATHS FROM INTESTINAL DISEASES BY WEEKS.



DIPHTHERIA—AVERAGE DAILY MORTALITY BY MONTHS.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children she gave them Castoria

WILL FIX TEACHERS' PAY IN MAY.

School Management Committee Decides to Give Akers $1,400 Salary.

At a meeting of the School Management committee of the Board of Education yesterday Chairman Brenan was asked when the teachers' salaries for the year would be fixed, and he said early in May. This announcement, which elicted no reply and attracted no attention, involved a strange system of finance. Supt. Lane explains that while the City Council made appropriations for school purposes from January to January, the board employs its teachers from September to July, and yet it does not fix their salaries at the beginning of either the city fiscal year or the school year. The custom has been to fix the teachers' salaries in March or April, and in the meanwhile between January and March the salaries are paid in some fashion before they have been fixed.

One of the first things brought before the committee was the fixing of the salary of Principal J. W. Akers of the Walter Scott Shool. Supt. Lane said Mr. Akers had not yet drawn a cent of pay, and recommended he be paid at the rate of $1,400 until the general adjustments of salaries. There was considerable disposition to fix the salary at this figure permanently, but at last it was agreed to make it temporary.

Mr. Thornton called the attention of the committee to the fact that at the Cook County Normal School there was a kindergarten school which charged for tuition, every pupil being required to pay $10 a year. As the Board of Education existed to furnish free education only Mr. Thornton thought the charge should be abolished, which was done. Attention being called to the fact that children 2 and 3 years old were admitted to this school contrary to law, the practice was ordered discontinued.

Chairman Brenan asked permission to withdraw the report he made at the last meeting of the committee in favor of permitting Mrs. M. E. D. Gilmore to visit the schools and organize a movement against the cigaret. Mr. Brenan did not refer to the A. P. A. record of Mrs. Gilmore, which the rest of the committee, judging from their laughter, had not forgotten.

The suits of the McVicker Theater company, Henry Weil, J. J. Knickerbocker, and J. H. Van Vlissingen against the Board of Education were dismissed yesterday in Judge Gibbons' court.

First to Open.

Draper Hall Summer Hotel, Oconomowoc, Wis., will open on Saturday, April 25. For terms address CHARLES B. DRAPER, Oconomowoc, Wis.

MR. MORTON MAKES AN EXPLANATION

Says the Government Is the Dumping Ground for Poor Seeds.

Secretary Morton of the Department of Agriculture has issued a statement explanatory of the government seed award in which the bids of the Northrup, Braslan, Goodwin company of Chicago were rejected. He contends that he acted for the good of the public. He was required, he says, to purchase seeds at the lowest bid, and considered it good policy to buy only those he had reason to think could be relied upon.

The Secretary says the Northrup, Braslan, Goodwin company has not been discriminated against by his department. Concerning its seeds Mr. Morton says the committee did not think it had facilities for packing and delivering the goods. Continuing he says:

"If the seeds purchased by this department are a fair sample, the American farmer is extensively and systematically defrauded in his seeds. This, however, we do not believe, as it is evident that the Department of Agriculture has been made to a large extent at least a dumping ground for the poor seed which dealers would not dare to sell anywhere else. The old system of buying the cheapest instead of the best could not have any other result.

"With the reestablishment of the distribution of common garden seed by order of Congress, the Secretary has sought the best method to get good seed and none other. For doing this he has been bitterly attacked by the leading beneficiary of the old system, thus making this statement necessary."

Charles P. Brasian of Northorp, Brasian, Goodwin & Co., seedsmen, will leave tonight with Attorney John M. Baldwin for Washington, where he will institute suit against Secretary Morton for $100,000.

ATTEMPTS TO SHOOT HER HUSBAND.

Travels from Louisiana to Rockford to Get a Shot at Him.

Rockford, Ill., April 21.—[Special.]—Mrs. George Carse arrived here today from Shreveport, La., and drove from the depot to the office of her husband, an insurance man, called him out, and attempted to shoot him. She was placed in jail. Mr. Carse recently applied for a divorce on the ground of desertion.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

The Ralph and Harold were placed for wheat from Chicago to Detroit at 3¾ cents, and the E. B. Maxwell for corn to Wallerville at 2 cents.

TOLEDO, O., April 21.—Coal—Hawgood and consorts, Green Bay, 45 cents; E. P. Gould, Saginaw, 45 cents; Davis, Owen Sound, 40 cents; Rose, Cleveland to Mackinaw, 40 cents; Buckeye State, Boscobel, 40 cents; Nelson Bloom, Manitowoc; St. Joseph, Marine City, 35 cents.

CLEVELAND, O., April 21.—During the last two days about 900,000 tons of Bessemer ores have been sold, and it is said that the Illinois Steel company is one of the buyers. Coal freights are weak and carroes scarce. Charters: Coal—Edinmere, Cleveland to Duluth, 35 cents; Davidson, Toledo to Milwaukee, 40 cents; Hale, Cleveland to Portage, 40 cents; Chamberlain, A. Smith, Interlaken, Ashtabula to Portage, 35 cents.

ERIE, Pa., April 21.—Charters: Armour, Egan, Chicago, 40 cents.

Around the Lakes.

DETROIT, Mich., April 21.—The fresh southwest wind today lowered the water over Lime Kiln Crossing to such an extent that the Pentecost, Yale, Kirby, Portage, Boston, Fedora, Uganda, Lewiston, Paris, Venice, Glasgow, and Cranage are all detained here.

Vessel Movements.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Vega.

HOLLAND, Mich.—Arrived—Addie.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Arrived—Curry.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Arrived—Annie Laura, Linerla.

MANISTEE, Mich.—Sailed—Wing, Hackley, Apprentice Boy.

OSCODA, Mich.—Cleared—Atlantis, Toledo; Woodbridge, Sandusky.

DETROIT, Mich.—Cleared—Cleveland, Northern Wave, Gettysburg.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Sauber, Peck. Cleared—Coal—Nimick, Tyrone, Duluth.

ALPENA, Mich.—Arrived—City of Alpena. Sailed—Martini, Detroit. Sheltered—Presque Isle, Sturges.

ASHTABULA, O.—Cleared—Coal—Inter-Ocean, Winslow, Milwaukee; Ed McWilliams, Franco, Wallula, Duluth; Spinner, Charles Foster, Escanaba.

SOUTH CHICAGO, Ill.—Arrived—W. J. Carter, Roanoke, J. C. Lockwood, Zenith City, Cleared—Alva, Phillip Minch, Buffalo; Pentland, Port Huron; Stone, Lan, Duluth; Perrett and car ferries 1 and 2, Peshtigo.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Seymour, 1 a. m.; York State, 3:30; Metzner, 10; Madden, Noguebay, Manitowoc, 1:30 p. m.; Violet Baker, 3; Parks, 6. Up—Sawyer, Mills, 10 last night; Grand Rapids, 5 a. m.; Ebenezer, Hickox, 3 p. m.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Wesley. Cleared—Coal—Frontenac, Port William; Keystone, Green Bay; Davis, Owen Sound; Globe, Gladstone; Province, Constitution, Halstead; Sco. Light—Griffin, Marquette. Parks Foster, Republic, Duluth.

PORT HURON, Mich.—Down—Harper, Fedora, 9 last night; Pompa, 7:30 a. m.; Volney, 7:40; Ellenmere, 8; Canisteo, Stewart, Ionia, 8:10; Mount Clemens, Yale, Kirby, 8:15; Lehigh, 8:30; London, 9; Nyanza, 9:30; Fenelon, 10:15; C. A. Eddy, 11; Shepard, Cranage, St. Lawrence, noon; Paris, Glasgow, 1 p. m.; Venice, 2; McWilliams, 3. Up—Manning, 4 p. m.; Rees, 5. Wind north, fresh.

Down—John Mitchell and consort, 6:10; Roby and consort, 7. Up—Dreyer, 5; Spokane, 5:40; Berlin, 7:40; Selwyn Eddy, Olympia, 8; Chisholm, Saranac, 8:30; Arthur Orr, 9:30. Wind northwest, fresh. Arrived—Josephine, Gifford.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Codorus, 4:30 a. m.; Yuma, 7:30; Rees, 9:30; Spokane, 10; Mahoning, 10:30; Chemung, 10:30; Berlin, 12:10 p. m.; Olympia, 12:30; William Chisholm, 12:50; Saranac, 2; Orr, 3; Ford, 3:20; Castalia, Hudson, 4; Alaska, 6; Shiloh, 6:10; Chicago, 6:20. Down—Marion, 7:10 a. m.; Parnell, Seneca, 8:20; Cuba, Schuylkill, 8:30; Boston, 11:30; Portage, Lewiston, 11:40; Fedora, Harper, noon; Uganda, 12:20 p. m.; Tampa, Elin-Mere, 1; Kirby, Yale, 1:20; Ionia, Lehigh, 2:10; London, Pauly, Bay City, 2:30; Penobscot, 3; Canisteo, Stewart, Nyanza, 3:10; Mount Clemens, 4; Cranage, 5:10; Arnold, 5:30; Paris, Glasgow, Shepherd, 6:10; Venice, 7; McWilliams, 8.

Chicago Port List.

Arrived—Lumber—Guido, Pierport; Ida E. Manistee. Merchandise—City of Ludington, Chicago, Manitowoc; Mabel Bradshaw, St. Joseph; City of Holland, Holland; Glenn, South Haven; City of Fremont, Milwaukee.

Cleared—Grain—Sachem, Port Huron; Iron Duke, Kaliyuga, Bulgaria, F. W. Palmer, Buffalo; J. G. Blaine, Point Edward; John Rugee, Ogdensburg. Light—M. F. Butters, Joys, Menominee; Ford River, Richard Mott, Kewaunee; Parana, Washburn; H. B. Perego, Empire; T. T. Jonston, M. D. Ayer,

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At Chicago Docks.

The boats of the Iron Fleet got away at 4 p. m., all loaded with grain and bound for Buffalo. They were the Iron King, Iron Queen, Iron Chief, Iron State, and Iron Cliff. The Charles Hebard with the Annie M. Peterson and Annabel Wilson in tow, left at a late hour, and the A. A. Parker with the three barges, H. W.

HOLDINGS GO OVERBOARD

FREE LIQUIDATION IN BOTH MAY AND JULY WHEAT.

Weakness Emphasized with Progress of the Session—Scalpers Give Up Attempts to Check the Decline—Break of Nearly Two Cents—Sale of an 80,000 Bushel Cargo to Detroit—Weather Against Prices of Wheat and Coarse Grain—Street Markets.

Liquidation of May wheat was the feature of yesterday's market. The pressure early was to sell the nearby delivery, but the desire to sell was not confined to it, and holders of July came in as heavy sellers. The tone was weak throughout the session, but during the last hour the market became almost demoralized. First trades in both May and July showed a concession to the weather and easy cables of about ¼c, and they were the highest of the day. The scalpers, led by Champlin, were inclined to be bullish, and attempted to support the market. The odds were against them from the first, however, as the commission houses all appeared to have selling orders, and the local bears took the opportunity of forcing down prices. Baldwin-Farnham continued selling May, while Gifford was a free seller of July. The most conspicuous selling of the day, and that which caused most comment, was by Milmine-Bodman. Outside business is the lightest possible in volume. Closing cables showed a decline in Liverpool of ¾ to 1¼d, while continental markets all showed declines. Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis were 320 cars, against 458 the same day last week and 286 the same day of last year.

Close Watch on Spring Seeding.

Crop reports regarding winter wheat generally indicate improvement, although there is some conflict on this point. It is not the winter wheat, however, which is being watched closely but the prospect of getting in the spring wheat crop. Weather conditions were favorable in the spring wheat States, and this fact induced selling. The first decline was checked by privileges, and at noon on the receipt of Bradstreet's the market for May wheat was quotable at 64¼c, with July at 65⅝c. The decrease in world's stocks of 3,000,000 bu was much larger than generally anticipated, but was only temporarily worth ⅛c in the price of wheat. The approach of delivery day on May contract is frightening holders, and the cash demand and position of the market as compared with the foreign market is not such as to give them much encouragement. When the wheat taken on by the scalpers came out stop orders were reached, and the decline to 64¾c for July and 63¾c for May was a matter of only a few moments' trade. Such bullish considerations as were at hand seemed to have little effect. Clearances were liberal at 800,000 bu in wheat and flour, against 421,000 bu received at primary points. Local receipts were 22 cars, against 54,000 bu taken out of store. Edgerton-Winans worked a cargo of 80,000 bu of red winter wheat to Detroit.

JULY WHEAT RANGE

Millers Avoid Paying Premiums.

Outside of this the local cash business was unimportant, as millers appear to be holding off on account of the premium asked for the little contract winter wheat remaining in store. Contract stocks of wheat have been reduced during the week 352,000 bu. The decrease has all been in No. 2 red winter, as the stocks of No. 1 Northern and No. 2 spring both show small increase. Total contract stocks are 14,567,000 bu against 14,959,000 bu the previous week. Unsold supplies of No. 2 red winter wheat must be reduced to about 400,000 bu.

Weakness in wheat was of course one of the reasons for the easy tone displayed in the coarse grain market, although the indications of a freer movement in the country with no increase in the cash demand for corn and oats makes them easy on their own account. A large part of the speculative trade in both corn and oats was in the shape of changing over May contracts into July. Bartlett-Frazier were the most conspicuous sellers of corn. May corn sold down to a close of 29¼c, a concession of ⅝c for the day. The difference between May and July was about 1c, while the difference in oats was ½c. Local receipts of corn were 508 cars, against 54,000 bu taken out of store. Clearances were light at 53,000 bu, against 310,000 bu taken out of store. Local receipts of oats were considerably larger than the estimate at 343 cars and 13,000 bu by canal.

Samples Steadier than Futures.

The range in oats was narrow during the greater part of the day, but on the break in wheat May oats sold down to 19⅝c and closed at 19½c. Most of the sales of coarse grain by sample were made before the break in futures, and as a result prices on most of the business done were practically unchanged from the previous day. The feeling at the close, however, was decidedly weak. On track and free on board sales of coarse grain were as follows:

No. 4 corn at 28⅛@28¾c, No. 3 at 29¼c. Billed through: No. 4 at 26@27½, No. 3 at 27@28¼c, No. 3 yellow at 27⅝@29c, No. 4 yellow at 28@29¼c, No. 3 white at 29⅜@29¼c, No. 2 white at 29½c.

No. 3 oats at 18⅝@20¼c, No. 3 white at 19¼@21⅝c, No. 2 at 20c, No. 2 white at 21¾@22c. Billed through: No. 3 at 18@20¼c, No. 3 white at 19@20½c, No. 2 at 18½@19c, No. 2 white at 20¾@21c.

Local hog receipts were 4,000 less than anticipated, but this was offset by the liberal receipts at Western points. At the seven principal packing points receipts yesterday exceeded those of last year by 9,000. The range of prices was narrow, but May lard again managed to lower a record, opening and closing at $4.85. Low prices form about the only argument which is heard in encouragement of speculative buying in the provision pit. And in the other markets, the business was largely in changing over contracts and getting away from the cash stuff.

Cash Rye Scarce but Easy.

Rye futures were a shade easier at the close. May sold early at 38c, resting with sellers at that and 37½c bid. July was 40c sellers. August was 40c bid and 40½c asked. September was nominally 41c. No. 2 to go to store sold sparingly at 37½c and on track at 38½c. Cash offerings were light.

Barley was quiet and steady. Medium to choice ranged from 28@35½c. Arrivals were light at 29 cars.

Flaxseed was firmly held, and values advanced ½c. However, the interest lagged. Arrivals were 16 cars; shipments, 29 cars. No. 1 poor to choice ranged at 91¼@92c, resting at 92c sellers. Southwesterns sold at 89c. Considerable May was changed to September at 4¼c difference. May sold at 89½c, and closed at 89c bid. September went at 93½c, resting at 93c bid.

Cash timothy seed was in better demand and firmer. Choice seed ranged at $2.27½@3.33½ and fancy would have brought $3.40. Fair to good ranged at $3.00@3.25. For April $3.35 was bid and $3.45 asked. August delivery, old or new seed, was wanted at $3.40. September was $3.05 bid. Clover-seed was nominally firm on the basis of $8.10@8.15 for prime. Poor to choice ranged at $6.00@8.25. Bran sold at $8.00@8.50, and middlings at $8.00@9.75.

Cheerful Spring Wheat Report.

A St. Paul dispatch which attracted some attention from its extreme variance from most of the recent reports from the Northwest read as follows: "Seeding in South Dakota and Southern Minnesota is completed. In this section it is almost completed. The Red River Valley and Northern Minnesota are two-thirds seeded and the balance will be completed this week. Farmers worked all Sunday. Acreage not as large as last year. With warm weather the growth will be rapid. Ground could not be in better condition."

Armour & Co. had a most bullish letter from Fayette County, O. In it were inclosed samples showing the slow growth of wheat plants still alive. The writer claims that it has been so dry that the wheat has had little chance to live, to say nothing of stooling out. He lowers a previous estimate of one-third of the wheat crop to be plowed up to one-half. Southern Ohio millers are said to be grinding Chicago wheat at least to one-half of their requirements, and will be compelled to come to this market for over a year. A milling company is said to have offered 75c for good wheat last Saturday but failed to get it even on that offer.

According to Bradstreet's supplies of wheat east of the Rocky Mountains decreased 1,390,000 bu, while stocks in and afloat for Europe decreased 1,640,000 bu. Corn and oats decreased 138,000 bu and 304,000 bu respectively.

Estimated receipts for today are 10 cars of wheat, 229 cars of corn, 120 cars of oats, and 27,000 hogs.

July calls ranged from 64⅞c to 65c and puts from 64¼c to 63⅝@63¾c.

Local stocks of flaxseed in regular houses increased 10,372 bu last week and are now 919,405 bu, compared with 240,161 bu the same time last year.

Prices of Grain and Provisions.

WHEAT.

	Closed Monday.	Closed Price range yesterday.	Opening day.	Closing day.	Closed 1895.
May	65	63¾@64¾	64¾	63⅝	59⅞
July	66	64¼@66	66	64¾	60⅞

CORN.

May	29⅞	29¼@29⅞	29⅞	29¼	47⅛
July	31	30½@31	30½	30½	47⅛

OATS.

May	19¾	19¾@19⅞	19¾	19¼	28¼
July	20	19½@20	20¼	19½	28

MESS PORK.

May	8.55	8.47½@8.57½	8.50	8.50	12.35
July	8.75	8.67½@8.75	8.70	8.70	12.60

LARD—PER 100 LBS.

May	4.90	4.85 @4.87½	4.85	4.85	6.95
July	5.02½	5.00 @5.02½	5.02½	5.02½	7.07½

RIBS—BOXED 25C MORE THAN LOOSE.

May	4.30	4.25 @4.30	4.25	4.25	6.30
July	4.45	4.40 @4.45	4.40	4.40	6.45

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	Contract grades.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	4	8	2	14
Spring wheat	7	7	3	17
Corn	207	278	23	508
Oats	68	279	2	343
Rye	..	1	..	1
Barley	..	56	3	59
Totals	279	502	33	904

Inspected out: 53,827 bu wheat, 54,000 bu corn, and 16,906 bu oats. Additional: 35 cars wheat, 34 cars corn, 5 cars oats, and 11 cars barley.

MARKETS IN SOUTH WATER STREET.

Current Prices on Leading Articles in Garden and Orchard Produce.

The following quotations are for round lots of merchantable quality and usually from first hands:

Butter—Creamery: Extra separator, 14c; firsts, 13c; seconds, 10@11c; thirds, 8@9c; dairies, 12@13c.

Cheese—Western Young Americas, 9@10½c; twins, 8¼@10½c; cheddars, 8¼@9c; Swiss, 10½@12½c; limburger, 9@11c; brick, 8@9½c.

Eggs—Strictly fresh, new cases included, at mark, 10c; strictly fresh, at mark, cases returned, 9¼@9½c; Southern, cases included, 9¼@9½c.

Green fruits—Apples, good to choice, $3.00@5.00 per brl; bananas, good to choice, $1.00@1.25; lemons, $2.00@3.00 per box; cranberries, $8.00@9.00 per brl; California navel oranges, $2.50@3.50 per box; strawberries, $2.00@3.00 per 24-pt case.

Hay—Receipts, 779 tons; shipments, 463 tons; timothy in light supply and inquiry good; market firm; upland prairie steady; offerings small and demand only fair; choice timothy quotable at $13.00@13.50; No. 1 at $12.00@12.50; No. 2 at $10.50@11.00; No. 3 at $7.50@9.00; choice prairie at $8.00@10.00; No. 1 at $6.00@8.50; No. 2 at $7.00@7.50; No 3 at $6.50@7.00; No. 4 at $5.50@6.00.

Poultry—Live turkeys, 10@11c; chickens, 8¼@9c; roosters, 5@5½c; ducks, 11@12c; geese, per doz, $4.00@5.00.

Potatoes—Early Rose and Burbanks, 16@20c per bu on track; sweet potatoes, $2.50@3.00 per brl.

Veal—Extra fancy, 100@110-lb weights, 6@7c; 75@100-lb weights, fair to good, 4½@5c; 50@60-lb weights, 3@3½c; coarse, rough stock, 3@5c; 150-lb weights, 3@4c.

Vegetables—Asparagus, $1.00@1.50 per 1-3 bu box; new beets, $1.00@1.25 per bu; Bermuda onions, $1.25@1.35 per bu; celery, California, 60@75c per doz; cucumbers, 75c@$1.00 per doz; cabbage, $2.00@2.50 per crate; green onions, 75c@$1.25 per brl; green peas, Louisiana, $1.50@2.00 per bu; lettuce, $1.25@1.75 per brl; new turnips, 40@45c per bu; old onions, 75c@$1.00 per brl; pie plant, 50@60c per 50-lb box; radishes, $1.00@1.25 per brl; spinach, 60@90c per bu; string beans, $2.50@3.50 per bu; tomatoes, $3.00@5.00 per 6-basket crate; rutabagas, 20@25c per bu.

Whisky—Steady on the basis of $1.22 for high-wines.

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST

Closing Prices in Grain and Provisions at New York.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Flour—Receipts, 15,000 brls; exports, 13,400 brls; market lower to sell, owing to the weakness in wheat; demand was light; country mills accepting 5@10c less. Rye flour dull. Buckwheat quiet, 39@40c. Cornmeal active; yellow, Western, coarse, 75c. Rye steady, 44@45c. Barley firmly held. Barley malt nominal.

Wheat—Receipts, 10,200 bu; exports, 134,700 bu. Spot weak; quotations are for lake and rail; No. 1 hard, 74½c f. o. b. afloat. Options were generally weak under heavy May liquidation, bearish crop and weather news, and absence of export inquiry on the break. The depression was greatest in the last half-hour. Closed 1⅝@1⅜c net lower; April closed 75¾c; May, 70¾@71c; closed 70¾c.

Corn—Receipts, 49,700 bu; exports, 38,200 bu. Spot weak; No. 2, 39c elevator. Options weaker under prospects of larger movement and sympathy with wheat, closing ½@¾c net lower; April closed 36c; May, 35¾@36¼c, closed 35¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 75,000 bu; exports, 104,300 bu. Spot active for export; No. 2, 25¼c. Options shared the general weakness today and closed ¼c net lower; May, 24¾@24¾c; closed 24¾c.

Hay, weak. Hops, dull. Hides, steady. Leather, steady. Wool, quiet.

Beef, quiet; beef hams, $15.00@15.50. Cut-meats quiet. Pickled shoulders, 4¼c. Lard, steady; Western steam closed $5.20 nominal; refined easier. Pork, quiet. Tallow, dull and easy.

Petroleum dull; united closed $1.22 bid. Resin firm; strained, common to good, $1.15. Turpentine, steady, 25¾@29¼c. Rice, steady. Molasses, firm.

Pig iron, steady; Southern, $10.75@13.00; Northern, $11.00@13.50. Copper, dull; brokers', $10.37½; exchange, nominal. Lead, dull; brokers', $3.10; exchange, $3.05. Tin, easier; straits, $13.30@13.35; plates firm. Spelter, flat; domestic, $4.05@4.10.

Cottonseed oil, nominal.

Coffee—Options opened steady and unchanged to 5 points lower; declined slightly under unsatisfactory European news; heavy warehouse deliveries were a feature today; prices finally steadied a little and closed steady, 5 points lower to 5 points higher than yesterday's final figures. Sales, including March, $10.70. Spot coffee—Rio dull; No. 7, 13½c; mild; Cordova, 15@16½c. Sales, 800 bags Maracaibo, p. t.; 600 bags Central American, p. t.

Sugar, raw quiet; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-16c; refined quiet.

Butter—Trading continues small, and with offerings liberal the feeling is weak and unsettled. New butter—Creamery, Western extras, 14c; do seconds to firsts, 12@13c; do Welsh tubs, seconds to selections, 11@13c; Western imitation creamery, seconds to firsts, 6½@11c; do factory firsts, 10c; do tubs, seconds, 9c; do tubs, thirds, 7½@8¼c.

Cheese—State, full cream, large, fall made, fancy, 9¾@10c.

Eggs—Receipts continue excessive, trade slow, and choice Western collections declined at 10¼@10½c.

Cotton—The first transactions were made at unchanged prices to 2 points decline, which was recovered soon after the call, followed by a further improvement of 2 to 5 points, closing at 3 to 4 points advance on all months except September, which was 7 points higher than yesterday's final figures. Liverpool reported spot cotton easier; middling uplands, 4¾d. Futures opened steady; partial 1-64c decline; closed steady, unchanged to 1¼ points net advance. Manchester—Yarns irregular. Cloths quiet and steady. On the spot market was quiet but steady. Middling uplands at 7 15-16c, and do gulf at 8 3-16c. Sales, 200 bales for export, 200 bales on account; 1,500 bales for exports. Total's sales:

Months.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing.
April	1,100	7.68	7.67	7.68@7.69
May	13,700	7.70	7.65	7.69@7.70
June	11,100	7.76	7.69	7.74@7.75
July	5,100	7.74	7.69	7.73@7.74
August	19,200	7.73	7.68	7.72@7.73
September	13,400	7.32	7.32	7.30@7.31
October	9,600	7.26	7.20	7.25@7.26
November	2,900	7.15	7.11	7.15@7.16
December	4,400	7.16	7.11	7.15@7.16
January	2,500	7.20	7.16	7.20@7.21

BALTIMORE, Md., April 21.—Wheat—Dull and easy; spot and month, 70¾@71c; May, 70¼c asked; receipts, 100 bu; Southern wheat on grade, 71@74c. Corn quiet; spot and month, 35¼@35¾c; May, 35¼@35¾c; receipts, 34,602 bu; Southern white corn, 35½c; yellow, 37c. Oats firm; No. 2 white Western, 26@26½c; No. 2 mixed Western, 24¼@25c; receipts, 6,666 bu. Rye steady; No. 2, 40@41c near by; 42@43c Western. Hay firm; choice timothy, $16.00@16.50. Grain freights very dull; engagements small, unchanged. Butter weak; fancy creamery, 15@16c; do, imitation, 13@14c; do, ladle, 12@13c; good ladle, 10@11c; store packed, 8@9c; coarse, rough stock, 5@6c. Cheese weak, unchanged. Whisky unchanged.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 21.—Wheat was struck fairly in the face today by May liquidation. For three hours indications were that the session would close one of extreme dullness. There was almost nothing doing in a speculative way. The opening brought a small decline, but at that point there seemed to be no extreme pressure to put it further. The last hour was one of excitement, however. There was a sudden movement to sell, and in a minute wheat was coming on to the market from small holders and the price was falling rapidly. A cent was lost and a halt was called. 1½c decline from yesterday. May opened ⅛c lower, closing at 59c. July opened at 62¾c, closing at 60¾c. Flour steady, unchanged.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 21.—Market dull, featureless; No. 2 hard, 62c; No. 3, 59@59½c; rejected, nominally 49@49½c. No. 2 red, 57@57½c; No. 3, 56@57c; No. 4, 50c; No. 2 spring, 61c; No. 3, 57@60c. Corn—Rather slow, ½@¾c lower; No. 2 mixed, 28¼@29¼c; No. 2 white, 29½c. Oats—Steady, demand fair; No. 2 mixed, 17c; No. 2 white, 19½c. Rye—No. 2, 34c. Hay—Steady; timothy, choice, $11.00@11.50; other grades, $5.50@11.00; prairie, choice, $7.00@8.00; others, $3.00@6.50.

Butter—Creamery, 13@14c; dairy, 10@12c. Eggs—Unchanged; strictly fresh, 8c.

Receipts—Wheat, 2,400 bu; corn, 9,100 bu; oats, 4,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 8,400 bu; corn, none; oats, 9,000 bu.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 21.—Grain—Spring wheat, No. 1 hard, 71¼c; No. 1 Northern, 70¾c; No. 2 Northern, 68¾c. Winter wheat, No. 2 red, higher, 77c on track, 72¾c in store. Corn—Yellow, strong, mixed dull; No. 2 yellow, 35½c; No. 3 yellow, 35c; No. 2 corn, 34½c; No. 3 corn, 34c. Oats—Firm for white, mixed weak; No. 2 white, 25c; No. 3 white, 23½@24½c; No. 2 mixed, 22½c; No. 3 mixed, 21c. Barley—Spot offered at 37@40@42c. Rye—Light demand; No. 2 offered at 42½c.

PEORIA, Ill., April 21.—Corn—Easier; No. 2, 29½c; No. 3, 29¼c; no. 4, 28¼c. Oats—Firm; No. 2, 19¾@20c; No. 3 white, 19@19¼c. Rye quiet; No. 2, 37½c. Whisky, market steady; finished goods on the basis of $1.22 for highwines. Receipts—Corn, 68,500 bu; oats, 49,100 bu; rye, 600 bu; whisky, none; wheat, 3,600 bu. Shipments—Corn, 23,950 bu; oats, 19,500 bu; rye, 600 bu; whisky, 610 brls; wheat, none.

DULUTH, Minn., April 21.—Wheat—Lower; No. 1 hard, cash, 63c; April, 63c; May, 63⅜c; July, 61¾c. No. 1 Northern, cash, 61⅝c; April, 61¾c; May, 62¾c; June, 63c; July, 63c. No. 2 Northern, cash, 58¾@59¾c; May, 59¾c; to arrive wheat, No. 1 hard, 63c; No. 1 Northern, 62c. Rye, 36c. No. 2 oats, 18¾c; No. 3 oats, 18¼c. Flaxseed, 89½c. Receipts, wheat, 75,025 bu.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 21.—Wheat lower; No. 2 red, elevator, nominal; track, 65½@66c; May, 55¾c; July, 59c; August, 61¼c. Corn lower; cash, 26@26¾c; May, 26¾c; July, 27¼@28c. Oats lower; No. 2, 18¼c asked; May, 17¾c; July, 18¼c asked. Rye quiet, 36c bid. Pork quiet, $8.75 for jobbing. Lard lower, $4.60 for choice. Lead, $2.82½. Spelter, $4.05.

TOLEDO, O., April 21.—Wheat—Lower; weak; cash, 70¾c; May, 70½c; July, 67¾c; August, 60¾c. Corn dull; lower; No. 2 mixed, 30¾c; No. 3 mixed, 30¼c; No. 2 white, 31½c; No. 3 yellow, 30¾c; May, 31c. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed, cash and May, 21½c; No. 2 white, 22c. Rye dull; No. 2, 36¼c. Clover seed active; lower; cash, $4.85; April, $4.85.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 21.—Resin—Firm; good, $1.45; strained, $1.50. Spirits—Steady; 25¾@25¾c. Tar—Firm; 90c. Turpentine—Firm; hard, $1.30; soft, $1.70; virgin, $1.90.

IN THE FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Closing Quotations in Grain and Provisions in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, April 21.—Grain—Wheat—Spot, quiet; demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 5s 7d; No. 2 red spring, stocks exhausted; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 6d; No. 1 California, 5s 7d. Futures opened steady with near and distant positions ¼d lower; closed dull with near and distant positions 1¼d lower; business about equally distributed; April, 5s 5½d; May, 5s 5¼d; June, 5s 5¼d; July, 5s 5¼d; August, 5s 5¼d; September, 5s 5¼d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed new, 3s 1½d; options opened quiet with near and distant positions ¾d lower; closed quiet with April unchanged and other months ¼d lower; business heaviest for middle positions; April, 3s 1½d; May, 3s 1½d; June, 3s 1¼d; July, 3s 2d; August, 3s 2¼d; September, 3s 3d. Flour—Steady; demand moderate; St. Louis fancy winter, 5s 6d. Peas—Canadian, 4s 7½d.

Provisions—Bacon—Firm; demand moderate; Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs, 31s; short ribs, 28 lbs, 30s; long clear light, 35 to 45 lbs, 26s 6d; long clear heavy, 35 lbs, stock exhausted; short clear backs light, 18 lbs, 27s; short clear middles heavy, 35 lbs, 25s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 26s. Shoulders—Square, 12 to 13 lbs, 24s. Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 41s. Tallow—Fine North American, 19s 3d. Beef—Extra India mess, 60s. Pork—Prime fine Western mess, 50s; do medium, 42s 9d. Lard—Dull; prime Western, 22s 3d; refined, in pails, 26s. Cheese—Steady; demand moderate; finest American white and colored, 42s 6d. Butter—Finest U. S., 75s; good, 50s. Turpentine—Spirits, 22s. Resin—Common, 4s 9d. Cottonseed oil—Liverpool, refined, 17s. Linseed oil—19s 6d. Refrigerator beef—Forequarter, 3½d; hindquarter, 4½d. Bleaching powder—Hardwood, f. o. b., Liverpool, 8s. Hops—At London (Pacific coast), £1 15s; receipts of wheat during the last three days were 255,000 centals, including 46,000 American. The receipts of American corn during the last three days were 20,200 centals.

Cotton—Spot, moderate demand; prices unchanged; American middling, 4¾d; the sales for the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 7,600 American. Receipts, 5,300 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet at the decline, but later reacted and closed steady at the advance. American middling, l. m. c., April, 4 18-64@4 19-64d; April and May, 4 17-64@4 18-64d; May and June, 4 16-64@4 17-64d; June and July, 4 14-64@4 15-64d; July and August, 4 12-64@4 13-64d; August and September, 4 9-64d; September and October, 4 1-64d; October and November, 3 60-64@3 62-64d; November and December, 3 57-64@3 59-64d; December and January, 3 57-64@3 58-64d.

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

Death of Baron Hirsch Causes Reaction—Rumored Gold Shipments.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The Evening Post's London financial cablegram says:

There was a further pronounced list to Americans today, with increasing activity in them quite a feature. There was a genuine investment demand for bonds, while the speculation in shares also increases. Louisville and St. Paul were specially favored. Prices closed a little under the best. The markets generally were good, although there was a reaction at midday on Baron Hirsch's death, he being a large holder of all English and all other stocks. The markets finally closed good, with more recovery in the mines.

I gather that more gold shipments from New York to Germany may be occasioned because of the remittance from Berlin to London in connection with the new Chinese loan, but I do not pretend to have definite knowledge, as the matter is not opportune for discussion.

The Indian Government has announced a 2½ per cent loan of just over £2,000,000. This is a new issue. India formerly borrowed a loan before under 3 per cent. The new loan is already quoted at 4 premium, such is the rush for first-class stocks.

In connection with the further decline in Paris exchange on London, gold is being bought here for France.

The Paris bourse was steady and the Berlin bourse firm today.

IN THE MINING STOCK EXCHANGES.

Closing Prices at New York, Boston, Denver, and San Francisco.

DENVER, Colo., April 21.—The following are today's closing bid and asked for prices for the listed and unlisted stocks on the Colorado Mining Exchange:

LISTED.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alamo	3¾	4¾	Jackpot	7⅛	7¾
Anaconda	60	62	Justice	5	8
Aola	2¼	2¾	Keystone	5	8
Argonaut	60¾	..	Lexington Boy	4¼	4½
B. C. B.	7⅝	8	Mollie Gibson	60	60
Bankers'	13	14	Mount Ross	10	..
C. O. Con	14½	15	Portland	12	..
C. & C.	3¾	4½	Pharmacist	7¼	..
C. G. & M.	4	5	Portland	140	146
Gold & Globe	23	25	People's	5	6
Gold Standard	7⅜	8¼	Rico Wason	4¼	4½
Gar.-Grouse	3½	4½	Sacramento	7	7½
Golden Fleece	160	173	Union Gold	4¾	5¼
Globe Hill Con	10¾	11¼	York	13¼	13¾
Isabella	54⅝	54⅞	Thompson	19	20
Insley M. A.	3⅝	4	Moon Anchor	70	74
Ironclad	6¼	8			

UNLISTED.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Anch.-Leland	170	..	Eureka	1	1¼
Ben Hur	4¾	5¼	Franklin	..	1¼
Big Six	6¾	..	Gold Cliff	..	1¼
Bob Lee	1¼	1⅝	Gold Field	..	1¼
Crosus	1¼	2¼	Henrietta	1¼	1⅝
Chimborazo	1¼	2	Hoffman	17	19
Colfax	2	6	Ind.-Ex	..	10
Des Moines	4	6½	C. K. & N.	⅝	¾
Bullion	⅝	1	Mollie	1¼	1½

NEW YORK, April 21.—Following were the closing quotations of mining stocks here today:

Bulwer	.5	Ontario	13.50
Chollar	.40	Ophir	1.05
Crown Point	.50	Plymouth, asked	.20
Con. Cal. and Va.	1.05	Quicksilver	1.50
Deadwood	1.00	Quicksilver pfd.	15.00
Gould and Curry	.80	Sierra Nevada	.55
Hale and Norcross	1.15	Standard	1.90
Homestake	25.00	Union Con	.50
Iron Silver	.60	Yellow Jacket	.30
Mexican	.40		

BOSTON, Mass., April 21.—Following were the closing quotations in mining shares here today:

Allouez Min'g Co	1.00	Kearsarge	10.50
Atlantic	25.50	Osceola	25.50
Boston and Mont.	76.00	Quincy	120.00
Butte and Boston	2.00	Tamarack	98.00
Calumet & Hec	385.00	Wolverine	7.00
Franklin	11.00		

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 21.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	$ .08	Hale & Norcross	1.10
Alpha Consolidated	.01	Julia	.04
Andes	.01	Justice	.04
Belcher	.41	Kentuck Con	.02
Best & Belcher	.45	Mexican	.32
Bodie Con	.06½	Occidental Con	1.10
Bullion	.13	Ophir	1.20
Challenge Con	.22	Overman	.08
Chollar	.20	Potosi	.23
Confidence	.70	Savage	.24
Con. Cal. & Va	1.00	Scorpion	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.57
Crown Point	.27	Silver Hill	.01
Exchequer	.03	Union Con	.48
Gould & Currie	.22	Yellow Jacket	.32

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Prices of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Receipts and Shipments.

Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock for the dates mentioned:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, April 20	20,813	722	36,167	13,001
Tuesday, April 21	2,500	2,500	20,000	41,000
Week thus far	23,313	2,722	56,187	54,001
Same period last week	21,908	2,504	52,881	34,705
Same period 1895	12,606	1,646	42,054	20,389
Shipments—				
Monday, April 20	3,734	13	6,506	1,623
Tuesday, April 21	900	..	4,000	1,000
Week thus far	4,634	13	10,506	2,623
Same period last week	5,952	....	12,274	2,720
Same period 1895	3,015	....	19,175	2,285

Today's receipts are estimated at 9,000 cattle, 27,000 hogs, and 15,000 sheep.

Cattle—The market was fairly active at Monday's decline. Native steers sold at $3.25@4.05, bulk $3.70@4.00; Texas steers, 900@1,083 lbs, $3.15@3.60; stockers and feeders, $3.00@3.75; cows and heifers, $1.40@3.75; and bulls, $2.25@3.00. Veal calves sold 25@40c lower, selling largely at $3.00@4.15.

Hogs—Trade was active at Monday's closing prices. Packers were the principal buyers. Shippers took only 4,000. Squire & Co. being out of the market entirely. Packers bought 21,000@40-lb averages freely from the start, while heavier weights sold slowly.

Sheep—Trade was active and prices ruled firm to 10c higher. Lambs sold at $2.80@4.00, bulk $4.10@4.50; spring lambs, $5.00@7.50; native sheep, $2.60@3.70; Westerns, $3.00@3.65; and Texas, $2.80@3.40.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

OMAHA, Neb., April 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,400; market slow and easier on heavy; native beef steers, $3.25@4.00; cows and heifers, $2.00@3.75; Texans, $2.60@3.50; cows and heifers, $2.40@3.40; canners, $1.50@2.00; stockers and feeders, $3.25@3.75; calves, $2.00@4.75; bulls, stags, etc., $2.00@3.25. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market steady on light; others 5c lower; heavy, $3.20@3.30; mixed, $3.30@3.35; light, $3.40@3.50; bulk, $3.30. Sheep—Receipts, 1,800; market steady; fair to choice, $2.70@3.40; common and stock, $2.00@3.00; lambs, $3.50@4.25.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,300; shipments, 700; market active, steady; Texas steers, $2.85@3.50; Texas cows, $2.00@2.60; beef steers, $3.25@4.00; native cows, $1.75@3.30; bulls, $1.80@3.90. Hogs—Receipts, 13,300; shipments, 700; market steady; bulk of sales, $3.35@3.50; heavy, $3.40@3.40; packers and mixed, $3.30@3.50; light, $3.35@3.55; yorkers, $3.50@3.55; pigs, $2.75@3.65. Sheep—Receipts, 5,500; shipments, 1,500; market steady; lambs, $3.00@4.00; muttons, $2.75@3.65.

HEARD IN HOTEL CORRIDORS.

Ex-Gov. R. E. Pattison of Pennsylvania is registered at the Auditorium. With Mrs. Pattison and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bradley of Philadelphia he is on his way to Edgemont, S. D., where he has extensive mining interests.

Mr. Pattison was averse to discussing his Presidential candidacy beyond the statement that the Democrats of his State had honored him with their preferences, for which he felt deeply grateful. He said he believed the National Democratic convention would not adopt a silver plank.

"Eastern Democrats," he added, "are almost a unit in opposition to a free silver plank, and I think the convention will see the wisdom of not raising an issue with the Republican party on this question. I believe existing conditions will right and should not be disturbed. I am not a gold monometallist any more than I favor the free coinage of silver, but believe in the conditions which prevail now, under which we have prospered, and will continue to prosper."

"You do not believe there will be a split in the party in case the convention declares against free silver?"

"I do not."

"Suppose the convention should declare in favor of free silver, will Eastern gold Democrats unhesitatingly accept it?"

"I do not regard such a contingency as probable," he said, after a moment of hesitation. "I believe the convention will settle the question to the satisfaction of Democrats generally."

"Senator Gorman has suggested the wisdom of the Democratic party seeking to provide more ample revenues for the government. How will it do it?"

"By following the declarations of its last platform. That is sufficient to cover whatever necessities may arise. I think the difficulty is not so much due to an insufficiency of revenue, however, as to extravagant legislation.

MATCH SELLS AT 200.

STOCK OF THE DIAMOND MATCH COMPANY BREAKS RECORDS.

Makes Good the Predictions of the Moores When It Touches the High Prices of Yesterday—International Packing Company Elects Directors—Nominations Made for Stock Exchange Officers—Effect of the Loop on Metropolitan Stock.

Diamond Match yesterday sold at 200, and thus verified the predictions of the Moores, made when Match first began to advance in price. There were sales of 150 shares at 200, an advance of 5¼ points from the opening quotation. It sold off to a close at 198½. It was the biggest day Diamond Match has ever had, not only in the record of high prices but also in the total of the sales made during the day. There was a total of 10,612 shares sold during the day's trading as compared with 8,000 shares, the heaviest previous day's sale of this stock.

During the panic of December Diamond Match sold as low as 115. It advanced almost immediately to between 120 and 125, and when stocks got back to something like a normal condition it was selling around 130, which has been the average quotation previous to the decline in prices in December. It kept round 130 until early in March, when it started to advance. The advance since then has been as rapid, perhaps, as that of any other stock in the history of the Chicago Stock Exchange. It has gone up from 1 to 10 points

Produce and ge of Chicago.

our present and pros- d in reply to many re- tion from the trading e directors of the Con- nd Stock Exchange of llowing statement: Produce and Stock Ex- tion under the law of orations not for pecuni- organized to meet the several hundred traders and grain who became sent facilities for legiti- stocks, grain, and pro- rcial exchanges are in- wing demands of trade. Produce and Stock Ex- ted that stocks, securi- d grain and provisions handled upon the floor by and between mem- gulations, and by-laws l character. Such rules, laws will be so framed secure the prosecution rise and to guarantee to airness and strict integ- ction. The history and essful exchanges have dered, and every rule lated to promote equity merchants in fair and be adopted and will be lly enforced. No trans- ings which are either in ed and discountenanced legal will be permitted tances. The trade in known as "puts and will be resolutely pro- and under all circum-

his exchange who shall lling or dealing in such mmarily denied the privi- e and either suspended embership therein, and hich can be suggested or rpose of protecting its ublic who deal upon the aken. Legitimate trans- countenanced, and any- of any act or thing in good morals will be un- en and prohibited. The p has been fixed at fif- three hundred members the privileges of the payment of fifty dollars ble annual dues, to be ate future. There have ed more than twice three s for seats in this ex- f such applications has e because it is the desire t the greatest care shall selection of any and all be entitled to privileges ranteed by the Consoli- Stock Exchange. exchange will be located n and designated as the hange Building," at the Van Buren street and formerly known as the nd contracts for the re- tishing of the exchange ion, and the exchange for use and occupation The offices of the Pres- of the exchange will be days, and all informa- lications for membership, ship, may be obtained by retary. Any other infor- the progress of this enter- ined either from the Chi- r upon application to the me. The temporary office Produce and Stock Ex- m 103 Consolidated Ex- here all inquiries and ap- e addressed.

AN HENNIG, President. EE, Vice-President OPER. TES IOTT, OYD CAREY, GAGE MAXWELL, R R. STRATTON, Directors. AS GIBSON, Secretary.

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NEWS FROM WASHINGTON

SENATE COMMITTEE FAVORS HASTE IN CHICAGO RIVER WORK.

Decides to Raise Proportion of Contracts Let to 50 Per Cent a Year—Means Improvement Will Be Completed on July 1, 1898—Sexton Will Probably Receive Contract for Removing Custom-House—Other News from Washington.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—In the river and harbor bill as it passed the House provision was made in a large number of cases for the application of what is known as the continuing contract system. Under this the sum of $50,000 in cash was appropriated for the improvement of the Chicago River to the Stock-Yards on the South Branch and to Belmont avenue on the North Branch by dredging to a uniform depth of sixteen feet. It was provided also that the Secretary of War might make contracts in addition to this cash item of $650,000.

In a general section of the river and harbor bill it was provided that the Secretary of War should not obligate the government to pay in any one fiscal year after July 1, 1897, more than 25 per cent of the whole amount authorized to be let by contract. This proviso was inserted in the bill to satisfy the scruples of the economists of the House, who wished to keep down the appropriations as much as possible.

The Senate Committee on Commerce has informally decided to raise the proportion of contracts from 25 per cent to 50 per cent in any one year.

This has been done in the case of Illinois on the direct recommendation of Maj. Marshall.

If it is agreed to by the House it will mean an important hastening of the work on the Chicago harbor, as the War Department will be enabled to close out the contract two years from July 1, 1897, instead of four years from that time.

SMALLPOX CAUSES SPRINGER WORRY

Adjourns Territorial Court for Fear of Spreading Contagion.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—"Smallpox has caused the postponement of another term of court in the Indian Territory," said Judge Springer, "telegrams as to the prevalence of that scourge at Miami compelling a cessation of court business until November. It had been my intention to open court at this point yesterday, but it was suggested that such a course would be dangerous to court officers, witnesses, and prisoners alike, and it would be just as well to let the docket be crowded a little when cold weather sets in. Luckily not more than a week would be required to close up matters in this court, so that no great hardship is likely to result from a postponement."

GEORGE WASHINGTON'S COAT OFF.

Unsightly Box Protection Removed—Sure Harbinger of Spring.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—There is one never-failing official sign by which it is declared that spring has come in the capital of the country. This visible declaration of the arrival of the season of violets, youthful love, and catarrh is the removal from George Washington of his winter overcoat.

Just opposite the east front of the Capitol and in a direct line between the steps where the Presidents are inaugurated and the new Congressional Library, with its gilded dome, is a large statue of George Washington seated and facing the Capitol.

Some time ago it was discovered that the peculiar kind of marble of which the statue of the first President is constructed was unusually susceptible to the action of winter winds and frost. It was therefore decided to build a curious wooden structure over and around the statue as a matter of protection.

This is so arranged that it can be replaced each year, and it has served its purpose in warding off the ravages of time from the marble presentment of the father of his country, although the wooden shed has been an unsightly blot on the otherwise beautiful Capitol grounds. It was removed today on rollers and let down the slope of the hill by ropes, the statue thus once more being uncovered to the world, the official edict having gone forth that no more severe frosts were to be expected and that the marble could stand without its overcoat.

CREATES DEAFENING DIN IN HOUSE.

Speaker Pro Tem. Barrett Causes Confusion and Uproar.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—It was during the discussion of the Cobb-Goodwin election contest. Speaker Reed had left the chair temporarily. Representative Barrett of Massachusetts was in the Speaker's stand. Mr. Cobb had nearly concluded a speech in his own behalf. Barrett dropped the hammer with the announcement that the time of the minority had expired.

He recognized Representative Daniels. Cobb protested. It was unjust to take him off the floor.

Half a dozen Democrats were on their feet in a minute. Bailey, Turner, and McMillan demanded recognition.

Barrett turned a deaf ear to the clamor. He would recognise no one unless Mr. Daniels yielded.

Representative Bailey, with a flushed face, shouted above the din of protestations that if the occupant of the chair had any conception of parliamentary rules he would know an inquiry was always in order.

But Barrett recognized him not.

As the uproar was becoming intolerable, Speaker Reed was dragged on the scene. He mounted the platform, secured order, and explained that Mr. Barrett was laboring under a misunderstanding.

The vote was to unseat Cobb, but the point of no quorum being made, the House adjourned with the final vote pending.

GALENA COMMEMORATES GRANT.

Representative Hitt Introduces Bill to Present City Historic Cannon.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—Citizens of Galena, Ill., propose to make a big thing of their celebration of Gen. Grant's birthday this month," said Representative Hitt, "and with a view to adding to the features of that occasion have invoked the aid of Congress to procure a historic cannon now at the Rock Island arsenal. This gun was captured by members of the Forty-fifth Illinois Volunteers during Sherman's march to the sea, and as many of these troops were former neighbors of Gen. Grant they thought this cannon could not be better utilized than to be placed near the monument to the great commander in the park at Galena.

"Upon this cannon is an inscription: 'Presented to the sovereign State of South Carolina in commemoration of the twentieth day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty, by citizens abroad.'

"It has been ascertained that this piece of ordnance ran the blockade at Charleston, S. C., and was actively used throughout the rebellion, first by the Confederates and afterward by its captors. When I went to the Secretary of War to secure this piece of ordnance I was told it would be necessary to get the consent of Congress, and accordingly a bill was drafted. This morning it was favorably reported to the House from the Military committee and went through unanimously.

"I have seen Senators Cullom and Palmer regarding the matter, and have been given assurances that they will expedite this bill by every means possible."

SEXTON MAY RECEIVE CONTRACT.

Treasury Department Considers His Bid for Removing Custom-House.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—In accordance with a telegraphic request from Contractor Sexton the authorities at the Treasury Department have decided to hold up for a day or two the bids received for the removal of the public building at Chicago and not readvertise for proposals as intended.

It is estimated this building ought to bring from $60,000 to $100,000 for the material that is in it, but the wrecking companies of Chicago are evidently not of this opinion.

Contractor Sexton, however, whose bid was $20,250 for the building and material, guaranteeing removal within five months, evidently knows what he was about and the Treasury Department people are inclined to give his latest proposition due consideration.

Should he decide to raise his figures to $30,000, or thereabouts there would be no difficulty in reaching an amicable settlement of the pending controversy and an offer to this effect is expected to be the result of Mr. Sexton's visit to Washington.

He sent telegram to members of the Chicago delegation as well as to Secretary Carlisle and Supervising Architect Aiken urging a postponement of action until he could be heard in person as to his latest proposition.

HUNTINGTON IS SCORED BY MORGAN.

Senator Says Roads Could Have Prospered Under Fair Management.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—Senator Morgan was not present today, but his ideas on Pacific railroad financiering were presented to the Senate by his colleague, Mr. Pugh.

"Without attempting," said Senator Morgan, "to array the evidence of fraud and speculation which Huntington's testimony vainly attempts to conceal, attention is drawn to the fact that his evasions of the truth, as it is thoroughly established, are his main reliance for misleading Congress in his effort to capture the Central Pacific railway after it has made him and his three or four associates enormously rich, on the plea that his pride impels him to save this road from bankruptcy, to which his fraudulent dealing seems to have driven it."

He proposes as a substitute to the measure offered a bill adding a power that is not now provided by law that will enable the government to liquidate a debt that is falling due on the subsidy bonds and the first mortgage bonds of these companies, and to provide for the collection of the debt paid for interest upon the subsidy bonds and to apply the income of the corporations to such purpose.

The Senator lays down as fundamental the following propositions:

"1. That no creditor of these companies other than the United States has the ability to handle this great mass of indebtedness resting upon these roads so as to preserve the just rights of all concerned.

"2. That these charters were not granted, nor was government aid given to these roads, with any intention, expressed or implied, that the charters should ever expire, or that they could be destroyed by judicial decree, or that the control of them as instrumentalities of government should ever be taken out of the hands of Congress.

"3. That no court has power to sell, dissolve, or wind up either of these corporations any more than a court could dissolve and wind up a bureau in one of the executive departments of the government."

He asserts that under fair and honest management the roads are able to pay their debts.

The Senator charges Mr. Huntington with diverting the earnings of the Central Pacific to the Southern Pacific.

The Senator proposes joint management of the Central Pacific and the Union Pacific.

CONGRESS TO INVESTIGATE SMITH.

Governor of Western Branch Soldiers' Home May Have to Answer.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—The alleged mismanagement of the Western Branch Soldiers' Home probably will be investigated by a Congressional committee.

The Military Affairs committee of the House today decided to examine into Congressman Blue's charges made against the Governor of that branch home, A. J. Smith.

The vote in favor of investigation was 7 to 3. Representative McClellan of New York will make a minority report.

Congressman Blue was favored also by the Judiciary committee of the same branch of Congress. A decision was reached to report favorably his bill to erect a government penitentiary on the Fort Leavenworth military reservation. The present penal institute at that Kansas post stands on the prison reservation, which is directly inside the post and objectionable because of its proximity to officers' quarters. The proposition is to erect a new prison farther removed from quarters on the fort reservation.

The prison will accommodate 1,200 men. The cost will be $150,000, $50,000 to be available immediately.

Postmaster-General Wilson today issued a lottery and fraud order against the Monon Seed company of Chicago, a lottery order against the American Coupon Investment company at Pueblo, Colo., and a fraud order against the following operating under various aliases as one establishment in New York City: The Home Weekly Publishing company, the Fireside and Home Weekly, the Home Weekly, the Home Weekly Department, Franklin Turner Publishing company, Franklin Turner, the American Fireside, and Fireside Weekly.

In the Senate today a bill was passed, granting the abandoned Fort Marcy military reservation, New Mexico, to the American Invalid Aid Society for the purpose of establishing a sanitarium for the treatment of pulmonary diseases.

Mr. Cannon made a speech supporting his resolution for a huge ground map covering 625 acres. He explained that the map would give an object lesson of the extent of our country. The Mississippi River would be shown by a stream three feet wide and 2,000 yards long, while Lake Michigan would have 22,000 square yards of water.

The Senate Committee on Finance today took favorable action on the bill providing for the rebate or repayment of internal revenue tax on alcohol used in the arts.

About 500 persons were present at this morning's session of the first national congress of religious education.

Representatives of the New York State Bar Association, Edward G. Whitaker, William R. Veeder, and W. Martin Jones, this afternoon presented to President Cleveland a memorial in behalf of the association recommending the creation of an international court of arbitration.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Circuit and Superior Courts Judgments.

Judge Burke—12980—Galloway, Lyman & Patton vs. Joseph B. Salomon; on verd., $106, ex parte.

Judge Smith—5587—Thomas Wilce vs. John D. Ballock; on verd., $708.66, ex parte.—5695—Daniel Delaney et al. vs. David Geary; same, $261.40, ex parte.—5689—Fred Gates vs. Frank Hahn; same, $1,349.85, ex parte.

Judge Tuthill—18468—William Ernst vs. Louis Miller; by deft., $574.24.

Judge Richardson—12160—Englewood Lumber Co. vs. Louis E. Bowen and Jerome P. Bowen; deft., $506.35.—12203—H. M. Hooker Co. vs. Mrs. Friedericka Fischer; same, $455.01.—12150—The Merchants' Loan and Trust Co. vs. Frederick N. Chelius; by deft., $2,183.43.—173975—Lena Sauder vs. West Chicago St. R. R. Co.; on finding., $150 and costs.—172979—Joseph Hrdmke vs. West Chicago St. R. R. Co.; same, $75 and sat.

Judge Clifford—22931—Walter Vest vs. Heldmaier & New; on findg., $200 and sat.

Decrees.

Judge Brentano—3197—Masonic Mutual Savings and Loan Assn. vs. Laffray et al.; dec. sale.

Judge Payne—2708—Hjelm vs. Johnson et al.; dec.—1222—Kransz vs. Hercher et al.; dec.

Judge Tuley—9248—Thomas vs. Lowry; dec. sale.

Judge Grosscup—U. S. District Court—6008—Paul Poullot vs. Canal Boat Maple Leaf; order of distribution.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Tuley—Set case.

Judge Haney—Nos. 1542, 10494, 2902, 148, 6194, and Nos. 5090, 6035, 5050, 4479 from Judge Gibbons calendar.

Judge Brentano—Nos. 3077, 2927, 1551, 1351, 1252, 2665 on hearing.

Judge Payne—Nos. 1458, 2202, 2415, 2199, 2410, 6536, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2426, 2428, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547.

Judge Ball—No call case on trial.

Judge Gibbons—No. 4464 on trial.

Judge Ewing—Nos. 122, 2353, 2156, 11879, 1197, 2162, 2160, 2188, 2290, 2292, 2293, 2264, 2265, 2296, 2268.

Judge Stein—Nos. 7159, 7161, 7163, 7165, 7259, 7261, 7263, 7265, 7269, 7271, 7365, 7369, 7371, 6414, 7373, 7374, 7376, 7378, 7379. No. 7151 on trial.

Judge Tuthill—Nos. 7065, 7372, 9952, 9990, 9632, 8326, 1772, 8053, 6701, 10054.

Judge Smith—First call—Nos. 631 to 700, inclusive. Trial call—Nos. 5662, 5754, 5806, 5903, 5904, 5905, 5906, 5907, 5908.

Judge Hurke—Decisions in Nos. 7515, 10939, 21, 1945. Trial call, Nos. 14289, 14374, 14415, 14417, 14465, 14301, 14081, 14628, 14641, 14642, 14688, 14, 699, 14706, 14728, 14853, 14894.

Judge Neely—Nos. 6355, 6048, 6602, 6629, 6695, 6674, 5274, 6683. No. 5837 on trial.

Judge Clifford—Nos. 801, 8030, 7809, 8282, 7903, 8345, 8381, 8408, 8444, 8453, 8460. No. 8129 on trial.

Judge Gorgin—Nos. 2787, 2676, 2805, 2896, 2993, 2996, 2998, 1819, 2899, 3000, 3066, 3067, 3096, 3101, 3105, 3106, 3107. No. 2779 on trial.

Judge Hutchinson—Nos. 2065, 147, 12280, 1430, 12439, 1651, 2173, 2177, 2189, 2273, 2278, 2279, 10346, 1328, 2280, 2281, 2285, 2287, 2288, 2289. No. 1967 on trial.

Judge Dunne—Nos. 153737, 11706, 10668, 10772, 10838, 10912, 10921, 10934, 10935, 11015, 11024, 11033, 11043, 11111, 11185, 11203, 11258, 9900, 6304, on trial.

Judge Windes—9:30 a. m., motions for new trials and decision in No. 9878; 10 a. m., Nos. 8978, 5721, 10312, 9184, 8556, 3948, 4014, 7690, 10190 on trial.

Judge Carter—County Court, 10 a. m.—Nos. 14,-292, 14376.

Judge Donnelly—County Court, 10 a. m.—No. 14126; 2 p. m., No. 13821.

Judge Kohlsaat—Probate Court—General business.

Judge Chetlain—No. 2973 on trial. Nos. 2747, 2756, 2896, 2959, 2969, 2961, 2954, 3289, 3380, 3230, 3293, 3297, 3489, 3483, 3496, 3500, 3501, 3505, 3505, 3507, 3602, 3605, 3908.

Judge Sears—On Thursday, April 23, 1896, at 10 a. m., first call of 100 cases, from 1601 to 1700, inclusive. Trial call Wednesday, Nos. 6930, 6971, 6973, 6975, 6979, 6772, 6773, 6775, 6776, 6779, 6782, 6784, 6785, 6878, 6880, 6881, 6885, 6887, 6889, 6890, 6892, 6989, 6990, 5304, 5410.

Judge Horton—Criminal Court, Branch No. 4—Call not extended.

Judge Adams—Criminal Court, Branch No. 5—No. 886.

Judge Baker—Criminal Court, Branch No. 6—No. 3660.

Judge Freeman—Criminal Court, Branch No. 7—No. 2636 on trial.

Judge Showalter—U. S. Circuit Court—Set hearing.

Judge Bunn—U. S. Circuit Court—Nos. 62, 26, 64, No. 19 on trial.

Good morning. Have you read Thos. Slater's advertisement on page 7?

MEANS A NEW BELT LINE.

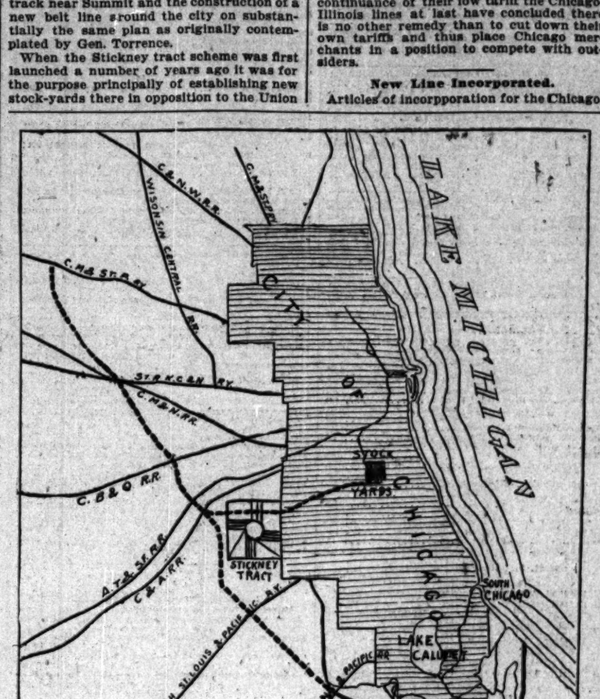
GIGANTIC RAILWAY SCHEME TO UTILIZE THE STICKNEY TRACT.

Great Transfer Yards, with Enormous Warehouse Facilities, to Be Established on the Suburban Site—Will Handle Live Stock Business Without Interfering with the Union Stock-Yards—Completely Encircles the City—Interest of Santa Fe.

The ordinance recently granted by the city to the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroad for the right of way from Fifty-ninth street to the Union Stock-Yards is a mere episode in one of the most gigantic terminal railroad schemes ever attempted in this city.

It means nothing more nor less than a revival of the old scheme for the establishment of immense transfer yards on the Stickney track near Summit and the construction of a new belt line around the city on substantially the same plan as originally contemplated by Gen. Torrence.

When the Stickney tract scheme was first launched a number of years ago it was for the purpose principally of establishing new stock-yards there in opposition to the Union



CHICAGO'S NEW TERMINAL BELT RAILWAY.

Stock-Yards. A number of railroads became interested and for a time it looked as if the movement would be successful, and on this supposition a number of Eastern capitalists joined Gen. Torrence in the construction of the Calumet terminal outer belt line to provide an inlet to the proposed Stickney tract yards. But owing to the opposition of the Union Stock-Yards company and the financial depression the Stickney tract stock-yard and terminal scheme fizzled out.

A few months ago the managers of the various roads which had acquired an interest in the tract appointed a committee to devise plans for utilizing the Stickney tract. This committee, with the assistance of F. S. Winston, has completed arrangements that promise a speedy consummation of the ambitious scheme.

Details of New Plan.

The new scheme, however, does not contemplate the establishment of new stock-yards at the Stickney tract. The tract is to be covered entirely with transfer yards and immense warehouses, where the various roads can interchange their traffic without bringing the cars through the city and over roundabout routes. The present Union Stock-Yards company will not be interfered with and the construction of a branch line from Summit to the Union Stock-Yards over the right of way recently obtained by the Santa Fé will afford the new terminal belt line the opportunity to transfer and handle the live stock business to and from the Union Stock-Yards of those lines which have no direct line to the yards. The Santa Fé's main object in entering into the scheme was to secure a line of its own into the yards.

The new Stock-Yards line, which will branch off from the main belt line at Chappell, near Summit, and run due east through the Stickney tract to the Union Stock-Yards, is to be built jointly by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé and Michigan Central railroads, the latter constructing the line from Chappell to Forty-ninth street and the Santa Fé building it thence to the Union Stock-Yards. A lease for the use of the whole line will be given to the Chicago Terminal railway company.

Work Done.

The incorporations of the Chicago Terminal railway company and of the Chicago, Hammond and Western were the first steps toward the consummation of the new belt line road, which is to encircle the city and intersect every railroad centering here from Whiting, Ind., through Hammond and Blue Island, crossing the Burlington near La Grange, the Northwestern near Elmhurst, and connecting with the Milwaukee and St. Paul near Salt Creek, which will be the northwestern terminus for the present. Ultimately an extension may be built to cross the Wisconsin Central and the Wisconsin lines of the Chicago and Northwestern and Chicago and St. Paul roads. The section from Whiting and Hammond to Blue Island is now in operation and the right of way from Blue Island has nearly all been obtained, and construction is to begin soon. The old Calumet Terminal Belt railway parallels most of the way the new Chicago Terminal railway's line, and it is probable it will be purchased by the latter.

Mr. Winston says the capital necessary to complete all the plans at present contemplated has been obtained from prominent Eastern and European capitalists. The Hammond company also has an interest. It is understood that the Vanderbilts are closely identified with the new enterprise.

There is no suspicion that there is much more in the scheme whereby the Michigan Central and Santa Fé join hands in the building of the branch to the Stock-Yards than has yet been brought to light. Under the circumstances it would not be strange if the two roads should join hands and build a new union passenger station in State street somewhere between Twelfth and Taylor streets.

JOINT TRAFFIC PROSECUTION BEGUN

District-Attorney MacFarlane Opens for the Government.

New York, April 21.—[Special.]—Some of the most prominent railroad lawyers in this country appeared before Judge Wheeler in the United States Court today to defend the action brought by United States District-Attorney MacFarlane to nullify the agreement of the Joint Traffic Association, composed of thirty-two railroads. Among the lawyers interested in the action today were James C. Carter, L. C. Ledyard, E. J. Phelps, E. E. Robinson, C. B. Alexander, and ex-Judge Logan.

District-Attorney MacFarlane opened the case. The government, he said, in its complaint sought to restrain the railroads from operating under the agreement because it was a pool and was in violation of Sec. 5 of the inter-State commerce act and the anti-trust act. By the agreement the roads included were to divide all the competition traffic passing through or from Western termini of trunk lines on a pro rata basis. This, it is alleged, amounted to dividing the profits from such traffic.

The case during the next few weeks will be fought with the finest legal talent obtainable.

In opening the case for the defendants Lawyer James C. Carter said:

"We admit that this is a question of great interest to the government, but we also contend that it is hardly of as much importance to it as it is to the defendants.

"It is impossible for the railroads to imagine a difference between their own interests and those of the public in this matter. They believe that in coming to this agreement they have accomplished something equally valuable to the community and to them."

FOR LOW INTERIOR ILLINOIS RATES.

Local Railroads About to Come to Chicago Merchants' Rescue.

The discrimination practiced so long against Chicago merchants by the Illinois roads is about to be terminated. The Chicago lines are about to meet and make such reductions in the rates on merchandise to interior and Western Illinois points as will enable Chicago merchants to meet the competition of merchants from Eastern points more successfully than heretofore. The inter-State roads insisting upon the continuance of their low tariff the Chicago-Illinois lines at last have concluded there is no other remedy than to cut down their own tariffs and thus place Chicago merchants in a position to compete with outsiders.

New Line Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation for the Chicago, Hammond and Western railroad company were filed with Receiving Clerk William Cochran yesterday. The road is to commence at a point in or near Blue Island, and to connect with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway at an unspecified point in Du Page County. Its capital stock is $1,500,000.

Move for Lower Freight Rates.

St. Paul, Minn., April 21.—[Special.]—As the result of a conference held here today the several freight agents of the St. Paul-Superior railways have agreed to stand together in an effort to secure a reduction in lake and rail rates from New York to the Twin Cities. The St. Paul-Chicago roads will attempt to defeat the plan.

Another Charge Against Prior.

William H. Prior, who was arrested in the First National Bank on Monday afternoon while he was trying to cash a check for $800 which is alleged to have been forged, was booked yesterday on an additional charge of forgery. The complainant in the new case is John C. Black, the President of the Continental National Bank, who says Prior a short time ago succeeded in getting $600 from that institution by means of a check to which the name of Charles C. Thompson had been forged. Prior will be arraigned this morning.

United States Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—[Special.]—Record of the Supreme Court of the United States Tuesday, April 21, 1896:

462—Count Joseph Teifener, plaintiff in error, vs. George W. Russ; mandate stayed one week from the 30th of April on motion of Mr. Joseph Wheeler for the defendant in error.

157 and 41—The Union Pacific Railway Company et al., appellants, vs. The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company; and

158 and 42—The Union Pacific Railway Company, appellant, vs. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company; one hour additional time allowed each side in the argument of these cases on motion of Mr. J. M. Woolworth for the appellees; argument commenced by Mr. John F. Dillon for the appellants and continued by Mr. J. M. Woolworth for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway company and by Mr. George R. Peck for the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway company.

Adjourned until tomorrow at 12 o'clock.

The call for Wednesday, April 22, will be as follows: Nos. 157 [and 158, and 41, and 42], 869 [and 870], 588, 247, 248, 251, 252, 253, 254, and 255.

Supreme Court of Michigan.

Lansing, Mich., April 21.—[Special.]—The Supreme Court filed the following opinions today:

Affirmed—City of Detroit vs. Lewis, Michigan Land and Iron Company vs. Cleveland Sawmill and Lumber Company, Wheelock vs. American Tract Society, Fetja vs. Aurora Mining Company, Mutual Fire Insurance Company vs. Phœnix Furniture Company, Lansing Electric Railway Company, Reed vs. Jourden, Fitzhugh vs. Rivard, Banks vs. Cramer, People vs. Knopf.

Mandamus was granted the Regents of the University vs. Auditor-General compelling the latter to allow 7 per cent interest on university trust funds. This will give the university $18,000 which has been withheld.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Tuesday, April 21, 1896:

N. 47th-av., 215 s of ..., M. & St. P. Ry., w f, 25 to alley, April 9 [E. S. Hotchkiss to M. M. Mee] ..... $ 1,700

Albany-av., n e cor Douglas-av., w f, 61x125, Feb. 10 [W. E. Hatterman to P. G. Paulson] 1,050

Arizona-av., 100 e of W. 50th-st., n f, 25x124, Nov. 1, 1895 [L. Steinbrecher to W. Tegge] 1,650

Grace st., 113 s of Rokeby, s f, 25x125, April 15 [C. Johnson to J. Knight] 2,100

Wilton-av., 195 s of Waveland, e f, 30x70, March 30 [J. Knight to C. Hine] 1,500

Lincoln-av., 128 s of Berteau, e f, 25x125, March 30 [E. Rudolph to M. Herold] 1,046

Kedzie-av., 38 1-3 s of Ohio-st., e f, 19 1-6 x75½, April 18 [G. R. Nichols to H. F. Johnson] 3,500

Forrestville-av., bet 46th and 46th-sts., w f, 25x119 [No. 4100, April 11 [W. G. Clark et al. to A. Krier] 10,500

Anthony-av., 105 n w cor 46th-st., n e f, 200x135, April 15 [C. & A. ... & D. Co. to W. S. Miles] 7,200

Superior-av., 248 n of 85th-st., e f, 25x124, April 20 [M. in C. to S. Johnson] 2,414

85th-st., 137 e of Prairie-av., n f, 33 1-3x130, April 2 [J. V. Paulsen to C. Spalding] 3,267

Bishop-st., 90 s of 69th, e f, 25x124, April 18 [J. Peterka to F. Fude] 1,500

Aberdeen-st., 141 n of 63d, w f, 25x124, April 16 [C. A. Bergdahl to E. Bergdahl] 8,000

37th-st., 175 e of Butler, n f, 25x125, March 21 [Est. of C. E. Parker to W. H. Rogers] 1,250

Wentworth-av., 150 e of 30th-st., w f, 25x120, March 13 [B. Kinney to T. Kelly] 3,300

W. 18th-st., 200 e of Paulina, n f, 25x125, April 13 [J. Smietanka to A. Welteroth] 12,000

Sacramento-av., 280½ s of Fillmore-st., e f, 25x125, April 15 [H. E. Whitten to W. Schneider] 2,000

Park-av., 25 w of S. 43d-av., n f, 25x125, Jan. 20 [F. S. Tyrrell to M. J. Loftus] 1,100

Ashland-av., n w cor Blackhawk-st., e f, 40x100, April 18 [C. Reimer to G. Hass] 9,250

Costello-av., s e cor N. 44th-av., n f, 106x125, March 31 [P. O. Stensland to J. Mills] 2,500

Halsted-st., 325 n of Wrightwood-av., e f, 25x124, April 4 [J. G. Henderson to L. Walker] 6,000

Wrightwood-av., 288 e of Racine, n f, 24x124½, March 15 [A. Daube to O. C. Schermann] 7,300

Wrightwood-av., 267 w of Racine, n f, 25x124, March 15 [O. C. Schermann to A. Daube] 5,500

Belmont-av., 144½ e of Commercial-av., n f, 25x123, April 10 [T. Peterkort to A. Peterkort] 5,500

Same property, April 16 [A. Peterkort to A. Alker] 5,500

Byron-pl., 200 e of Pine Grove-av., n f, 50x140, July 20, 1895 [E. T. Stoltesberg to W. H. Dorothy] 5,750

Sheridan Drive, 258 s of Addison-st., w f, 50 x124½, April 9 [C. M. Staples to E. Harland] 25,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Ashland-av., 175 s of Byron, e f, 25x123½, April 7 [M. K. Cohen et al. to M. E. Dressbaug] 1,500

Roscoe-st., 200 e of Ravenswood Park, s f, 25x125, April 13 [A. Larson to C. Larson] 3,000

Sangamon-st., 248 n of 67th, e f, 25x134½, April 13 [S. Myren to C. G. Myren] 1,000

W. 45th-pl., 222 e of Halsted-st., n f, 24x125, April 20 [E. Vaughan to A. P. Burgess] 3,250

Emerald-av., 300 s of 45th-st., e f, 40x115½, April 16 [O. B. Swift to J. M. Shaw] 4,750

N. 41st-av., 300 n of Bertau, s f, 50x125½, April 7 [W. J. Dobson to M. G. Widner] 2,500

Premises Nos. 7240, 7246, and 7247 Stony Island-av., 75x111, March 16 [Frank Bolten and wife to Ida B. Hart et al.] 36,000

75th-st., 200 w of Maryland-av., e f, 25x125, April 20 [M. Brigham to M. Vonacka] 2,500

Monroe-av., s w cor 64th-st., e f, 60x160, Sept. 5, 1895 [C. E. L. Rodgers to G. W. Rodgers] 11,000

Morgan-st., 99 s of 56th, e f, 25x124, April 20 [W. McFarland to C. H. W. Kroiow] 1,200

57th-st., 86 e of Bertau-av., s f, 16 6-12x99, April 18 [H. E. Starr to L. W. Harpes] 3,000

Spaulding-av., 305 s of Douglas-blvd., e f, 20x124, Nov. 1, 1895 [G. P. Stuckel to A. Zilbo] 1,150

Spaulding-av., 378 s of W. 15th-st., e f, 25x124, April 1 [T. E. Barnes to M. E. Hopp] 6,000

Irving-av., 75 n of Potomac, e f, 25x125, Adams-st., s e cor, 53d-av., n f, 68 9-12x99, March 27 [John McConnell and wife to Cyrus H. McCormick] 125,000

Same property, and ¼ int., March 27 [Estate of George McConnell to same] 92,500

Same property, and ¼ int., March 27 [E. T. McConnell to same] 92,500

Fifth-av., 55 n of Quincy-st., w f, 20x64, March 27 [Theodore A. Kochs and wife to C. H. McCormick] 45,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building Department yesterday:

P. M. Walsh, 3-story and basement brick flats, 6236-42 Lowe-av. ..... $ 5,000

M. Linderman, 1-story and basement brick cottage, 1116 S. Hamlin-av. 1,800

L. Van Arsdale, 2-story and basement brick flats, 1430 N. Spaulding-av. 3,000

James Shore, 2-story and basement brick flats, 3615 Parnell-av. 1,800

E. S. Rice, 4-story and basement brick apartment building, 245 and 247 60th-st. 20,000

Same property, 2-story and basement brick store, brick flats, 6906 Cottage Grove-av. 1,200

Philip Kricke, 1-story frame cottage, 201 Bissell-st. 1,000

Joe Bleski, 1-story brick addition, 33 Bissell-st. 1,500

F. H. Wood, five 1-story frame stores, 9454 to 9460 Cottage Grove-av. 3,500

A. Forrest, two 1-story frame stores, 9308 Cottage Grove-av. 1,500

Mrs. J. A. Usher, two 3-story and basement brick flats, 5135 and 5137 Calumet-av. 15,000

M. Halloran, 3-story and basement brick flats, 5139 Calumet-av. 8,000

H. P. Rusridge, two 1-story brick stores, 4324 31st-st. and 3042 40th-av. 1,500

A. Schefelbein, 1-story frame cottage, 33 School-st. 1,000

Herman Anderson, 3-story and basement, with store, brick flats, 650 Belmont-av. 6,000

John Stanton, two 3-story and basement brick flats, 5606 and 5608 Peoria-st. 10,000

John Noeth, 2-story and basement brick flats, 3600 Bloom-st. 1,400

Edward Mitchell, two 2-story and basement brick flats, 6623 and 6625 Stewart-av. 10,000

Mrs. W. H. Sullivan, 2-story frame addition, 3226 Erie-st. 2,000

Mr. Melvin, 2-story frame flats, 3012 Emerald-av. 2,200

NEW CORPORATIONS.

NEW INCORPORATIONS WERE LICENSED by the Secretary of State at Springfield yesterday as follows:

Llewellyn Park club, at Wilmette; without capital stock; social; incorporators, James Williams, George Grinvold Hill, and Osman L. Lamair.

Prvni Obcansky Spolek Cesko Americkych Poplatniakov, at Chicago; without cap

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Trades.

TWO GOOD TOOLMAKERS, TWO FORKMAKERS, and two assemblers. Apply at Elgin Sewing Machine and Bicycle Co., Elgin, or 364 Wabash-av., Chicago.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

COACHMAN—SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS SINGLE man, understanding care and driving horse; willing to be generally useful about suburban house and grounds; references; $20 and board. Address, stating nationality, X 431, Tribune.

MAN AND WIFE AS FIRST-CLASS COACHman and cook; references required. Address Box No. 7, Richmond, Ind.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED: ONE WHO is capable of handling correspondence. Address X 453, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

BETTER WAGES PAID BARBERS THE YEAR round than any other tradesmen; more demand than can be supplied; can learn the trade thoroughly in eight weeks; situations secured in city or country; complete outfit of tools donated. Call and see school or send for illustrated catalogue. Chicago Barber School, 283 S. Clark-st.

BOOKKEEPERS, CREDIT MEN, MANAGERS, stenographers, etc.; places with largest business houses; no payment required in advance. Mercantile Exchange, 185 Dearborn-st., Room 152.

BOOKKEEPER—MAN UNDER 30, RAPID AND accurate, willing to leave city; good chance for advancement. 185 Dearborn, Room 152.

Miscellaneous.

COMPETENT DRY GOODS MAN AND DECORATOR to go to large town in Iowa; must give the best of reference. Apply 6 p. m., Great Northern, Room K 1.

JANITOR—FOR SMALL BUILDING; RENT OF good flat for services. Between 10 and 12 a. m. Wednesday, 4000 Vincennes-av.

MAN—TRUSTWORTHY, OF FAIR EDUCATION and reliable, prompt, active habits, for permanent position; $18 per week. F. M. STUART, 56 Fifth-av., Room 518.

MAN—GOOD; TO WRITE INSURANCE FOR the Massachusetts Benefit Life Assn.; both ordinary and monthly plan; good inducements. 1012 Ashland Block.

MAN NO EXPERIENCE, WHO CAN LOOK employer $100, good security, and work for $12 per week. Address X-480, Tribune office.

MAN—AS BUYER; $200 CASH; REFERENCES. Address X 483, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN IDEA. WRITE JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offered inventors.

WINDOW TRIMMER—BY ONE OF THE LARGEST first-class State-st. dry goods houses, thoroughly competent window trimmer; give list of former employers. Address X 209, Tribune office.

WINDOW DRESSER AND CARD WRITER—Experienced, at the "Hub," 217 and 219 Grand-av., Milwaukee, Wis.

YOUNG MAN—STRONG, HANDY, 18 TO 20 years old to work in shipping-room. Address X 488, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—TO WASH WINDOWS AND DO chores around house in private family; wages, $20. Apply 151 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER — FOR RETAIL GROCERY store; experienced. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 152.

Domestics.

COOK—FIRST-CLASS SWEDISH COOK; wages $6; laundress help with chamber work; references. Register Bureau, 326 N. State-st.

COOK—GOOD, FOR 15-CENT RESTAURANT. 125 North Clark-st.

DOMESTIC—CITY FAMILY, TWO PERSONS; easy place. Room 3, 157 Clark-st.

GIRL—FOR COOK AND LAUNDRY WORK; small family; must have references. Inquire, 9 to 12 Thursday, 3216 Wabash-av.

GIRL—A YOUNG FRENCH OR SWISS GIRL to care for a boy of 6 years; references. 2815 Michigan-av.

GIRL—A GERMAN OR SWEDISH GIRL IN bakery at 427 S. State-st.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; SMALL family. 4353 Oakenwald-av.

GIRL—GERMAN; AS NURSE AND TO ASSIST with second work. 3247 Groveland-av.

HOUSEWORK—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK, a good woman or Swede girl to go in the suburbs; small family; wages $4 per week; must be a good cook. F. M. FINCH, with C. D. Peacock, 98 State-st.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL OR GENERAL housework, small family; references necessary. Call Wednesday afternoon. 1222 Addison-st., 3d flat.

HOUSEWORK — EXPERIENCED GERMAN girl for general housework, small family, modern flat. 9 Cedar-st., 2d.

HOUSEWORK—A COMPETENT GIRL WITH references; 3 in family. 75 Bowen-av., between Elite and Lake-avs.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in private family; no cooking or washing; side door. 2978 Wabash-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; Swede, German, or Norwegian; wages $4. 654 East 41st-st.

HOUSEWORK—STRONG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 4018 Drexel-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family. Apply 118 E. 49th-st.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 116 20th-st., lower bell.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; wages $3. 1100 Wilwaukee-av.

NURSE—FRENCH—IN LAKE FOREST, TO care for one child, do plain sewing; wages $5. Address, stating references, X 435, Tribune office.

WOMAN—TO ASSIST WITH HOUSEWORK and sew; small family; no children. Address X 463, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

TRIMMERS—ON LADIES' GARMENTS, AT once. 160 Michigan-av.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—REMINGTON. 200 MONON Bldg.

Employment Agencies.

ASSISTANT—LADY, AGE 24, FOR DOCTOR'S office; $8. 269 Dearborn-st., Room 206.

DOMESTICS—COOKS, SECOND, AND GENeral housework girls; positions waiting; wages $4 to $6; references required. JENNIE SQUIRE, 186 53d-st.

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MORE DEMAND AND BETTER WAGES PAID ladies at barber trade than any work a lady can do; only eight weeks required; situation secured; tools donated each graduate. Call or send for illustrated catalogue. Chicago Barber School, 283 South Clark-st.

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556½ W. MADISON-ST.—FIRST-CLASS HELP for general housework; good pay; city and suburbs.

Miscellaneous.

DRESSMAKERS—TO WORK IN STORE. 1931 Wabash-av.

EDUCATED LADIES OR GENTLEMEN CAN make good income at home; no canvassing, no outlay. Call 3 to 6 p. m. daily. GRAY, 1352 Michigan-av., Chicago.

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MODEL—PERFECT 36 BUST CLOAK MODEL for samples; no others need apply. 221 Market-st.

YOUNG LADIES—GOOD ADDRESS, TO SELL ladies first-class article of apparel; can make $5 daily. Call Room 1524 Masonic Temple.

AGENTS WANTED.

LADY AGENTS—FOR THE FASTEST SELLing book on the market. THE ARMENIAN MASSACRES; OR, TURKISH TYRANNY. Christian people are taking great interest in this work and agents are coining money; liberal terms. Call or write, International Publishing Co., 185 E. Van Buren-st., Chicago.

WANTED—AGENTS IN TOWNS OF 3,000 OR more inhabitants to sell the celebrated Ordway Rattan Base Rocking Chairs, on easy monthly payments. A. H. ORDWAY & CO., 79 W. Madison-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE — OUR wonderful novelties pay $4 daily sure; no experience required; demand never supplied; catalogue free; sample 10c. Aluminum Novelty Co., 335 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL INSECTOLENE powder; to agents a big profit. Write the Insectolene Co., 914 Broadway, Cincinnati, O.

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BOARDING RANGE, COST $100 WHEN NEW; will exchange for lady's high-grade wheel. 351 Chicago-av., apartment 15.

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BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

2032 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE, LIGHT, HANDsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite; board if desired, or breakfast only; small refined family; special prices for summer to permanent tenants; telephone, porches; easy walking distance; modern.

2935 GROVELAND-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, nicely furnished; small private family; board if desired; references.

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3508 LAKE-AV.—NEWLY FURNISHED ALcove room with good board; reasonable; beautiful view of lake and park; Ill. Central.

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ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO YOUNG MEN private family; South Side; elevated and cable. Address T 201, Tribune office.

3941 DREXEL-BLVD. — "OAKLAND PLAZA," rooms en suite or single, with board.

143 36TH-ST.—DESIRABLE UNFURNISHED rooms, with board; near I. C. R. R. and cable.

5401 JEFFERSON-AV.—FURNISHED ROOM, board for two; near Hyde Park Station, L. C.

124 DEARBORN-AV. — PLEASANT, CLEAN room with first-class board, $4 and up.

2916 GROVELAND-AV.—HANDSOME ROOM, with excellent board; near cable and depot.

2979 PRAIRIE-AV.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOMS with board; reasonable to select parties.

3604 LAKE-AV.—SECOND STORY FRONT room, with lavatory; also single room.

3542 LAKE-AV.—TO RENT — FURNISHED front rooms; also parlor floor; excellent board.

57 23D-ST.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; DESIRable location; near Ill. Cent. and cable.

601 41ST-ST.—BLOCK "L" STATION, ROOM, board, two; running water; home comfort.

3007 GROVELAND-AV.—2 ELEGANTLY FURnished front rooms, excellent board; Ill. Central.

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North Side.

429 LA SALLE-AV.—ROOMS AND BOARD AT the Elmo; modern house; steam heat; every convenience; also day board. MRS. RIDDILL TAYLOR.

357 LA SALLE-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED throughout; hot and cold water each room; excellent table; light double room suitable for two $50 per month.

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147 DEARBORN-AV.—A SUNNY, PLEASANT double room for gentlemen; excellent table; walking distance.

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361 ONTARIO-ST.—FINE ALCOVE AND OTHER rooms in refined private house; specially good table; walking distance; references.

344 LA SALLE-AV.—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms with board; excellent location; reasonable.

487-489 LA SALLE-AV.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD, near Lincoln Park. MRS. CROWELL.

378 E. CHICAGO-AV.—FINE LOCATION. DESIRable rooms, with good board, reduced rates.

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650 CLEVELAND-AV.—ROOM FOR TWO, with board.

242 DEARBORN-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOM, 2D floor, with board; walking distance; reference.

241 DEARBORN-AV.—ALCOVE AND OTHER rooms, with board; superior table; references.

262 ONTARIO-ST.—LARGE ALCOVE AND other rooms; excellent table.

415 DEARBORN-AV.—PLEASANT ROOM WITH first-class board; references required.

West Side.

640 W. ADAMS-ST.—LARGE FRONT ROOM; smaller front room; adjoining frontage; running water; excellent board; references.

85 PARK-AV.—SUITE, NEWLY DECORATED, south front, unfurnished rooms, with board.

Miscellaneous.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING ROOMS AND BOARD call for list at Room 19, 53 Dearborn-st.; no expense.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING ROOMS OR BOARD please call at 1524 Masonic Temple; no expense.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—BY MIDDLE AGED MAN, PRIVATE family; West Side, near Union Park; will furnish own room; comforts of real home desired. Address X 424, Tribune office.

BOARD—ALL PERSONS HAVING FAMILY HOtels or respectable private homes, with room to rent, kindly call at 1534 Masonic Temple.

BOARD—BY YOUNG COUPLE, NEAR GARfield Park; private family and home comforts preferred. Address X 434, Tribune office.

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TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—ROOMS—STAMFORD HOTEL, 1254 Michigan-blvd., elegant front rooms, with or without private baths; steam heat, hot and cold water, steam heat in all rooms; fine family hotel; first-class in all respects; fireproof; European or American plan; cuisine unexcelled; terms reasonable. Call and examine. BISHOP & PHILPOT, Proprietors.

TO RENT—ROOMS—HOTEL "RAINIER." COTtage Grove-av. and 33d-st., singue or en suite; American and European plan; strictly first-class in every respect; reasonable rates; call and examine. TOBIN BROS., Mgrs., Office 55 33d-st.

TO RENT—2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD., "EDINburg," unfurnished single rooms and suites; dining-room in building; elevator, electric light, etc. See W. J. MAGEE.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 232 MICHIgan-av., elegant rooms, block south of Auditorium; gentlemen only.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN PRIVATE residence, 4235 Calumet-av., half block from 43d-st. car and elevated station.

TO RENT—THREE CORNER LIGHT HOUSEkeeping rooms; gas range heat. 5614 Drexel-av., Flat F.

West Side.

TO RENT—ASHLAND-BLVD., COR. MONROE. "The Ashland," several unfurnished single rooms and suites on second floor; dining-room in building; elevator, steam heat, etc. See engineer or C. C. WHITACRE, 201 Owings Bldg.

TO RENT—245 ASHLAND-BLVD.—ONE LARGE furnished room; steam heated; references.

North Side.

TO RENT—473 DEARBORN-AV., THE RUGIA and new annex now open to receive guests; newly furnished, steam heat, electric lights, hardwood floors, stationary washstands, porcelain bathtubs; first-class in all respects; European plan.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED LARGE rooms; corner house. North Side; use of parlor; $5.50 and $6 per week. Address J M 64, Tribune.

TO RENT—LARGE, AIRY FRONT ROOM, ALL conveniences; reasonable. 268 Ontario-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 672 Fullerton-av.

TO RENT—408 CHESTNUT-ST.—NICELY FURnished room; hot and cold water.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OF 6 LIGHT airy rooms for the summer to small family of adults. Address A E 343, Tribune office.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY MAN AND WIFE, three or four rooms, not to exceed $12 per mo., in neighborhood of Union Park. Address X 291, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room, or suite, without board, Dearborn-av. above Division, by two single gentlemen; references if required. Address X 497, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM, by young lady, employed; location from 30d to 43d-st., between Grand-blvd. and Wabash-av.; state price. Address X 496, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE—3 OR 4 finely furnished rooms, complete for housekeeping, man and wife, north of 23d-st.; state price. Address J M 65, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED, light rooms, suitable for dressmaking; north of Chicago-av. Address X 282, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A NICE ROOM BY GENtleman north of Chicago-av., east of Wells-st., reasonable. Address X 405, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FOUR OR FIVE UNfurnished rooms for housekeeping, in Woodlawn. Address X 441, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN—
4th floor 172 Washington-st.
3402 Prairie-av., 7 rooms, $30.
3406 Prairie-av., 7 rooms, $30.
3361 Indiana-av., 10 rooms, $55.
Premises open for inspection.

TO RENT—7248 EUCLID-AV., 10-ROOM MODern house; large lot; all improvements.
C. L. HAMMOND,
410, 205 La Salle-st.
Telephone Harrison 113.

TO RENT—
2206, 2209, and 2211 Prairie-av., 10 and 12 room houses, modern and almost new; every improvement. Apply to WINSTON & CO., 88 Washington-st.

TO RENT—28 E. 16TH-ST., 12-ROOM HOUSE, 2-story and basement, in good condition; all new plumbing; good barn; to responsible tenant for $35 per month; cheap at $60. Inquire A. HART, 159 Franklin-st.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1—2216 MICHIGAN-av., 11-room brick residence adapted to boarding-house purposes; only $60 per month.
CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT — 3403 WABASH-AV., 10-ROOM house; all modern improvements; hardwood floors throughout. JOHN C. McCORD, 185 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—3220 WABASH-AV., BROWN-STONE house, 11 rooms, good order; convenient L and cable trains. Inquire B. D. SLOCUM, 104 5th-av.

TO RENT—3329 INDIANA-AV., 8-ROOM STONE front dwelling at reduced rental. J. W. HOWELL, 149 Dearborn-st. Tel. M. 1092.

TO RENT—10-ROOM MODERN BRICK RESIdence, 42 Ray-st., near Prairie, $50 a mo. C. C. WHITACRE, 201 Owings Bldg.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES ON THE South Side, by E. J. WALSH, Room 215, 145 La Salle-st., s. e. cor. of Madison. Telephone 567 M. (formerly at Pardridge's Main Store.)

The following are in good residence localities, convenient to transportation; will be rented at greatly reduced rates and put in first-class order; it will pay to have a look at these before renting elsewhere; houses open all day.

2949 Prairie-av., 10-room stone-front house..$50.00
3714 Ellis-av., 10-room brick house..... 40.00
3838 Vincennes-av., 10-room brick house..... 40.00
3823 Aldine-st., 8-room brick house with barn..... 25.00
231 41st-st., 9-room brick house..... 30.00
4137 and 4137 Langley-av., 9-room brick house..... 30.00
306 40th-st., 8 rooms and bath brick cottage. 19.00
3838 Aldine-st., 6 rooms and bath brick cottage..... 18.00

The above are open for inspection. Agents can be seen at 3713 or 3839 Rhodes-av. all day.

TO RENT—343 56TH-ST., NEAR MONROE-AV., detached modern frame cottage, 9 rooms, furnace, large yard; near Ill. Cent. and university; make offer; key next door.

3645 Vincennes-av., 9-room modern brick, hardwood finish; parlor, library, dining-room, and kitchen on same floor; cheapest house in the city; only $35.

3105 Groveland-av., parlor, library, dining-room, kitchen on same floor; 8 chambers; moderate rent. JOHN MOSMAN, 3103 Clarkson-st., or SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 142 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—HOUSES—HYDE PARK—
5108 and 5110 Hibbard-av., beautiful 10 rooms; modern in all respects.

22 Madison Park; large 12-room house.

These houses are in fine location, near Ill. Central station; to examine houses, see Mrs. Henry McKey, 5136 Kimbark-av.
McKEY & POAGUE,
607 Chamber Commerce Bldg.

TO RENT—AUBURN PARK, PEORIA-ST. corner 78th-st., fine modern frame house, 11 rooms; hardwood floors, sliding doors, fine trimmings..... $35

7712 Peoria-st., modern house, 9 rooms; hardwood finish, furnace, laundry, etc..... 25
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

TO RENT—3003 LAKE-AV., MODERN DEtached stone front house, 10 rooms..... $50

3340 Rhodes-av., modern brick house, 9 rooms, finely decorated..... 50
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

TO RENT—3 OR 5 YEARS—ONE OF THE FINest private residences on South Side, elegantly furnished; 14 rooms; fine stable; No. 3066 Lake-av.; cost over $50,000; very choice. C. E. BROWN, 100 Washington-st., Room 1008.

TO RENT—ENGLEWOOD—6817 YALE-AV.; 8-room cottage, 50-ft. lot; only $20; handy to trains and trolley cars. Also nice 7 to 9 room houses; only 25 minutes out on the C. B. & Q.; $8 to $18. D. W. STORRS, 447 Rookery.

TO RENT—3236 FOREST-AV., MODERN DWELLing of 9 rooms and bath; furnace, laundry, porcelain tube, etc.; 40 ft. lot; large barn; yard.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO.,
70 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—310 E. 30TH-ST., NEAR WABASH-av., 2-story and cellar 8-room brick house, modern; all conveniences; rent $35.
BRUCE B. BARNEY,
99 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—$60 PER MONTH, NEARLY NEW, very large 3-story 10-room private residence, 4913 Forrestville-av., worth $100; near Grand-blvd. and Washington Park; oak finish and steam heat. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—$30—6428 HONORE-ST., ENGLEwood, 9-room house; all modern improvements; 25-ft. lot; large barn.
S. M. BLOSS & CO., 79 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—IN KENWOOD—4448 SIDNEY-AV, convenient to 43d or 47th-st. station Ill. Central; cozy 8-room house; $25. Nice location. Address owner, H. M. POLLARD, 93 S. Jefferson-st.

TO RENT—THE BEAUTIFUL ST. LAWRENCE marble house, No. 3068 Michigan-blvd., with 50-feet and barn. Call here only for permit to see it. MARTIN HILL, 3066 Michigan-blvd.

TO RENT—HOUSE, $50; A SNAP; 12 ROOMS; fine condition; all modern; splendid neighborhood, near Ill. Central; Kenwood district.
HUBBELL & CO., 118 E. 43d-st.

TO RENT—61 BRYANT-AV., 8 ROOMS, BRICK; all conveniences; rent very low; key at 41 Aldine-square. BELLAMY & HOWARD, 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—TWO BOARDING HOUSES, 23 rooms each; best of Englewood; sure money-makers. J. K. BRITTAIN & CO., 6450 Wentworth-av.

TO RENT—COZY MODERN HOUSE, 120 EAST 40th-st., overlooking Kenwood-av. and convenient to I. C. and electric cars. A. W. GREEN, 184 E. 50th-st.

TO RENT—3529, 3531, AND 3533 VERNON-AV., modern stone front, 10 rooms, hardwood finish; will rent low to desirable party; see to-day.
FESSENDEN & HIGH, 83 Washington-st.

TO RENT — 4049 INDIANA-AV. — STONEfront, $52.50. 7-room brick house near Calumet-av., $32.50. C. E. FOLLANSBEE, 951 Marquette Building.

TO RENT—52 33D-ST.—MODERN, LIGHT, 8-room house; hardwood; 5 bedrooms; $40; open from 11 to 12, 2 to 4. DR. EMMONS.

TO RENT—2408 DEARBORN-ST., TWO-STORY, basement, and cellar brick, 10 rooms and bath, $35. H. A. GOODRICH, 80 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FINE LARGE STONE-FRONT house, 3124 South Park-av.; 16 rooms; suitable for boarding-house; $50. 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN-AV., NEAR 51ST, 11-room modern house, completely furnished, $75. HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4219 CHAMPLAIN-AV., MODERN brick house, 7 rooms, bath; rent $25. Part of 92 Board of Trade. Owner.

TO RENT—KENWOOD—4802 LAKE-AV., TENroom stone front; all modern improvements. GEO. HORN, 123 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—KENWOOD — FURNISHED 10-ROOM stone front house; all modern conveniences; good order. Address T 947, Tribune office.

TO RENT—10-ROOM MODERN RESIDENCE; never been occupied; 6218 Greenwood-av. Apply next door or OWNER, 534 Unity Bldg.

TO RENT—THE 9-ROOM HOUSE AND BARN, 14 Groveland Park; beautiful location; all conveniences. J. M. SELLECK, 4251 Evans-av.

TO RENT—3248 WABASH-AV., ELEGANT modern 9-room residence in excellent order. Apply PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 172 S. 5th-st.

TO RENT—PRAIRIE-AV., NEAR 18TH, LARGE modern detached house, with stable.
HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—2242—MICHIGAN-AV., FINE RESIdence; 10 rooms; rent reasonable. C. C. WHITACRE, 201 Owings Bldg.

TO RENT—368-370 STATE-ST., 40 ROOMS, OLD rooming hotel; rent reasonable.
W. L. KENT & CO., 84 Washington-st.

TO RENT—3040 INDIANA-AV., CHEAP. INQUIRE Room 20, 111 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—10-ROOM BRICK HOUSE IN GOOD repair; natural gas. 3559 Vernon-av.; $30.

TO RENT—NEW 8-ROOM MODERN HOUSE; $40. 107 42d-pl., near Ellis-av. Keys 109.

TO RENT—3150 INDIANA-AV. 10-ROOM brick house. J.RYAN, 189 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—3114 FOREST-AV., 10-ROOM BRICK residence; rent $30.

TO RENT—3936 PRAIRIE-AV. VERY DESIRable modern house. Owner at 3607.

West Side.

TO RENT—
7 rooms and bath brick cottages, 1017 Polk-st. and 394 Claremont-av.; convenient to elevated and electric car lines.
Inquire of R. J. WALSH,
Room 215, 145 La Salle-st.
Southeast corner of Madison.

TO RENT—1182 LAWNDALE-AV., ELEGANT 8-room house; all rooms light and clean; 41 neighborhood; twenty minutes' ride on C., B. & Q., convenient to Ogden-av. electric car line. Large barn. 8-year lease, $25. RIDDIFORD BROS., 235 E. Randolph-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE CORNER BRICK HOUSE, 8 rooms and alcove; last one of 7; furnace, laundry; fuel gas pipes, etc.; will build barn to suit; price $30; near W. Lake-st. "L" station. Call OWNER, 203 Tacoma Bldg.

TO RENT—CHEAP—NO. 851 CONGRESS-ST.—6-room, 2-story and cellar brick, in fine order; open today. No. 232 Hoyne-av., 8-room modern brick. No. 24 Pratt-pl., 8-room modern brick.
O. THOMPSON, 18 Pratt-pl.

TO RENT—4918 FORRESTVILLE-AV., $60; new elegant 3-story stone front 10-room house; electric light; hot water supplied; artist's studio; elegantly finished and thoroughly modern. OLIVER SOLLITT, 105, 140 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—935 AND 936 MONROE-ST., VERY desirable homes in excellent condition; every convenience; 8 and 10 room-houses; cheap.
H. POTWIN, 126 Washington-st., Room 44.

TO RENT—227 LOOMIS-ST., CORNER VERNON Park-pl., 9-room house, cheap; will be put in first-class condition. Man in attendance to show same.

TO RENT—710 W. ADAMS-ST., NEW MODERN residence, steam heated, 12 rooms; $75 per month. Apply on premises.

TO RENT—HOUSE—604 W. VAN BUREN-ST.; $30. E. GRACE, Hotel Grace, cor. Clark and Jackson.

TO RENT—STONE FRONT, FURNACE HEAT, 9 rooms and bath, beautiful surroundings. 270 Jackson-blvd., to private family; only $40.

TO RENT—22-ROOM HOUSE, 17 SHELDON-ST. Vaughn's seed store. 84 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—176 PARK-AV., COTTAGE, 8 ROOMS and bath. $20. H. A. GOODRICH, 80 Dearborn.

North Side.

TO RENT—BY OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.
36 Clark-st.

58 St. Clair-st., 10 rooms.
386 Ontario-st., 14 rooms; steam heat.
376 Ontario-st., 14 rooms.
20 Elm-st., 12 rooms.
200 Erie-st., 12 rooms.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN—
4th floor 172 Washington-st.
532 Garfield-av., 10 rooms, $90.
536 Garfield-av., 12 rooms, $100.
Premises open for inspection.

TO RENT—A LARGE, DESIRABLE 3-STORY and basement stone-front house, with a brick barn. 244 Dearborn-av. R. D. HILL & CO., 21 Tribune Building.

TO RENT—310 N. STATE-ST., CORNER SCHILler-st., fine residence, $150 per month; possession May 1. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 4th floor 172 Washington-st.

TO RENT—AN 8-ROOM STEAM HEATED MODern house, 2 blocks from south end Lincoln Park. Call at renting office, 147 Eugenie-st., Sunday for keys, or 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—431 LA SALLE-AV., DESIRABLE 7-room steam heated 1st and 2d floor apartments; 1st floor partly furnished; have natural gas in range and grates; low rental.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, RESIDENCE, 319 Superior-st., 12 rooms; for terms apply to W. D. KERFOOT, Washington, near Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—BEST HOUSES, LARGE AND SMALL, in best street, vicinity Lake Shore Drive.
HONORE BROS., 1524 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—397 SUPERIOR-ST., A DESIRABLE 13-room house, with all modern improvements; hardwood floors, etc. Apply 2 Rush-st., balcony.

TO RENT—1028 OAKDALE-AV.—FINE 9-ROOM residence, near Lake Shore Drive. G. W. ELDERT & CO., 1738 N. Clark-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

North Side.

TO RENT—7 CRILLY-PL., NEAR EUGENIE and Wells-sts., 8-room modern stone front residence; reasonable rent.

88 Dearborn-av., 18 rooms, $75; will decorate to suit.

934 N. Clark-st., 9-room brick, modern; $35.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—302 E. INDIANA-ST., 8-STORY AND basement stone-front house, 12 rooms, from May 1, $50. H. A. GOODRICH, 80 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—272 LA SALLE-AV., 2-STORY AND basement, stone-front, 10 rooms and bath, $30.
H. A. GOODRICH, 80 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—1141 DUNNING-ST., 7-ROOM MODern house, including furnace; large lot.

Suburban.

TO RENT—OAK PARK—6 PLEASANT ROOMS, partly furnished or unfurnished, including dining-room and kitchen and summer kitchen; all conveniently arranged; good cellar, furnace, etc.; east front, veranda, pleasant yard, plenty of shade and fruit trees, and garden all ready for planting; all on very reasonable terms to right party. 127 S. Euclid-av., half block from avenue depot.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE HOUSES AND flats in Austin; steam and furnace heat; lists mailed. D. R. McAULEY & CO., 5647 Lake-st.; open evenings.

TO RENT—LA GRANGE—LOVELY HOME, large, almost new, elegant, modern steam heated residence; barn, fine lawn, etc.; rent $55 per mo.; worth $125. Apply 112 Dearborn-st., R. 1106.

TO RENT—IF YOU WANT A 6 OR 7 ROOM SUPplied cottage for $8 to $12 a month or more, call on IAM W. WEARE, owner, 218 La Salle-st., Room 220.

TO RENT—$10, IRVING PARK, 1204 WARNER-AV., 1162 Dale, corner St. Charles. C. L. NORTON, 410 Home Insurance Bldg.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY SMALL RESPONsible Baptist family, furnished rooms, small flat, or house for the summer; would take good care of some one's home who is going away for the summer; unquestionable reference. Address X 296, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—NEAR GOOD TRANSportation, modern unfurnished house suitable for select boarding-house; owner boarded in payment of rent; references. Address X 287, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—COTTAGE WITH 5 OR 6 rooms, bet. 63d and 31st-sts. State and Lake-avs., not to exceed $15 per month. Address 6339 Cottage Grove-av., Flat 24.

WANTED—TO RENT—MODERN 7 OR 8 ROOM flat or house, North Side. Address X 443, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—STEAM-HEATED FLATS—
In Lafayette, 66th-pl., and Hope-av., 7 r....$25
In Lafayette, 66th-pl. and Hope-av., 6 rooms.. 23
In Seville, 310 66th-pl., 7 rooms..... 25
In Howard, 304 61st-pl., 7 rooms..... 20
0518 Madison-av., 6 rooms, 1st floor..... 25
Ramona, 235 66th-pl., 7 rooms..... 25
Savoy, 255 66th-st., 7 rooms..... 25
Unity, 284 Woodlawn-av., 6 rooms..... 22
WITHOUT HEAT.
6442 Starr-av., 6 rooms..... $15
6618 Grace-av., 4 rooms..... 10
Normandie, 67th-st., e. of I. C. R. R., 4 rooms.. 10
6640 Oglesby-av., 5 rooms..... 15
HOUSES.
6340 Grace-av., 9 rooms..... 25
6434 Grace-av., 8 rooms..... 25
6616-6618 Hope-av., 8 rooms, gas range..... 25
6616 Oglesby-av., 8 rooms, steam heat..... 50
6439 Starr-av., 11 rooms..... 40
Large list of houses and flats by calling at our office.
WHITE & COLEMAN,
634-st. and Hope-av., s. e. of I. C. R. R.

TO RENT—IN THE RENFORT, DEMONSTRATED FIREPROOF 6-STORY APARTMENT HOUSE GROVE-AV. at the head of DREXEL-BLVD. and overlooking WASHINGTON PARK. THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND CONVENIENTLY LOCATED apartment building in Chicago; AT UNUSUAL EXPENSE the entire building has been remodeled, refitted, refurnished; apartments 3 to 7 rooms each; choice cafe, free electric light, gas logs, gas ranges, hot and cold water, passenger and freight elevators, telephones, etc.; elegant ladies' reception-rooms and gentlemen's smoking-rooms, richly furnished; for exclusive use of tenants; COTTAGE GROVE-AV. CARS connecting with ELECTRIC CROSS TOWN lines on 29th, 31st, 39th, 43d, 47th, 53d, 55th, 61st, and 63

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—STORES—H. M. GARLICK JR., R. 410, 172 E. Washington-st.

4648 Wentworth-av., corners—
Store and 13 rooms, also barn, $50.

801 31st-st., corner—
2 stores and 1 9-room flat, $40.

2536 Cottage Grove-av.—
1 store and 8 rooms, $75.

5201 Center-av., corner—
1 store and 4 rooms, $20.

923 71st-st., corner—
Store and 4 rooms, also barn, $20.

3701 Lowe-st., corner—
Store and 5 rooms, $30.

7001 Loomis-st.—
Store and 8 rooms, $25.

5847 Clinton-st.—
Store and 6 rooms, $20.

1234 Indiana-av.—
Store and 9 rooms, also barn, $70.

7015 Seipp-av.—
Store and 8 rooms, cheap to good tenant.

TO RENT—VERY CHEAP—
An elegant brick store and basement at 2831 Archer-av.; good location for any kind of business.
Inquire of R. J. WALSH,
Room 215, 145 La Salle-st.,
Southeast corner of Madison.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE—WELL-LIGHTED stores, 16th-st., bet. Michigan and Wabash, suitable for baker, grocery, meat market, or other business. Special rates. HONORE BROS., 1524 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—626 31ST-ST., CORNER OF LYONS-av., store and 14 rooms, also barn, cheap to good tenant.
H. M. GARLICK JR.,
Room 410, 172 E. Washington-st.

TO RENT—STORES IN THE NEWTON, 39TH-st. and Calumet-av., all new and modern.
2637 Cottage Grove-av., store and basement.
JOHN G. ROGERS & CO., Chamber Commerce.

TO RENT—COTTAGE GROVE-AV. STORES—
Two, with three rooms each; steam heat.
4801, corner, with 4 living-rooms.
HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—STORES—H. M. GARLICK JR., R. 410, 172 E. Washington-st.
675 W. 21st-st., store and 4 rooms, $20.
617 W. 21st-st., store and 3 rooms, $20.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN—
with 17 rooms, 172 Washington-st.
Store, 2933 State-st., $18.
Store, 2936 State-st., $18.

TO RENT—TWO STORES IN THE NEW BLDG. s. w. cor. 63d and Wallace-sts.; steam heat and rents moderate; janitor will show.
CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—TWO STORES, CONNECTING, FOR grocery and market; fine location. J. S. SHEARER & CO., 282 E. 43d-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT STORE AND BASEMENT, 20x160, 171 Randolph-st.; will rent store without basement. Apply Room 14, one week.

TO RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, NO. 62 Lake-st.; 30x160 feet; cheap rent. W. G. CARLISLE, 40 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—SMALL SINGLE AND DOUBLE stores; steam heat and hot water. 121 31st-st.

TO RENT — STORES, NEW, MODERN, 318T and Indiana-av. Apply BRINKMAN, 218 31st.

TO RENT—DRUG STORE, COR. 55TH AND Jefferson-av. F. R. BAGLEY, 192 55th-st.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT, 632 JACKSON-blvd., $25; desirable; in basement; see janitor.

West Side.

TO RENT—
Elegant brick store and basement, 75x125, at corner of Milwaukee-av., Emma, and Noble-sts.; unsurpassed facilities for any line of business; first-class windows, maple floor, steam heat. This is a splendid location for a department store or for any kind of business.
Brick store and basement at 254 W. Division-st., corner Paulina, right room for "L" station; good location for any business.
273 and 302 W. Division-st., brick stores and basement, cheap.
Brick store and basement at 204 W. Monroe-st.; good location for any kind of business. Inquire of R. J. WALSH, Room 215, 145 La Salle-st., s. e. corner of Madison-st.

TO RENT—HALF OF FINE OFFICE. FIRST-class building, second floor, Dearborn-st. Address X 467, Tribune office.

TO RENT—610 WEST NORTH-AV., COR. SHOP-ter, 7 furnished or unfurnished rooms, suitable for office; steam heat, etc.; right over drug store.

TO RENT—OFFICES, UHLICK BLOCK, 27 N. Clark-st., $10. H. A. GOODRICH, 80 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN BUILDING, 80 AND 82 Dearborn-st., $10 per month. Apply W. G. CARLISLE, 40 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN OVER 20 BUILDINGS. H. F. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—CHEAP—FINE FRONT OFFICE suite, or single. 58 State-st.

TO RENT—LARGE MAIN FLOOR AND OTHER fine offices. 169 Washington-st., Room 29.

TO RENT—4 SINGLE LIGHT OFFICE, WITH vault. 125 La Salle-st., Room 50.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM IN FINE LIGHT OFFICE. 1132 Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE OFFICE, cheap; good location. Address J M 62, Tribune.

TO RENT—OFFICES, 167 DEARBORN-ST., N. E. cor. Monroe-st.; low rates. Apply Room 204.

TO RENT—SPLENDID OFFICES; PRIVATE room and telephone; $16.50. ROSS, 189 La Salle.

Lofts.

TO RENT—LOFTS FOR MANUFACTURING, storage, or salesroom, in the business districts. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—90 TO 94 FRANKLIN-ST., LOFTS, 4 floors, each 50x80 feet; well lighted.
H. A. GOODRICH, 80 Dearborn-st.

Barns.

TO RENT—LARGE BARN, CENTRALLY LOcated. Apply to R. L. MARTIN JR., R. 5, 75 La Salle-st.

Dock Property.

TO RENT—DOCK PROPERTY ON THE NORTH branch, south of Chicago-av., and on North Branch canal, south of North-av.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,
24 Clark-st.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS NOS. 19, 21, 23, AND 25 Market-st., now occupied by Durand & Kaspar Stove Co.; 50x160 feet; six floors and basement; or will divide into separate stores of 30 feet frontage each; will rent on favorable terms. Apply to
ECKHART & SWAN,
Canal and Fulton-sts.

TO RENT—SECOND, THIRD, AND FOURTH floors, 170 Van Buren and Franklin; steam heat, elevator service, light on three sides.
H. PRENTICE CO., 208 Van Buren-st.

TO RENT—1845-1847 WABASH-AV., 2-STORY and basement brick, running back to alley; will divide or arrange to suit tenant.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—LARGE WOOD YARD AT BUILDING block from Court-House, 20x80; all improvements. 501 Dawson-blvd.

TO RENT—156-158 W. JACKSON-ST., LARGE, light floors for manufacturing; steam heat, power, freight and passenger elevators.

TO RENT—STORES AND BUILDINGS OF ALL kinds. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—HOTELS.

TO RENT—101 S. CANAL-ST., HOTEL, 50 rooms; good location, near Union Depot; will decorate to suit; cheap rent.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON North Side, between North-av. and Fullerton-av., and Clark and Halsted-sts.; no other district wanted. Address X 290, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—OFFICE, WITH VAULT, south of Madison; pay $10 or $12; with telephone. Address X 483, Tribune office.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, Ill.—Buda Foundry and Manufacturing Company vs. Columbian Celebration Company, et al.—

In pursuance of an order entered in the above entitled cause on the 13th day of April, 1896, the undersigned as receiver hereby gives notice that all creditors of the Columbian Celebration company must file and prove up their claims under oath or affirmation against said Columbian Celebration company with Jeremiah Leaming, Master in Chancery, 141 Ashland-blk., Chicago, within sixty (60) days from the date of the entry of this order. It will be necessary for all creditors to prove up their claims with said Master, in accordance with this notice, whether they have already proven up their claims with the Chicago Title and Trust company, receiver in the suit of MacKaye vs. Columbian Celebration company, or not.
Chicago Title and Trust company, receiver.
By Second Vice-President.

Dated Chicago, April 15th, 1896.

NOTICE—OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY, Chicago, April 6.—To the Stockholders: Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the by-laws of the company, the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad company will be held at the office of the company, in Chicago, Ill., at 11 o'clock Wednesday, May 13, 1896, to elect directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting.
The transfer books will be closed from April 14 to May 13, 1896, both inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors,
J. M. FORBES, Chairman.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The copartnership heretofore existing between Samuel S. Sherman, Henry B. Sherman, and Frederick S. Sherman, under the firm name of Sherman Bros. & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Samuel S. Sherman and Frederick S. Sherman continue the business under the same firm name, receiving all assets and assuming all liabilities of the late firm.
SAMUEL S. SHERMAN,
HENRY B. SHERMAN,
FREDERICK S. SHERMAN.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DR. CARROLL—LEADING AND ONLY EXPERT SPECIALIST in city treating special BLOOD, SKIN and KIDNEY diseases. Blood poison (all stages) completely and forever eradicated; mercurial poison, inflammations, sores, red blotches, eruptions, pimples, stars, etc., all private diseases, varicocele, lost vigor, nervous debility and all wasting organic diseases in young, middle-aged or old quickly restored to manhood. DR. CARROLL is a graduate of the best medical colleges in the United States and has had 18 years' experience in hospital and private practice. He GUARANTEES a prompt and complete cure in all cases undertaken. Advice free. Medicine $1. Office 183 State-st., opposite Palmer House. Call or write. Hours 9 to 5; Sundays 11 to 1.

DR. KINGSTON HANNA, SPECIALIST; DISeases of women; skillful scientific treatment of all organic and functional disorders; moderate; success guaranteed; consultation free. 78 State-st., Suite 32. Hours 10 to 6; opposite Marshall Field's.

LADIES—NO DIFFERENCE WHAT YOUR trouble, consult Dr. Graham, the well-known specialist in diseases of women. 114 Dearborn-st., Room 1106. Hours, 10 to 6.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 DEARBORN-ST., are Chicago's successful specialists in diseases peculiar to men and women. Letters answered.

211 STATE-ST., ROOM 20—MRS. DR. BROWN—Skilful treatment for all female troubles. Room and board. Call or write. Advice free.

DR. IDA VON SCHULZ, 104 WELLS-ST., SPEcialist in all special and delicate diseases of woman. 22 years' practice. Private home.

DR. C. C. HIGGINS, INTER-OCEAN BLDG., hours 10 to 5 and evenings. Letters answered.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

WABASH CYCLES—
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.
They are leaders. $65.00
UNITED STATES BICYCLES.
122 Dearborn-st.

LOVELL DIAMOND, VICTOR,
LOVELL PHANTOM,
STEARNS YELLOW FELLOW.
SOLE AGENTS, HENRY SEARS & CO.,
Rooms 110 and 112 Wabash-av.

$40 CASH TAKES HIGH-GRADE '95 WHEEL, good order; used one season; maker will trade $85 new '96 wheel for this and $35. Address A D 273, Tribune office.

ANYBODY DESIRING HIGH-GRADE WHEEL can select the same and save $25 on the price (guaranteed one year) by addressing X 471, Tribune office.

BICYCLES—LADIES' AND GENTS' HIGH grade wheels for sale on easy monthly payments; small payment down. Address X 472, Tribune.

UNITED STATES BICYCLES—122 DEARBORN-st. C. H. PLUMB, Manager.

THE LU-MI-NUM—ALUMINUM BICYCLE. AT 34 Van Buren-st.

REMINGTON BICYCLES—THE NAME IS THE guarantee. The Wilkinson Co., 83 Randolph-st.

LADIES' WHEEL WANTED IN EXCHANGE for cement walks. X 445, Tribune office.

WILL TRADE 1894 VICTOR FOR 12-YR. BOY'S wheel. 74 Center-st. SPAMER.

WANTED—HIGH GRADE '95 BICYCLE CHEAP. Address C., 3915 Cottage Grove-av.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

AUCTION—MATT FISHER'S LIVERY STABLE, 137 26th-st., between Wabash and Michigan-avs., THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896, 10 A. M., the entire stock of horses, victorias, landaus, broughams, surreys, buggies, etc., harnesses, robes, livery coats, whips, fly nets, horse blankets, finest livery office furniture in Chicago, chairs that cost $25 apiece, and everything to match. Every thing in first-class order.

ATTENTION!—GREAT REMOVAL SALE OF top and open delivery, grocery, milk, bread, laundry, tea and coal wagons, also pleasure top and open buggies and carriages, carts, trays, Rockaways and Victorias, cheap until April 30; wagons and buggies for sale at 2326 Dearborn-st., factory 23d-pl. and Archer-av. C. J. HULL.

A PERFECT FAMILY HORSE FOR SALE cheap, as I have no use for him; 6 years old, sound in every way, 16 hands high, weighs 1,150; also light trap and extension-top family surrey and harness. Can be seen at my barn, 262 E. 57th-st., corner Grand-blvd.

FOR EXCHANGE—FINE ENGLISH TRAP, curled birch; cost $400. What have you? Prefer bicycles. Address J M 35, Tribune office.

WANTED—TWO-SEATED SURREY; MUST BE a bargain; cash. Prop. Westminster Hotel, 462 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE, HANDSOME, COAL-black team at a great bargain. J. C. McCOID, 2427 Wabash-av.

WINTER HORSES AT SPRING BROOK STOCK farm, CROSSMAN, 416 Randolph-st. Tel. 913 W.

A NICE SURREY AND SINGLE HARNESS, ALL for $50; call and see it. 1163 W. Adams-st.

STORAGE.

THE PALACE STORAGE CO. OFFERS THE public in our new warehouse, 2 to 26 Cottage Grove-av. and 41st-st., on R. R. track, 50 of our celebrated moth-proof iron rooms with medicated walls, $2.50 per month; also rooms in our office, 42d and Lake-av., furs, tapestries, rugs, and carpets that have lain here in store over two years as proof that our moth-proof invention is the real thing. If desired we offer names of first families in this city who have tested our house and know. Office, Lake-av. and 42d-st.

UNION PARK STORAGE. CLEANEST, CHEAPEST, BEST. Fireproof storage for furniture, pianos, Furniture trunks, etc.; private rooms; money Storage advanced; low rates. Tel. 507 Warehouse. Carroll-av. LUTHER BROS.

NEWBERRY STORAGE WAREHOUSE FOR merchandise; clean, new building for furniture; rooms if desired; low insurance; goods packed and shipped, handled by experienced men. Tel. North 175. 70-83 E. Kinzie-st.

RANDOLPH STREET STORAGE WAREHOUSE for furniture, pianos, and all kinds of merchandise; separate rooms. 80 and 82 Randolph-st. Telephone 2919 Main.

FIDELITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE—LIGHT, dry, well ventilated; 20,000 ft. more space added; storage at lowest prices; moving a specialty. 80, 82, 84 E. 12th-st. Tel. Harrison 782.

GEORGE PARRY WAREHOUSES FOR STORage of furniture, pianos, etc. Packing and shipping. 320-332 Wabash-av. Tel. Main 1845.

STORAGE—GEO. W. PHALIN, 3163 COTTAGE Grove-av., rooms from $2 to $5 per month on ground floor; good building; insurance very low.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—
One 200 h.-p. Ideal automatic engine.
Three 200 h.-p. Williams automatic engines.
One 20x30 Hamilton Corliss engine.
Three Corliss engines, from 175 to 300 h.-p.
One 100 h.-p. horizontal tubular boiler.
All the above good as new.
W. L. LEE, 59 S. Canal-st.

FOR SALE—25 H.-P. WILLIAMS ENGINE AND 36 h.-p. horizontal tubular boiler; splendid condition. Address X 216, Tribune office.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT BANKING FIXtures in the banking-room formerly occupied by the Fort Dearborn National Bank.
JOHN C. McCORD, Room 46, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—TWO LETTER PRESSES with stands, in good order. Apply 452 Rookery Building.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND SAFES; LOWEST prices ever offered. W. S. DIX, 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—4 ELECTRIC LIGHT BRASS PORTable desk lamps. Address X 459, Tribune.

WANTED—COMPLETE SET OF GROCERY fixtures. FISHER, 2030 N. Halsted-st.

ROOFING.

FORD'S A B C ROOFING WILL LAST 50 YEARS on any building. Old gravel roofs repaired. The Ford Roofing Co., 172 Washington-st.

GRAVEL ROOFING—ALL KINDS; ROOFS REpaired; estimates free. Bussell & Company, 355 Dearborn-st. Room 1408. Tel. Har. 743.

CLOTHING.

CASH FOR ENTIRE STOCK OF SHOES OR other merchandise. Address Merchandise Purchasing Co., 132 Market-st.

A. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., 2D FLOOR, PAYS the highest price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—FACTORY, 40x60 ft., 2-story and basement; plenty of light; strongly built; fit for any heavy business; incumbered $12,000; lot is 66x132 ft.; will take $13,000 for; new equity in vacant or improved city real estate. Address X 481, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — INCOME PROPERTY PAYING $1,350 per year for sale for $12,500 if taken quick. Address X 497, Tribune office.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—4600-08 FORRESTVILLE-AV., strictly modern 2-room semi-detached houses; extra large rooms; dining-room, 14x20 ft.; 3 bedrooms, 13x18 ft.; 5 lavatories, 3 mantels, colonial combination mantels, sideboard, and china closet; finished throughout in red oak; houses are each 22 ft. wide, and the only houses of their kind for sale on the South Side; direct light and ventilation; having entirely new features, new ideas, new architectural designs, and will be sold for $6,500 on usual terms. Special invitation to prospective buyers hereby extended. Open for inspection every afternoon. Key agent on premises or owner, W. E. GORE.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—8 HIGH CLASS RESIDENCES, 539 to 547 44th-pl., just east of Grand-blvd.; finished in different kinds of hardwood, oak floors throughout, elegant mantels, sideboards, consoles, and tiled fireplaces; bath rooms, tiled floors, nickel plumbing, electric light, steam heat; lots 180 feet deep. These houses will be sold at a low figure to responsible parties on long time. It will be to your interest to examine them before purchasing elsewhere. Open for inspection.
HALL & PRATT, 52 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—15 NEW 6-ROOM STONE FRONT semi-detached houses, corner Woodlawn-av. and 65th-st.; convenient to Alley L and Ill. Central express trains; steam heat, gas fixtures, mantels, sideboard, and console, open plumbing, gas stove, electric lights, and every modern improvement; $5,800 to $6,000.
H. COLVIN, JR., owner,
716 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE BARGAINS—
25 ft. South Chicago-av.; rent $30; $30 foot.
125 ft. Prairie-av.; north 49th; $50 foot.
5½ acres near 35th and Western-av.; $5,000.
250 lots, north of 91st, east of State, $160 each.
8-r. brick residence, $2,900; $30 month.
CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO.,
Room 62, 108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—4 NEW MODERN RESIDENCES, 4, 5, corner Champlain and 48th-st., 9 rooms, $5,000; corner house, 11 rooms, $11,000; every modern convenience imaginable; open for inspection this week; owner on premises. G. O. GORDON, owner, 4742 Champlain-av.

FOR SALE—FIVE NEW HYDE PARK RESIdences, 5125 to 5137 Madison-av.; $17,000 to $18,000; modern, complete; choice location; near I. C. fast trains; worth seeing; open daily; everybody welcome; agents investigate. H. BINNEY, or owner, 5104 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4839 VINCENNES-AV.—7 AND 8 room new 3-story flat building, high grade in every respect, handsome location, for a home with an income, 9 per cent net; lot 25x125; will sell at low price this month. Apply first flat.

FOR SALE—NEAR DOUGLAS MONUMENT, in the park, lot 50x120 ft.; elegant light; net 10 per cent for flats. Address A P 350, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—4410 BERKELEY-AV., A NEW modern 10-room house; will take small cash payment, balance monthly; price $10,500. PATTERSON & SON, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—2 NEW MODERN STONE SOUTH-front, 6-room houses, $5,250 to $5,500; open; see them; bargain; home or investments. 107-109 42d-pl., near Ellis-av. Owner on premises. Call 189.

FOR SALE — LOOK AT 6042 GOLESBY-AV., Woodlawn; new 2-story and stone, 7 rooms; tile bath, steam heat, fine finish; $6,500; cash or monthly payments; open. C. C. LANDT, owner.

FOR SALE—STOP PAYING RENT—LOOK AT 6427 Ellis-av.; new 2-story, 8 rooms; monthly payments; open. C. C. LANDT, 113 Adams-st.

FOR SALE—534 46TH-ST., 2-STORY FLAT bldg.; $4,000. PATTERSON & SON, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN, LOT 22X125 FEET on Parnell-av., near 35th-st.; $950. Address A P 349, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$23,000—90-YEAR FEE, CORNER, on Wabash-av.; owner, X 781, Tribune office.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN SAM BROWN JR.'S PENnock Subdivision, Kedzie-av., Lake and Armitage-av. electric to Tripp-av. and walk two blocks north to office of the subdivision. Macadamized streets, cement sidewalks, shade trees, free of expense to purchaser. Lots $600; $10 down and $10 monthly. Money advanced to build. Will give a loan to any responsible mason or contractors and builders can make favorable terms. Send for plat. Parties desiring cozy homes will receive attention. SAM BROWN JR., 1001 Association Bldg., 153 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—2-STORY FLAT 6 ROOMS EACH, 665 Washington-blvd.; must be sold; will take within $2,000 small cash payment, balance monthly if desired; would take clear inside lot for part payment. D. T. HELM, owner, 11 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—NOTICE PARTICULARLY!
WANT AN IMMEDIATE OFFER.
705 W. Monroe-st., 2-story and basement stone-front house; new; great improvement made past week. Call at once. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., R. 6.

FOR SALE—710 ADAMS-ST. — NEW MODERN stone-front residence; price $12,500; terms, $2,500 cash, balance at rate of $1,000 per year and long time. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—DOUGLAS-BLVD., NEAR POLK-st., east front, fine house; $25,000; one-fifth cash; all street improvements.
WARREN F. PITNEY, 167 Dearborn-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — THE NEW SHERIDAN PARK subdivision, formerly known as the Ogden tract, at the terminus of the Northwestern Elevated Electric; $150,000 worth of these lots have been sold during the 3 weeks ending April 11, 1896, to investors and careful homeseekers acknowledge that this property is being offered at prices far below its value, and the intention of the owner is to improve handsomely on their investments. The fact that so large sales have been made in so short a time proves this subdivision will be one of the improved with macadamized streets, cement sidewalks, sewer and water, and sewer and water connections and will be planted to trees, shrubs, and flowers in the most artistic manner. O. C. Simonds, the landscape gardener, has full charge of these improvements, and it is the intention of the owner to make it particularly desirable for first-class investors. For the present, until further notice, lots are offered at the following prices:
Sheridan Drive, $90 and upwards.
Kenmore-av., $70 and upwards.
Winthrop-av., $70 and upwards.
Evanston-av., $44 and upwards.
Agents wanted to sell this property. Send for plat. For further information call on SAM BROWN JR., 1001, 153 La Salle-st., or his agent on the subdivision, cor. Montrose-blvd. and Sheridan Drive.

FOR SALE—
EDGEWATER HOUSES.
$4,500 AND UPWARD.
EASY TERMS.
EDGEWATER SPECIAL CARS CONNECT WITH NORTH SIDE CABLE "LIMITS" CARS.
RAPID TRANSIT BY NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED.
SOON TO BE RUNNING.
BUILDING LOANS MADE AND NO COMMISSION CHARGED.
DIRECTIONS INVITED.
T. COCHRAN,
722 CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE.

FOR SALE—
529 Cleveland-av., between Garfield and Webster-aves., east front, handsome modern 3-story brown stone and brick flat, detached, with 6-foot light on both sides; 7 and 8 rooms; cash finish; good income and a solid investment; lot 30x125 to alley. This house was not put up to sell. As owner must leave city, will sell below cost.
CHAS. F. SCHULTZ,
Owner, third flat.

FOR SALE—$10 N. STATE-ST., SOUTHWEST corner of Schiller-st., 32 feet front, with three-story and cellar dwelling, $29,000; possession May 1. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 4th floor 172 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—467 LA SALLE-AV.—THREE-story, stone-front, ten rooms, desirable home, low price, easy terms.
WM. HICKINSON, 96 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—MODERN NORTH SIDE RESIdence, with lot 25x125, worth $20,000, for $15,000; one-third cash, balance 6 per cent. X 454, Tribune.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—158 EVANSTON-av., modern 10-room semi-detached residence, by GODFREY SCHMID, 601, 167 Dearborn-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
HOMES.
$2,350 to $5,100.
With 50x125 feet of ground.
Terms: $50 to $100 cash, $25 per month, including interest.

7, 8, or 9 room conveniently arranged frame houses, on stone foundations; water and sewer pipes; complete bathrooms; furnace flues; Georgia pine finish.

Parquet flooring; electric light wires, hardwood mantels, speaking tubes, brond verandas, grille work, antique coppered hardware.

These houses are in Maywood, which has good churches, schools, stores, and society.

They are reached by Chicago and Northwestern Railway and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in 24 minutes, and by Lake-st. Elevated, Metropolitan Elevated, and Madison-st. cable in connection with Cicero and Proviso Electric Road.

PAY NO MORE MONEY TO LANDLORDS.

Call at Pavilion, St. Charles and 19th-avs., Maywood, or at city office.

Free transportation furnished any time.

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FOR SALE—24 ACRES OF HILLY, TIMBERED land for suburban home; $200 per acre; good train service. MONSON & SMITH, 144 La Salle.

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CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
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Makes loans on any large or small or home-hold goods, pianos, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very lowest rates; loans can be paid at any time in part or whole; open Sundays 9 to 12.

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AS TO MONEY—DO YOU WANT ANY? LOAN on your terms on furniture, piano, without removal; strictly confidential; no commission; no interest, and do not want your goods or property, so you see have no fear of losing them. Business done quietly and promptly as desired; plan or to suit your convenience. Business done quietly without publicity; can make loans on store fixtures on sale. ALPHONSE M. SMITH, Lawyer, Room 1, Sanker Bldg., 100 Washington-st., Room 1001.

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94 WASHINGTON-ST., 1ST FLOOR, ROOM 4,
ESTABLISHED 1879. LOANS ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOTHING, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., without removal.

$61 SECURES A COMFORTABLE HOME; $61 CASH, $61 CASH, OR ANY AMOUNT FROM $10 TO $1,000 ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., without removal. Loans on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal.

$10,000 OR ANY PART THEREOF IN MORTgages to loan on Chicago real estate; no delay; client; drawer amply responsible; secured by first-class central improved Chicago property of moderate value. Only principals invited. Address J M 54, Tribune office.

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RELIABLE MINING INFORMATION FURNISHED MEMBERS. MINING MEN'S HEADQUARTERS. PROPERTIES LISTED.

WILL PAY $1,500 CASH TO HOLDER OF FIRST mortgage or trust deed on Chicago property, not used in business transaction for 60 days; absolutely no risk. Address T 898, Tribune office.

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WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS. C. F. WRIGHT, 409 1ST NAT'L BANK BLDG., 164 DEARBORN-ST.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED; highest prices. Loans negotiated. ALFRED HERZFELD, 171 La Salle-st., R. 617, cor. Monroe.

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MONEY LOANED ON SECURED NOTES, mortgages, warrants, and other collaterals. SHIELDS & BRO., 95 Clark-st., Room 220.

ALL SAVE MONEY GETTING MY RATES ON furniture loans. WILLIAMS, 28 Dearborn.

$125 LOAN WANTED—$10 MONTHLY INTEREST; $400 security; references. X 498, Tribune.

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HOW MONEY IS SAVED
In buying
THE KIMBALL PIANO.

Any person living in the West who purchases a piano made in the East must inevitably incur a threefold expense. First, he must pay the manufacturer's profit, the first valuation based on cost of production; second, he must pay freights from the place of manufacture to the distant market; third, he must pay the amount of profit which the merchant or middleman must realize in order to do business. He pays an expense from this triple taxation.

The purchaser of a Kimball piano does not pay a price made excessive by artificial and superfluous additions. He secures a high-grade piano at a fair price for cash.

The manufacturing cost of the Kimball piano is minimized by its production in Chicago, with the economic advantages of central location, and the most efficient, and the most thoroughly modern-equipped establishment for high-grade pianos and organs in the world.

The Kimball piano in form, in tonal qualities, and in all points of finish is the perfect instrument has a world-wide fame as the peer of any instrument now made.

The Kimball piano is sold at original manufacturers' prices and the purchaser secures a strictly first-class instrument without paying bills to palatial dealers or profits to middlemen.

Prices marked in plain figures.

W. W. KIMBALL CO.,
Wabash-av., near Jackson-st., Chicago.

FIRE!!—
NEXT DOOR "NEVER TOUCHED US."
The smoke was dense, we did not try to "quit" it, but we WILL CLOSE the doors on a few pianos this week; just to keep up the excitement!! So here they go.
Elegant ebonized baby grand, fine.....$500
Mathushek ebonized baby grand, good.....400
Decker Bros. cabinet grand, mahogany, nearly new.....375
Decker Bros. cabinet grand, mahogany, nearly new.....350
Ivers & Pond cabinet grand, English oak, nearly new.....325
Estey cabinet grand, mahogany, nearly new.....300
Camp & Co. cabinet grand, burl walnut, nearly new.....250
Estey cabinet grand, ebonized case, good.....200
Estey cabinet grand, ebony case, good.....200
Camp & Co. cabinet grand, rosewood, good.....175
Artois cabinet grand, mahogany case, good.....150
Simpson & Co. cabinet grand, ebonized, good.....125
Good upright cabinet grand, dark case, good.....100
Second-hand uprights from $75 upward.
Second-hand organs from $15 upward.
Easy payments; tuning and repairing done.
ESTEY & CAMP,
49, 51, and 53 Jackson-st.

THE FOLLOWING SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS are in such excellent tone and condition and the prices so much below their value that they will please you. The prices give you no idea of their actual value; you must see and hear them to appreciate them.
Hauer square, carved legs, rosewood, $50.
Duke square, rosewood, $75.
Decker & Sons' upright, rosewood, $100.
Sprague upright, ebony finish, $125.
Hallet & Davis upright, ebony finish, $150.
Reed & Sons' upright, rosewood, $175.
Harrington Standard upright, dark mahogany, $200.
Haines Bros.' upright cabinet grand, mahogany, $225.
Chickering grand, rosewood, $250.
Stack parlor grand, rosewood, $300.
Steinway concert grand, rosewood, $380.
Mason & Hamlin organ, $40; cash desired.
Beautiful modern uprights of world-known makes at a very low price of cash.
KNABE, KIMBALL, CHASE, HAZELTON, BLASIUS.
And other leading makes sold only by us.
J. SPORESWOOD, Room 701, 145 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—$3,000 EQUITY IN ELEGANT new 9-room, east front, Bedford stone, semi-detached dwelling, near I. C. R. R. and Ill. Central; want S. S. vacant. Address N F 25, Tribune office.

$80,000 IN CLEAR ACRES, 10 MILES FROM Court-House, near transportation, for clear, first-class flats, or sell reasonable. Address owner, X 455, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—STORE AND FLAT BUILDing, price $32,000, equity $20,000, for Western Loan & Trust Co., 125 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—$20,000 EQUITY, STORE AND flats, Division-av., near Center-st.; $16,000 equity, Michigan-av., near 24th-st., lot 50x100.
CHATROP BROS., R. 910 Association Bldg.

TO EXCHANGE—$10,000 EQUITY IN MODERN North Side residence for clear acre close in; old-fashioned house. Address X 451, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—A GOOD-PRESSED BRICK front house and lot, $3,000, mortgaged for $800. IRA BROWN, 154 La Salle-st., Room 18.

CLEAR LOTS AND CASH FOR STOCK OF groceries. F. FAY, Elgin.

200 ACRES MINERAL LAND, ONLY $250 CASH, bal. trade or time. G. B. RANKIN, Waukegan, Ill.

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MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
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A LARGE SUM TO LOAN IN AMOUNTS TO suit on Chicago real estate at low rates. Prompt attention. Building loans made.
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Main Floor, 128 Dearborn-st.

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GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT on improved Chicago real estate; building loans.
LOEB & GATZERT,
Owner, third flat.

BORROWERS OF MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL estate security see CHANDLER & CO., mortgage bankers, 110 Dear

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

STATE AND WASHINGTON-STS.

Spring Capes and Jackets.

Weather changes of the past few days demonstrate the necessity for light wraps. Way into July these sudden changes are known to come. Our reduced prices demonstrate the advisability of buying now and here.

$10.00 Capes—corded silk, full circle, lined with Dresden silk, silk ruffle around edge and neck ruching, covered with black lace ruffle, beaded by band of jet..... 5.00

Silk, velvet, and tailor made Cloth Capes in the latest modes—many new and exclusive styles—short and medium lengths, lined throughout with black and fancy silks—great values at..... 7.50

An assortment of high-class, stylish Capes—long, medium, and short—silk, cloth, and velvet—handsomely embroidered, lace and ribbon trimmed, lined with fancy or black silks 12.50

Jackets—New Box Coats—latest backs and sleeves—tan coverts, black and navy cheviots—reversible fronts, to be worn open or closed..... 6.00

Nobby short stylish English box and fly front Coats—imported kersey cloth in tans, navy, and black—lined with handsome French silk..... 10.00

Suits.

Two extraordinary specials:

Blazer Suit of fancy all-wool mixture—skirt full 5 yards wide—lined with rustling taffeta and velveteen bound—the blazer is beautifully cut and *is lined throughout with fancy silk, except* sleeves—a true $15.00 value for 10.00

Elegant Blazer Suits of best quality black and blue cheviot Serge—blazer and skirt perfectly cut and faultlessly made, *and both lined throughout with taffeta silk*—a $30 suit for.. 22.50

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

The prices have a washed-out appearance, but the waists themselves always keep their colors.

Our dollar Waists are the cream of the product. Their like others look for, but don't find. Persian patterns, checks and stripes, matched yoke backs, bishop sleeves, detached collars, 1.00

Choice patterns and colors in Novelty Lawn Waists—matched yokes, bishop sleeves, detached collars—dark, medium, and light effects,..... 1.50

Fast color Percales, detached or attached collar, in new shapes, bishop sleeves—waists that look well and wear well..... 69c

Our $5.00 Serge Skirts

are making a deal of stir in the costume trade—strictly all wool—blue and black—above 5 yards wide—made by our own careful costume makers—the new shape—and only..... 5.00

Bicycle Suits.

Our special and exclusive bicycle suit manufactures, by securing a great bargain in some very desirable cloth, has produced for us a world beater. It is a complete cycling suit—5 pieces—silk lined, stitched Fedora hat, leggins, knickerbockers, skirt, and choice of Norfolk or

Blazer Jacket—of strictly all-wool fancy mixtures, in 5 different shades and patterns 10.00

Silk Waists.

A lovely assortment of warp printed Taffeta Silk Waists in the latest correct colorings, sleeves and necks—separate garments we're proud to put our name on and the wearer can don in full assurance of stylish effect as well as serviceability..... 7.50

Dress Goods Values

Were never more strong, more perfect. The reductions we have made are the pleasantest surprise to buyers of dress materials.

Imported Dress Robes, printed warp grenadine, in brown and black, green and black, blue and black, also brocaded effects, illuminated canvas Suits, wiry grenadine in blue and gold, myrtle and cerise, silk and wool matalasse, green and black, brown and cadet, tan and cadet, marine and moda, rose and black, navy and green, and olive and terra cotta—evening shades in Dress Patterns in beautiful toned brocades—values up to $35.00. For our special sale..... 15.00 to 20.00

Special values in Mohairs—50-inch Mohair Sicilians, in blue and white, gray and white, and brown and white—50-inch Mohair Glaces, in blue and white, gray and white, and brown and white—50-inch Mohair Melange, in gray and brown, gray and blue—50-inch Mohair Diagonals, in brown, navy, and marine blue—values up to $2.75. Our special price..... 1.25 to 2.00

Special—40 pieces 46-inch silk warp Tricotine in blue and brown—value $2.00—our Special price..... 1.35

54-inch navy blue Mohair Sicilian—regular $1.25 quality—today... 75c

54-inch Scotch Suitings in stripes and checks, $1.25 quality—today 75c

50-inch French Covert Cloth, brown and gray, $1.25 qual., today 75c

50-inch Silk and Wool Novelty Suitings, $1.25 quality—today... 75c

Slaughter Sale of Silks.

Today we take 100 pieces of warp printed Taffeta Silks that we have been selling for $1.50 a yard and that we considered cheap at that price—Best quality, high class, a beautiful assortment—all marked down to, per yard... 1.00

All-silk printed Fancy Crepes, Swiss Fancy Taffetas, and Checked Gros-Grains—3 grand bargains that would be good value at 90c—reduced to..... 48c

Printed India and China Silks, in all the new, Oriental, and Persian effects—an unlimited assortment in black and colored grounds—makes a delightful, cool summer dress—3 splendid qualities at 75c, 65c, and..... 59c

Black Brocaded Gros Grains, all silk—a full 90c value..... 59c

Black Brocaded Taffetas, large scroll figures—all silk dollar value..... 69c

Black *All Silk* Satin Duchess, rare values, the best goods made and offered during this sale at very low prices—$1.25, $1, 75c..... 50c

THE FAIR

No Need of Paying High Prices for

Carpets, Rugs, Curtains and Draperies

WHEN OUR LOW PRICES ARE AT YOUR COMMAND.

No Larger Stock—or Better Assortment in the Land—Investigate—Compare—You'll Buy Here and Make a Handsome Saving.

Ingrains—Extra super quality, strictly all-wool filling, immense assortment of new spring styles equally as heavy as any 65c grade, yard..... 35c

Ingrains—All-wool, best quality of 2-ply standard makes, all new and desirable goods, worth 65c yard..... 45c

Tapestry Brussels—Extra quality, new patterns, including Smith & Sanford's goods—worth 75c yard..... 55c

Roxbury Tapestry Brussels—The best quality made, 30 new spring designs, all new colors, with and without borders, real 85c grade carpeting..... 65c

Smith's Moquettes—Best quality made of Moquette Carpeting, all new desirable styles, durable colors, full stock of 40 patterns, they should be $1 yd..... 85c

Wilton Velvet—Genuine Wilton Velvet Carpets, extra grade, high pile in the 3-4 and 6-4 widths, exquisite styles, worth $1.35 yard..... $1.00

Bigelow Axminsters—Genuine Axminster Carpets, best quality made, choice of entire line of entirely new spring styles, this season's designs and good colors, with or without borders—they are sold for $1.60 yd... $1.25

Rugs. Just received 50 bales—5,000 yards—more of those fine high-grade, hand-made **Japanese Dantsu Rugs** in the choicest Oriental designs and colors, all sizes from 18x36 in. Mat to 12x15 ft. Rugs, including long strips for hall rugs. The goods alone cost 57½c per square yard to import. We will sell them at less than 50c per square yard. We quote a few sizes:

30x60 in., regular value $1.50, each..... 75c
36x62 in., regular value $1.50, each..... 98c
4 ft. by 7 ft., regular value $2.25, each..... $1.50

Carpet sizes up to 12x15 ft. at the same proportionately low prices.

Special Sale of 100 Royal Axminster Rugs in Carpet sizes, best quality made, in the choicest Oriental figurings and colors, at greatly reduced prices.

6-9x9-9, regular price $20..... $15.00
8-3x10-6, regular price $25..... $20.00
9x12, regular price $30..... $24.50
11-8x14-3, regular price $45..... $39.50

SPECIAL—300 Rolls China and Japanese Straw Mattings at 15 per cent less than asked for elsewhere. All of our own importation, just secured for this sale at prices cheaper by far than can be landed today—good weight, fine weave, fancy checks, worth 12c yard..... 8c

Roll of 40 yards, $3.00

China Mattings—High grade seamless—immense assortment of choice patterns, worth 20c yard..... 15c

Roll of 40 yards, $5.00

Japanese Mattings—Cotton warp, double dyed and inlaid patterns, reversible, all durable colors, worth 30c yard, per yard..... 20c

Roll of 40 yards, $7.00

Curtains.

Combination Sale of 1 pair handsome lace curtains, choice of 10 different patterns with one 5-foot pole with rings, brackets and ends, one pair loops, all complete, ready to hang worth $4.50—Special Comb. Sale price.. $2.30

Nottingham Lace Curtains, full length and width, single and double border, painted effects, also Brussels effect—real value $3.75, pair..... $2.49

Irish Point and Swiss Tambour Curtains, 3½-4½ yds. long, heavy embroidered, neat designs, worth up to $9.00—pair..... $5.00

Real Brussels Lace Curtains, from Saxony and St. Gaul, full length and width, extra fine net, worth up to $10.00—pair..... $7.50

MANDEL BROTHERS.

Outer garments . . extra . .

The real, chic, modish, exclusive ideas in man-tailored frocks are here in *double* the variety you'll see them elsewhere. Many of Wednesday's price wonders were created by fortunate cash purchases of foreign maker's sample garments and American manufacturers' entire line of imported models at about half customary import cost.

Stylish $12.00 box coats of fashionable fancy mixtures—half lined with changeable silk—the nobby 24-inch length not seen elsewhere—full draped sleeves and ripple coat back—no kith or kin to the ordinary cloak factory frock—special at 7.50

Handsome $20.00 jackets of proper kerseys, mixtures, and diagonals—all lined throughout with silk—after the very latest London models—new full sleeves—six different new London backs—black, navy, tan—only here—only now for 10.00

New English covert cloth jackets—all lined with silk—has fly front—comes with either the bishop or full draped sleeve—new back—the tailor expected to get $25.00 for them—special, 13.75

Fashionable velvet Derby collars—lined with figured taffeta silk—trimmed with plaited silk ruching—long satin streamers in front—the newest idea in spring capes—value for $18.00— 10.00

Exquisite spring silk capes—all lined with figured taffeta silk—cut 30 inches in length—lace and ribbon ruching—with fancy buckle at neck—long ribbon streamers—a $20.00 cape—for 13.00

$18.00 iron storm serge blazer suits—jacket lined throughout and reverse and fronts faced with black faille silk—skirt cut extra full and lined with percaline—special, 10.00

Splendid showing of tailor made blazer suits of new Scotch mixtures, English covert cloths, serges, etc.—as you see them at no other shop.

Bicycle suits . . Every proper mode, make, and material—all the new divided skirts—the new apron fronts—the new bloomers—half a dozen new patented suits—up from $10.00.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

Chamois gloves. . special. .

Brilliant beginning of the chamois season. Introductory inducements that make it a *decided* object to secure a season's supply here—*now*. Just as you'd expect of a glove so proper and popular in Paris, the very best assortment, best styles, best grades, and best values are here.

6-button chamois biarritz—white—for this sale, 65c
2-clasp chamois—white—the latest "fad"—for 75c
4-button chamois—white—4 large pearl buttons— 75c
6-button chamois mousquetaire—white—special, 75c

Warranted to wash . . Return any glove that will not wash (according to instructions) or that proves imperfect in any way—and get a new pair. Chamois soap—with directions for using—at 10c—will save half the usual season's glove bill. A sample free with each pair of chamois gloves.

The Crowds Are Unabated.

Why Shouldn't They Be?

The Last Chance

to secure the world's best wearing line

Men's Shoes

..AT..

1/4, 1/8, and 1/8

Smith & Stoughton's

FORMER PRICES.

Bankrupt Sale Ends Soon.

Crush in for 3 to 6 pairs if you know which side your bread is buttered on. You surely cannot afford to miss the beautiful chance to secure Men's Shoes of a grade that all America has tried to copy but cannot produce their equal and never can, because part of the swell appearance of a Smith & Stoughton shoe comes from art that can't be bought or coined, and when S. & S. pass out of existence, which they will when this stock of shoes are all sold, fine men's shoemaking will be a lost art.

BE RAPID

For Shoes to Run You 2 or 3 Years.

169 State-st., Palmer House.

Address mail orders to John H. Hedge. Inclose cash

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